



## 歐化國際有限公司 Ulferts International Limited

於香港註冊成立之有限公司(股份代號:1711) Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability (Stock Code: 1711)

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## **CORPORATE INFORMATION AND KEY DATES**

## 公司資料及重要日期

#### **Directors**

Wong Chi Fai (Chairman)
Chan Chuen Yin
Mok Fung Lin, Ivy
Fan Man Seung, Vanessa
Chan Yee Man\*\*
Chiu Kin Fai\*\*
Ng Hoi Yue\*\*

## **Company Secretary**

Mok Fung Lin, Ivy

#### **Audit Committee**

Chan Yee Man *(Chairperson)* Chiu Kin Fai Ng Hoi Yue

#### **Remuneration Committee**

Ng Hoi Yue *(Chairman)* Wong Chi Fai Chan Yee Man

## **Nomination Committee**

Chiu Kin Fai *(Chairman)*Chan Chuen Yin
Chan Yee Man

#### **Corporate Governance Committee**

Fan Man Seung, Vanessa *(Chairperson)*Chiu Kin Fai
Ng Hoi Yue
A representative from company secretarial function
A representative from finance and accounts function

#### **Executive Committee**

Wong Chi Fai (Chairman) Chan Chuen Yin Mok Fung Lin, Ivy Fan Man Seung, Vanessa

#### **Investor Relations Contact**

Luk Man Ching, Anna Email: ir1711@EmperorGroup.com

## 董事

\*\* 獨立非執行董事

## 公司秘書

莫鳳蓮

## 審核委員會

陳綺雯(主席) 招健暉 伍海于

## 薪酬委員會

伍海于(*主席)* 黃志輝 陳綺雯

## 提名委員會

招健暉(主席) 陳傳賢 陳綺雯

## 企業管治委員會

范敏嫦(主席) 招健暉 伍海于

一名公司秘書職能代表 一名財務及會計職能代表

## 執行委員會

黃志輝(主席) 陳傳賢 莫鳳蓮 范敏嫦

## 投資者關係聯繫資訊

陸文靜

電郵:ir1711@EmperorGroup.com

<sup>\*\*</sup> Independent Non-executive Directors

## **CORPORATE INFORMATION AND KEY DATES**

## 公司資料及重要日期

#### Website

https://www.UlfertsIntl.com

#### Stock Code

Hong Kong Stock Exchange: 1711

#### **Auditor**

Ernst & Young
Certified Public Accountants
Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

## **Principal Bankers**

The Bank of East Asia, Limited Chong Hing Bank Limited The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

## **Registered Office and Principal Place of Business**

Units 1905-07, 19th Floor Emperor Group Centre 288 Hennessy Road Wanchai, Hong Kong

## **Share Registrar**

Tricor Secretaries Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

### **Key Dates**

Annual Results Announcement 2023 Annual General Meeting

Last Time to Lodge Transfers

29 June 2023 22 August 2023 11:30 a.m. 16 August 2023

(before 4:30 p.m.)

## 網站

https://www.UlfertsIntl.com

#### 股份代號

香港聯合交易所:1711

## 核數師

安永會計師事務所 執業會計師 註冊公眾利益實體核數師

## 主要往來銀行

東亞銀行有限公司 創興銀行有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

## 註冊辦事處及主要營業地點

香港灣仔 軒尼詩道 288 號 英皇集團中心 19樓 1905-07 室

## 股份過戶登記處

卓佳秘書商務有限公司 香港夏慤道 16 號 遠東金融中心 17 樓

## 重要日期

全年業績公告 2023股東週年大會

- 遞交過戶文件 最後限期 2023年6月29日 2023年8月22日 上午11時30分 2023年8月16日 (下午4時30分前)

## 管理層討論及分析

### **RESULTS**

Due to a tough business operating environment, the total revenue of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "Group") inevitably decreased to HK\$216.1 million (2022: HK\$225.5 million) during the year ended 31 March 2023 ("Year"). Gross profit was HK\$133.2 million (2022: HK\$142.6 million).

Revenue from the retail segment amounted to HK\$195.0 million (2022: HK\$212.2 million), accounting for 90.2% (2022: 94.1%) of the Group's total revenue. Aggregate retail sales revenue of "*Ulferts*" and "*Ulferts Signature*" amounted to HK\$110.0 million (2022: HK\$136.4 million), and remained the key revenue contributor, accounting for 56.4% (2022: 64.3%) of total retail revenue. Aggregate retail sales revenue of "*Slumberland*" and "*Ulfenbo*" increased to HK\$48.2 million (2022: HK\$31.6 million), accounting for 24.7% (2022: 14.9%) of total retail revenue. The retail sales revenue of "*at • home*" was HK\$36.8 million (2022: HK\$44.2 million), accounting for 18.9% (2022: 20.8%) of total retail revenue.

With a decline in the Group's total revenue and the recognition of a significant amount of impairment allowance relating to the right-of-use assets and property, plant and equipment after the impairment assessment, the Group recorded a net loss of HK\$21.0 million (2022: net profit of HK\$4.1 million) during the Year. Basic loss per share was HK2.63 cents (2022: basic earnings of HK0.52 cent per

#### 業績

由於營商環境艱難,本公司及其附屬公司 (統稱「本集團」)於截至2023年3月31日止 年度(「本年度」)的總收入不可避免地減少至 216,100,000港元(2022年:225,500,000 港元)。毛利為133,200,000港元(2022年:142,600,000港元)。

零售分部收入為 195,000,000 港元 (2022年:212,200,000港元), 佔本集團總收入90.2% (2022年:94.1%)。「歐化傢俬」及「歐化傢俬尊尚店」之零售收入合共為 110,000,000港元 (2022年:136,400,000港元), 仍為主要收入來源,佔總零售收入56.4%(2022年:64.3%)。「斯林百蘭」及「歐化寶」之零售收入合共增加至48,200,000港元 (2022年:31,600,000港元),佔總零售收入24.7% (2022年:14.9%)。「at • home」之零售收入為36,800,000港元 (2022年:44,200,000港元),佔總零售收入18.9%(2022年:20.8%)。

由於本集團總收入下跌及經減值評估後確認有關使用權資產及物業、廠房及設備出現重大減值撥備,本集團於本年度錄得淨虧損21,000,000港元(2022年:淨溢利4,100,000港元)。每股基本虧損為2.63港仙(2022年:每股基本盈利0.52港仙)。



## 管理層討論及分析

#### MARKET REVIEW

With a number of macroeconomic issues such as on-going interest rate hikes, tightened monetary policies and geopolitical tensions, the local property market generally remained weak in 2022, and the value index of retail sales of furniture declined during 2022, according to the Hong Kong monthly retail sales figures published by the Census and Statistics Department of Hong Kong. Although the border was fully reopened in the last quarter of the Year and prompted property developers to accelerate the launch of new properties, it would take time for the catalyst to drive the furniture market; the furniture market remained gloomy over the Year.

## **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The Group is a leading retailer of high quality home furniture mainly imported from Europe. The Company has been listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited since January 2018.

The Group has been established for over 45 years, and takes pride in providing superior quality stylish furniture in Hong Kong. As at 31 March 2023, the Group operated 26 points-of-sale ("POS") in Hong Kong under the trade names of "*Ulferts Signature*", "*Ulferts*" and "*at • home*", which specialise in furniture products, as well as "*Ulfenbo*" and "*Slumberland*", which specialise in mattresses and bedding products.

"Ulferts" and "Ulferts Signature" are dedicated to elevating customers' home living standard with style and quality, and offer a wide variety of contemporary style furniture products targeting middle to high-end groups. "at • home" offers quality compact furniture and home accessories to suit small living spaces of modern families.

Targeting the mass market, "*Ulfenbo*" offers mattresses, pillows, sofabeds, sofas and other ancillary items, which are distributed through "*Ulfenbo*" specialty stores, department store counters, pop-up stores and roadshows, as well as wholesaling to over 200 dealers. Additionally, there are several online shopping platforms which maximise market coverage.

The Group is the sole agent of "Slumberland" and "Vono" in Hong Kong and Macau. "Slumberland" is a well-known British mattress brand offering premium mattresses for households and hotels, targeting high-end market while "Vono", another British mattress brand, targets the mass market. In addition to mattresses, both brands also offer pillows and bedding products which are distributed through wholesaling to over 100 dealers.

## 市場回顧

受持續加息、貨幣政策收緊及地緣政治緊張等一系列宏觀經濟問題影響,2022年本地物業市場整體仍然疲軟,根據香港政府統計處公佈的香港月度零售數據,2022年傢俬零售價值指數下挫。儘管於本年度最後一個季度全面重新通關並促使物業開發商加速推出新物業,但仍需時間對推動傢俬市場起催化劑作用;本年度傢俬市場持續低迷。

## 業務回顧

本集團乃一家主要由歐洲進口優質傢俬的領先零售商。本公司自2018年1月起在香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市。

本集團成立超過45年,一直以於香港提供上等優質時尚的傢俬為榮。於2023年3月31日,本集團以專注於傢俬產品的商標名稱「歐化傢俬尊尚店」、「歐化傢俬」及「at • home」,以及專注於床褥及床上用品的「歐化寶」及「斯林百蘭」於香港經營26個銷售點。

「歐化傢俬」及「歐化傢俬尊尚店」致力以款式及質量提升顧客的家居生活水平,並提供多款具現代風格的傢俬產品,目標客戶為中至高端客戶群。「at • home」提供優質輕巧傢俬及家品,以迎合現代家庭細小之居住空間。

「歐化寶」針對大眾市場,提供床褥、枕頭、梳化床、梳化以及其他配套產品,其產品於「歐化寶」專營店、百貨公司專櫃、限定店及展銷會分銷,以及批發予逾200家經銷商。此外,已設有數個網上購物平台以擴大市場覆蓋。

本集團為「*斯林百蘭*」及「*Vono*」的港澳獨家代理。「*斯林百蘭*」為英國知名床褥品牌,為家庭及酒店提供優質床褥,針對高端市場,而另一英國床褥品牌「*Vono*」則針對大眾市場。除床褥外,該兩個品牌均亦提供枕頭及床上用品,通過批發方式分銷予逾100家經銷商。

## 管理層討論及分析

#### **Retail Business**

## Effective Market Segmentation

With a clear understanding of market segmentation, the Group defines and identifies target consumer profiles in order to develop product and marketing strategies to reach out to their specific preferences.

"Ulferts", the Group's core retail label, is dedicated to providing high quality, stylish and luxury furniture. It offers a wide variety of contemporary style furniture products, enabling its customers to create their ideal homes. The Group operates "Ulferts" showrooms across Hong Kong, targeting middle to high-mid income groups. "Ulferts Signature" offers high-end branded furniture products and also luxury European tailor-made furniture. It targets up-market customers seeking a superior lifestyle. Another retail line, "at • home", offers quality, stylish and compact furniture. It targets the mid-range segment and is geared towards the needs of young couples and new families.

With over 100 years' history, the British brand "Slumberland" targets up-market customers and is committed to providing premium mattresses that enable customers to enjoy better and healthier sleep, while "Vono", another British mattress brand owned by the same supplier targets the mass market. The products of "Slumberland" and "Vono" are distributed through the stores of "Ulferts", "at . home" and "Ulfenbo" as well as department store counters of "Slumberland". "Ulfenbo" products focus on mass market consumers who demand quality but affordable mattresses, pillows and other ancillary items to enhance their sleep experience. "Ulfenbo" products are distributed through "Ulfenbo" stores, which are typically small-scale, and are designed with a casual and relaxing environment, to highlight smart living style. "Ulfenbo" products are also distributed at department store counters, pop-up stores and roadshows for enhancing the market reach.

## 零售業務

#### • 高效的市場細化

本集團基於其對市場細分之深切了解,界 定及辨識目標顧客的特徵,從而制定產品 及市場推廣策略,以滿足顧客的特定偏 好。

「歐化傢俬」是本集團的核心零售品牌,其致力提供優質、時尚及名貴的傢俬。其提供種類廣泛、具現代風格的傢俬產品,為顧客打造理想的家居。本集團之「歐化傢份」陳列室遍佈香港,目標客戶為中端平中高端收入客戶群。「歐化傢俬尊尚店」以供高端品牌傢俬產品及歐洲名貴訂式的東提供高端品牌傢份產品及歐洲名貴訂式的專門提供優質、時尚及精巧設計的傢俬。其以中端顧客為目標對象,特別傾向迎合年輕夫婦及新組成家庭的需要。

英國品牌「斯林百蘭」擁有超過100年歷 史,以高端客戶為目標,致力提供優質 床褥, 讓客戶享受更佳、更健康的睡眠, 而由同一供應商擁有之另一英國床褥品 牌「Vono」以大眾市場為目標。「斯林百 **蘭**」及「Vono」產品通過「歐化傢俬」、 「at • home」及「歐化寶」的門店以及「斯 林百蘭」的百貨公司專櫃進行分銷。「*歐化* 寶」的產品主打大眾市場顧客,以合理價 錢滿足大眾對優質床褥、枕頭及其他配套 產品之需求,提升顧客的睡眠體驗。「歐 **化寶**」產品透過「**歐化寶**」店分銷,該等店 舖一般規模較小,其設計以營造休閒和輕 鬆的環境為主,突顯簡約生活模式。「歐 **化寶**」產品亦於百貨公司專櫃、限定店及 展銷會分銷,以擴大市場覆蓋。

## 管理層討論及分析

#### • Diverse Product Portfolio

The Group offers a wide variety of furniture products – ranging from leather and fabric sofas, cabinets, dining tables and chairs, through wardrobes, coffee tables and sideboards, to beds, which are imported from European and Asian countries. The Group currently carries more than 50 furniture brands in "Ulferts Signature" and "Ulferts" showrooms, as well as "at • home" stores, including international brands such as himolla, Gamma, MIDJ, Bonaldo, egoitaliano and MALERBA, most of which the Group has built long-standing relationship. "at • home" particularly offers various compact furniture products with special features and functions to suit the local small living spaces, as well as chic Scandinavian home accessories.

The Group also specialises in mattress and bedding products, covering high-end and mass markets. "*Slumberland*" mainly offers mattresses with its unique posture springing system which enhances the comfort and support of the body. Besides, the Group offers mattresses, pillows, sofas, sofabeds, beds, as well as other ancillary items under its self-owned label "*Ulfenbo*". By providing different models of mattresses and pillows in various sizes with varying supports and features, the Group endeavours to meet diverse customer needs.

#### • Comprehensive Retail Sales Channel

As at 31 March 2023, the Group had 26 POS in Hong Kong, with the number of outlets in each retail line as follows:

#### 多元化的產品組合

本集團提供各種不同款式的傢俬產品,從真皮及布藝梳化、儲物櫃、餐桌、餐椅,以至衣櫃、茶几、角几及睡床,均為歐洲及亞洲國家之進口產品。本集團於「歐化傢俬尊尚店」及「歐化傢俬」陳列室以及「at · home」店銷售超過50個傢俬品牌,包括himolla、Gamma、MIDJ、Bonaldo、egoitaliano及MALERBA等國際品牌,當中大多數已與本集團建立了長遠合作關係。「at · home」主打各類特色及具特別功能之輕巧傢俬,以切合本地的細小居住空間,另外亦有售賣北歐風格家品。

本集團亦專注於床褥及床上用品,覆蓋高端及大眾市場。「斯林百蘭」主要提供床褥,其獨特的睡姿彈簧系統能夠增強身體的舒適度及承托。此外,本集團以自有品牌「歐化寶」提供床褥、枕頭、梳化床、床,以及其他配套產品。透過提供不同尺寸、承托度及特色之不同型號的床褥及枕頭,本集團致力滿足不同顧客之需要。

#### 全方位零售銷售渠道

於2023年3月31日,本集團於香港設有 26個銷售點,各零售線之商店數目如下:

	Number of POS 銷售點數目
Furniture Products 傢俬產品	
"Ulferts Signature" 「歐化傢俬尊尚店」	1
"Ulferts" 「歐化傢俬」	3
"at • home" 「at • home」	5
Mattresses and Bedding Products 床褥及床上用品	
" <i>Slumberland</i> " store and department store counters 「 <i>斯林百蘭</i> 」店及百貨公司專櫃	6
" <i>Ulfenbo</i> " stores, department store counters and pop-up store「 <i>歐化寶</i> 」店、百貨公司專櫃及限定店	11
Total 合計	26

## 管理層討論及分析

"Ulferts" showrooms are strategically located in either upscale residential areas or major shopping areas, targeting middle to high-mid income groups. With its solid presence in these mature locations, the Group enjoys substantial foot traffic and a high brand reputation. The Group's flagship store, "Ulferts Signature", is a 3-storey store with gross floor area of approximately 21,700 square feet, in Hung Hom. It features more luxurious lines of furniture and masterpieces with opulent designs and sophisticated finishing and excellent craftsmanship. Premium brands including Cornelio Cappellini, Malerba and Crystal Stone are available at "Ulferts Signature". "at • home" stores are generally located in shopping malls which carries a furniture theme, and there has been growing awareness of the brand among residents and shoppers. Meanwhile, "Ulfenbo" stores, department store counters, pop-up stores and roadshows are situated in residential areas, to capitalise on the market potential.

「歐化像俬」陳列室均策略性地設於高尚 住宅區或大型購物中心,以中端至中高 端收入客戶群為目標。該等位置均配套 成熟, 駐足其中使本集團能吸引大量人流 及享有高品牌知名度。本集團於紅磡的旗 艦店「**歐化傢俬尊尚店**」樓高3層,總樓 面面積約為21,700平方呎。其陳列更為 名貴以及富華麗設計、精工細作和工藝精 湛的傢俬產品。高端品牌包括Cornelio Cappellini、Malerba及Crystal Stone在 「歐化傢俬尊尚店」出售。「at • home」 店一般設於帶有傢俬主題的購物商場,其 品牌知名度於居民及顧客間日益提高。同 時,「**歐化寶**」店、百貨公司專櫃、限定 店及展銷會均位於住宅區,以把握市場潛 力。



管理層討論及分析

During the Year, a "Slumberland" store-within-a-store was opened inside the "Ulferts" showroom at Telford Plaza, and a "Slumberland" counter was opened in a department store in Sham Shui Po.

於本年度,本集團於德福廣場的「歐化像 俬」陳列室內開設一家「斯林百蘭」店中 店及於深水埗的一家百貨公司內開設一個 「斯林百蘭」專櫃。



## 管理層討論及分析

#### • Excellent Customers Shopping Experience

"Ulferts Signature" and "Ulferts" showrooms are spacious. with a stylish and elegant environment, enabling the Group to display a wide spectrum of products for customers to touch and feel and to maximise customers' shopping experience. The ambience, setting and placement of furniture within the distinctive display zones have all been tailor-designed by a dedicated visual merchandising team to impart harmonious, home-like comfort. The salespersons are well-trained and offer customers advice catering for their personal needs. In recognition of its service excellence, "Ulferts" received the "Quality Service Leader Seasonal Award - Furniture & Home Accessories Category" for the periods April to June 2022 and January to March 2023, and 2022 Quality Service Retailer of the Year - Furniture & Home Accessories Category Award, while "at • home" received the "Quality Service Leader Seasonal Award - Furniture & Home Accessories Category" for the period July to September 2022, in the Quality Service Programme organised by the Hong Kong Retail Management Association.

### • Diversified Marketing Strategies

The Group believes that brand recognition is crucial for driving long-term growth and success. To enhance brand awareness, the Group conducted a range of marketing and promotional campaigns spanning social media engagements, print advertisements, TV coverage, outdoor billboards and advertising on regular basis as well as pop-up exhibitions at suitable venues. It also launched promotional campaigns such as seasonal sale, annual sale and stock clearance sale, as well as joint promotions with banks and other companies.

#### • 優質顧客購物體驗

「*歐化傢俬尊尚店*」及「*歐化傢俬*」陳列室 面積寬敞、環境時尚及優雅, 能讓本集團 陳列出其種類繁多之產品,並能讓顧客觸 摸及感受,以提升顧客購物體驗。各特定 陳列區內之氛圍、佈置及傢俬的擺放,全 部均由專業的商品展示團隊度身設計,以 營造和諧及有如置身家居般之舒適感覺。 銷售人員訓練有素,可因應顧客之個人需 要提供意見。作為對其優質服務的認可, 於香港零售管理協會舉辦的優質服務計 劃中,「歐化傢俬」榮獲2022年4月至6 月及2023年1月至3月之「優質服務領 袖季度獎(傢俱及居室用品組別)」,以及 「2022年度優質服務零售商(傢俱及居室 用品組別)獎」;「at • home」則榮獲2022 年7月至9月之「優質服務領袖季度獎(傢 俱及居室用品組別)」。

### • 多元化市場推廣策略

本集團相信,品牌知名度對推動長遠增長 及成功相當重要。為提高品牌知名度,本 集團定期進行一系列推廣及宣傳活動,包 括社交媒體互動、印刷廣告、電視覆蓋、 戶外廣告牌及廣告,以及在合適的場地安 排限定展覽。其亦舉行了各種宣傳活動, 如季節優惠、週年優惠及清貨減價活動, 並與銀行及其他公司合作進行推廣活動。

## 管理層討論及分析

#### Wholesale Business

The Group operates a wholesale business spanning mattresses, sofabeds and sofas under its self-owned label "*Ulfenbo*", through over 200 dealers in Hong Kong. Based on its long establishment and quality products, the "*Ulfenbo*" brand has been recognised by the "Hong Kong Top Brand Mark" for nine consecutive years since 2014, under the Hong Kong Top Brand Scheme organised by the Chinese Manufacturers Association of Hong Kong and Hong Kong Brand Development Council. In addition, the Group distributes "*Slumberland*" and "*Vono*" mattresses through over 100 dealers in Hong Kong and Macau.

#### **Special Projects**

Complementing its retail and wholesale business, the Group has a special projects division, which undertakes furniture-related projects primarily for corporate customers such as cinemas, hotels, showflats, offices, staff quarters and tertiary institutions. The division provides services ranging from planning and designing, through procuring custom-made furniture to final installation for corporate customers, as well as liaison services with furniture manufacturers.

#### **PROSPECTS**

Due to the interest rate hike, the property market remains weak with disappointing number of property transactions. The relaxation of travel restrictions has diverted people's attention from domestic spending to overseas travel. The demand for furniture has declined and competition among players in the industry has intensified. The Group expects the situation to persist for some time before demand to gradually pick up again. Riding on its comprehensive product portfolio with well-defined market segmentation, the Group will strive to strengthen its market position by enriching the product offering and launching more vigorous promotions. The addition of "Slumberland" and "Vono" to its portfolio has helped to enhance its market presence in both the up-market segment and the mass market. The Group will adhere to its prudent financial and capital management policy, and continue exercising stringent control over operating costs, in order to enhance operating efficiency and improve profitability.

#### 批發業務

本集團經營批發業務,其透過香港逾200家經銷商批發其自家品牌「歐化寶」之床褥、梳化床及梳化。憑藉其悠久歷史及優質產品,「歐化寶」自2014年起連續九年獲得由香港中華廠商聯合會及香港品牌發展局舉辦之香港名牌標識計劃授予「香港名牌標識」。此外,本集團透過香港及澳門逾100家經銷商分銷「斯林百蘭」及「Vono」床褥。

#### 工程項目

## 前景

受加息影響,樓市持續疲軟,物業成交量維持低迷。旅遊限制放寬使大眾的注意力由本地消費轉向海外旅行。傢俬需求下降,行業參這額的競爭加劇。本集團預計需求逐步回升前程看的競爭加劇。本集團預計需求逐步回升前過豐富產的確的市場細分,本集團將致力通過豐富產。將軍人上,其於高端市場及大眾市場的市場佔有率。,其於高端市場及大眾市場的市場佔有率。,其於高端市場及大眾市場的市場佔有率。,繼續嚴格控制經營成本,以提升經營效率及盈利能力。

## 管理層討論及分析

#### FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### Capital Structure, Liquidity and Financial Resources

There was no change in the capital structure during the Year. Cash and cash equivalents of the Group was HK\$62.1 million (2022: HK\$76.8 million), which were mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars. As at 31 March 2023, bank borrowings of the Group was nil (2022: nil), hence its gearing ratio was zero (2022: zero). The Group has available banking facilities of approximately HK\$89.5 million as at 31 March 2023. The cash position and the available banking facilities enable the Group to retain high flexibility and endurance to cater for future development and market uncertainty.

As at 31 March 2023, the Group's current assets and current liabilities were approximately HK\$128.2 million (2022: HK\$153.7 million) and HK\$69.9 million (2022: HK\$94.0 million), respectively. Current ratio and quick ratio of the Group were 1.8 (2022: 1.6) and 1.2 (2022: 1.0), respectively.

In view of the Group's financial position as at 31 March 2023, the Board considered that the Group had sufficient working capital for its operations and future development plans against market challenges.

#### **EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY**

As at 31 March 2023, the Group's number of employees was 133 (2022: 144). Total staff costs including remuneration of the directors of the Company ("Board" or "Directors") and the other staff costs for the Year were HK\$45.9 million (2022: HK\$44.9 million). Employees' remuneration was determined in accordance with individual's responsibility, competence and skills, experience and performance as well as market pay level. Staff benefits include medical and life insurance, retirement benefits and other competitive fringe benefits.

To provide incentive or rewards to staff, the Company adopted a share option scheme, particulars of which are set out in the section headed "Share Options" of the Directors' report.

## FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend any payment of final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2023 (2022: HK0.50 cent per share).

## 財務資料

#### 資本架構、流動資金及財務資源

資本架構於本年度並無變動。本集團之現金 及現金等價物為62,100,000港元(2022年: 76,800,000港元),主要以港元計值。於2023 年3月31日,本集團並無任何銀行借款(2022 年:無),因此其負債比率為零(2022年: 零)。於2023年3月31日,本集團擁有可動用 銀行融資額度約89,500,000港元。本集團之現 金狀況及可動用的銀行融資額度,促使本集團 能為未來發展及市場不確定性保持高度靈活性 和持久性。

於2023年3月31日,本集團之流動資產及流動負債分別約為128,200,000港元(2022年:153,700,000港元)及69,900,000港元(2022年:94,000,000港元)。本集團流動比率及速動比率分別為1.8(2022年:1.6)及1.2(2022年:1.0)。

經考慮本集團於2023年3月31日之財務狀況,董事會認為本集團就營運及未來發展計劃擁有充足營運資金,以應對市場挑戰。

## 僱員及薪酬政策

於2023年3月31日,本集團之僱員數目為133(2022年:144)人。本年度之總員工成本(包括本公司董事(「董事會」或「董事」)酬金及其他員工成本)為45,900,000港元(2022年:44,900,000港元)。僱員之薪酬乃根據個人職責、能力及技術、經驗及表現以及市場薪酬水平釐定。員工福利包括醫療及人壽保險、退休福利及其他具競爭力的額外福利。

為鼓勵或嘉獎員工,本公司已採納一項購股權計劃,有關詳情將載列於董事會報告「購股權」一節。

## 末期股息

董事會並不建議派付截至2023年3月31日止年度之任何末期股息(2022年:每股0.50港仙)。

## **BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR EXECUTIVES**

## 董事及高級行政人員之履歷

## **Executive Director (Chairman)**

WONG CHI FAI, aged 67, an Executive Director of the Company and Chairman of the Board. He has been involved in the management of the Group since 1992 and is responsible for overseeing the financial management and advising on the business strategic planning and development of our Group. Mr. Wong is the Chairman of the Executive Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee of the Company as well as a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. He has over 30 years of finance and management experience in different businesses ranging from wholesaling and retailing of furniture, property investment and development, hotel and hospitality, retailing of watch and jewellery, financial and securities services, cinema development and operation to entertainment production and investment, artiste management as well as media and publication. Mr. Wong is currently a director of Emperor International Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 163) ("Emperor International"), Emperor Entertainment Hotel Limited (Stock Code: 296) ("Emperor E Hotel"), Emperor Watch & Jewellery Limited (Stock Code: 887) ("Emperor W&J"), Emperor Capital Group Limited (Stock Code: 717) ("Emperor Capital Group") and Emperor Culture Group Limited (Stock Code: 491) ("Emperor Culture"), all being listed members of Emperor Group. He is a Certified Public Accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants.

## **Executive Director and Managing Director**

CHAN CHUEN YIN, aged 52, an Executive Director and Managing Director of the Company. He joined the Group in August 2021 as Managing Director of the operating company and is responsible for the overall management and business strategies of the Group. He is the member of the Executive Committee and the Nomination Committee of the Company as well as a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Chan has over 25 years of experience in operations, sales and marketing and business development. Prior to joining the Group, he had held management positions in various reputable corporations in Hong Kong covering consumer and telecommunications industries.

## 執行董事(主席)

黃志輝,67歲,為本公司之執行董事兼董事會 主席。彼自1992年起參與管理本集團,負責 監管財務管理並就本集團的業務策略計劃及發 展提供意見。黃先生為本公司執行委員會主席 及薪酬委員會成員以及本公司若干附屬公司之 董事。彼擁有逾30年之財務及管理經驗,涵蓋 不同業務,包括傢俬批發及零售、物業投資及 發展、酒店營運、鐘錶珠寶零售、金融證券服 務、戲院發展及營運以至娛樂製作及投資、藝 人管理以及傳媒與出版業務。黃先生現為英皇 國際集團有限公司(股份代號:163)(「英皇 國際」)、英皇娛樂酒店有限公司(股份代號: 296)(「英皇娛樂酒店」)、英皇鐘錶珠寶有限 公司(股份代號:887)(「英皇鐘錶珠寶」)、英 皇資本集團有限公司(股份代號:717)(「英皇 資本集團」)及英皇文化產業集團有限公司(股 份代號:491)(「英皇文化產業」)之董事,該 等公司為英皇集團之上市成員公司。彼為香港 會計師公會執業會計師及特許公認會計師公會 資深會員。

## 執行董事兼董事總經理

陳傳賢,52歲,為本公司執行董事兼董事總經理。彼於2021年8月加盟本集團為營運公司之董事總經理,並負責本集團之整體管理及業務策略。彼為本公司執行委員會及提名委員會成員以及本公司若干附屬公司之董事。陳先生具有逾25年的營運、銷售及市場推廣及業務發展之經驗。在加入本集團前,彼曾於香港多間知名企業擔任管理職位,涵蓋消費品及電訊行業。

## **BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR EXECUTIVES**

董事及高級行政人員之履歷

## Executive Director, General Manager and Company Secretary

MOK FUNG LIN, IVY, aged 58, an Executive Director of the Company and the General Manager of the Group. She joined the Group in July 2011 and is responsible for the business operational management and policy implementation in the Group, Ms. Mok is the Company Secretary of the Company and a member of the Executive Committee as well as a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Before joining our Group, she was a director of Emperor International and Emperor E Hotel from February 2000 to July 2011 and has accumulated over 20 years' experience in corporate management and possesses experience in businesses including property investment and development, retailing, wholesaling, marketing and trading. Ms. Mok was admitted as a solicitor in Hong Kong and the United Kingdom, and holds a Bachelor of Laws Degree awarded by The University of Hong Kong. She also holds a Degree of Master of Business Administration awarded by The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology.

#### **Executive Director**

FAN MAN SEUNG, VANESSA (Former name: Fan Man Seung), aged 60, an Executive Director of the Company. She has been involved in the management of the Group since July 1992 and is responsible for overseeing the overall corporate management and advising on the business strategy of the Group. Ms. Fan is the Chairperson of the Corporate Governance Committee and a member of the Executive Committee of the Company as well as a director of a subsidiary of the Company. She has over 34 years of corporate management experience in diversified businesses ranging from wholesaling and retailing of furniture, property investment and development, hotel and hospitality, retailing of watch and jewellery, financial and securities services, cinema development and operation to entertainment production and investment, artiste management as well as media and publication. Ms. Fan is currently a director of Emperor International, Emperor E Hotel, Emperor W&J, Emperor Capital Group and Emperor Culture. She is a lawyer by profession in Hong Kong and a qualified accountant, and holds a Master's Degree in Business Administration.

## 執行董事、總經理兼公司秘書

莫鳳蓮,58歲,為本公司執行董事兼本集團總經理。彼於2011年7月加盟本集團,本集團業務經營管理及政策實施。莫女士為司的公司秘書、執行委員會成員及本公司的公司之董事。於加盟本集團前,在公司之董事。於加盟本集團前,及至之至其不可以與樂酒店的董事並累積逾20年之企業管理及與樂酒店的董事並累積逾20年之企業管理及與樂酒店的董事並累積逾20年之企業管理及與樂酒店的董事並累積逾20年之企業管理及。營銷及貿易。莫女士具備香港往等與受益。彼亦持有香港科技大學頒授的工商管理領士學位。

## 執行董事

## **BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR EXECUTIVES**

## 董事及高級行政人員之履歷

## **Independent Non-executive Directors**

CHAN YEE MAN, aged 49, was appointed as Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in January 2018. She is the Chairperson of the Audit Committee as well as a member of the Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. Ms. Chan has been practising as a Certified Public Accountant in Hong Kong and has over 30 years of experience in the accounting profession. She holds a Bachelor of Accounting Degree awarded by The University of Hong Kong and a Master of Corporate Finance Degree awarded by The Hong Kong Polytechnic University. Ms. Chan is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and an associate member of The Taxation Institute of Hong Kong.

**CHIU KIN FAI**, aged 49, was appointed as Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in January 2018. He is the Chairman of the Nomination Committee as well as a member of the Audit Committee and Corporate Governance Committee of the Company. Mr. Chiu is a partner of a solicitors firm, T.H. Koo & Associates. He was admitted as a solicitor in Hong Kong in 1998 and holds a Bachelor of Laws Degree awarded by The University of Hong Kong.

NG HOI YUE, aged 59, was appointed as Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in January 2018. He is the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee as well as a member of the Audit Committee and Corporate Governance Committee of the Company. Mr. Ng is currently an executive director and deputy chief executive officer of Asian Citrus Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 73). He was previously an independent non-executive director of Imperial Pacific International Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 1076) until 11 March 2022. Mr. Ng has been practising as a Certified Public Accountant in Hong Kong since 1989. He is a fellow member of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in England.

## 獨立非執行董事

陳綺雯,49歲,於2018年1月獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼為本公司審核委員會主席及薪酬委員會和提名委員會成員。陳女士在香港從事執業會計師工作並擁有逾30年會計專業經驗。彼持有香港大學頒授的會計學學士學位及香港理工大學頒授的企業金融學碩士學位。陳女士為香港會計師公會會員、英國特許公認會計師公會資深會員及香港稅務學會會員。

招健暉,49歲,於2018年1月獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼為本公司提名委員會主席及審核委員會和企業管治委員會成員。招先生為顧增海律師行的合夥人。招先生於1998年獲得香港律師資格,並持有香港大學頒授的法律學士學位。

伍海于,59歲,於2018年1月獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼為本公司薪酬委員會主席及審核委員會和企業管治委員會成員。伍先生現為亞洲果業控股有限公司(股份代號:73)的執行董事兼副行政總裁。彼曾為博華太平洋國際控股有限公司(股份代號:1076)之獨立非執行董事,直至2022年3月11日。伍先生自1989年起在香港從事執業會計師工作。彼為英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計師公會、香港會計師公會及英國特許公認會計師公會資深會員。

## 董事會報告

The Directors present this annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year.

董事會提呈本集團於本年度之年報及經審核綜 合財務報表。

## PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 1 to the financial statements.

## 主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司,其主要附屬公司 之業務載於財務報表附註1。

### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The results of the Group for the Year are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 66.

No interim dividend was paid to the shareholders of the Company ("Shareholders") during the Year (2022: Nil).

The Directors did not recommend any payment of a final dividend for the Year (2022: HK0.50 cent per share).

## 業績及股息

本集團於本年度之業績載於第66頁之綜合損益 及其他全面收益表。

本年度並無向本公司股東(「股東」)支付中期股息(2022年:無)。

董事並不建議派付本年度末期股息(2022年:每股0.50港仙)。

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW AND PERFORMANCE**

A fair review of the Group's business, a discussion and analysis of the Group's performance during the Year and an analysis of the likely future development of the Group's business are set out in the Management Discussion and Analysis from pages 4 to 12 of this report. Description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group are set out in the Corporate Governance Report from pages 27 to 58 and note 29 to the financial statements respectively.

There is no important event affecting the Group that had occurred since the end of the Year up to the date of this report.

In addition, discussion on the Group's environmental policies and performance, key relationships with the Company's key stakeholders as well as compliance with relevant laws and regulations which have significant impact on the Company are set out in the 2022/2023 Environmental, Social and Governance Report of the Company.

## 業務回顧及表現

於本年度內本集團業務之中肯回顧、本集團本年度表現之討論與分析及本集團業務之可能未來發展分析乃載於本年報第4至12頁之管理層討論及分析。本集團面臨之主要風險及不明朗因素詳情乃分別列載於第27至58頁之企業管治報告及財務報表附註29。

自本年度末直至本報告日期,概無發生影響本 集團之重大事件。

此外,本集團環保政策及表現、有關與本公司主要持份者之重要關係,以及遵守對本公司有重大影響的相關法律及法規之討論載於本公司2022/2023環境、社會及管治報告內。

## PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of changes in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Year are set out in note 13 to the financial statements.

## 物業、廠房及設備

本集團於本年度內之物業、廠房及設備變動詳 情載於財務報表附註13。

## 董事會報告

#### SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the share capital of the Company during the Year are set out in note 22 to the financial statements.

## RETAINED PROFITS / ACCUMULATED LOSSES

Details of movements in the retained profits / accumulated losses of the Group during the Year are set out on page 69 of this annual report.

#### DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

No Group's reserves are available for distribution to the Shareholders as at 31 March 2023, calculated in accordance with the Companies Ordinance (2022: HK\$4,397,000).

#### FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 140 of this annual report.

## PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the Year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

## **DIRECTORS AND DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

The Directors during the Year and up to the date of this report were:

#### **Executive Directors:**

Mr. Wong Chi Fai (Chairman)
Mr. Chan Chuen Yin (Managing Director)
(appointed on 1 September 2022)
Ms. Mok Fung Lin, Ivy
Ms. Fan Man Seung, Vanessa

## **Independent Non-executive Directors:**

Ms. Chan Yee Man Mr. Chiu Kin Fai Mr. Ng Hoi Yue

#### 股本

本公司於本年度內之股本詳情載於財務報表附 註 22。

## 保留溢利/累計虧損

本集團於本年度內之保留溢利/累計虧損變動 詳情載於本年報第69頁。

## 本公司可供分派儲備

本集團於2023年3月31日根據公司條例計算並沒有可供分派予股東之儲備(2022年: 4.397,000港元)。

## 五年財務概要

本集團於過去五個財政年度之業績以及資產及 負債概要載於本年報第140頁。

## 購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

於本年度內,本公司及其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回任何本公司上市證券。

## 董事及董事服務合約

本年度內及直至本報告日期止之董事如下:

#### 執行董事:

黃志輝先生(主席) 陳傳賢先生(執行董事) (於2022年9月1日獲委任) 莫鳳蓮女士 范敏嫦女士

#### 獨立非執行董事:

陳綺雯女士 招健暉先生 伍海于先生

## 董事會報告

Biographical details of the Directors and senior executives as at the date of this report are set out from pages 13 to 15 of this report. Details of Directors' remuneration are set out in note 8 to the financial statements.

本報告日期董事及高級行政人員之履歷詳情乃 載於本年報第13至15頁。董事之酬金詳情乃 載於財務報表附註8。

In accordance with Article 79 of the Company's Articles of Association, Mr. Chan Chuen Yin, who was appointed as Director during the Year, shall hold office from his appointment date until the next following annual general meeting of the Company after his appointment and shall then be eligible for re-election at that meeting. He shall offer himself for re-election at the 2023 AGM.

按照本公司組織章程細則79條之規定,於本年度獲委任為董事的陳傳賢先生的任期自獲委任日期起至獲委任後本公司下屆股東週年大會為止,屆時彼符合資格於該大會上膺選連任。彼願意於2023年股東週年大會上膺選連任。

In accordance with Articles 80(1) and 80(3) of the Company's Articles of Association, Ms. Fan Man Seung, Vanessa and Mr. Chiu Kin Fai shall retire by rotation at the 2023 AGM. Both of them, being eligible, shall offer themselves for re-election.

按照本公司組織章程細則80(1)及(3)條之規定, 范敏嫦女士及招健暉先生將於2023股東週年大會上輪值退任。彼等均符合資格並願意膺選連任。

None of the Directors offering themselves for re-election at the 2023 AGM has an unexpired service contract with the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

概無擬在2023年股東週年大會上膺選連任之 董事與本集團訂有可於一年內免付賠償(法定 賠償除外)之未屆滿服務合約。

### **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

## 管理合約

No contracts, other than employment contracts, concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the Group's business were entered into or existed during the Year.

於本年度內,除僱傭合約外,並無訂立或存有 關於本集團整體或任何重大部分業務的管理及 行政事官之合約。

## PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

## 獲准許的彌償條文

During the Year and up to the date of this report, the Company has in force the permitted indemnity provisions which are provided for in the Company's Articles of Association and in the directors and officers liability insurance maintained for the Group in respect of potential liability and costs associated with legal proceedings that may be brought against the Directors and the directors of the Group respectively.

於本年度及直至本報告日期止,就董事及本集 團董事可能分別面臨的法律訴訟而產生的潛在 責任及費用,本公司備有彌償條文,該等條文 分別載於本公司之章程細則以及本集團投購之 董事及高級管理人員責任保險內。

## DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS IN SECURITIES

## 董事及最高行政人員之證券權益

As at 31 March 2023, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors adopted by the Company ("Ulferts Securities Code") were as follows:

於2023年3月31日,董事及本公司之最高行政人員於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條須予備存之登記冊所記錄之權益及淡倉,或根據本公司採納之《董事進行證券交易的標準守則》(「歐化證券守則」)須另行知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

## 董事會報告

#### (A) Long Position interests in the Company

None of the Directors or chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company.

## (B) Long Position interests in associated corporation of the Company

## **Ordinary shares**

#### (A) 於本公司之好倉權益

概無董事或本公司最高行政人員於本公司 股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有任何權益 或淡倉。

### (B) 於本公司相聯法團之好倉權益

## 普通股

Name of I 董事姓名	Director	Name of associated corporation 相聯法團名稱	Capacity/Nature of interests 身份/權益性質	Number of shares interested 持有權益之 股份數目	% of issued voting shares 佔已發行 有投票權股份%
Ms. Fan M Vanessa 范敏嫦女士		Emperor International 英皇國際	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	10,500,000	0.29

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2023, none of the Directors nor chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO).

除上文披露者外,於2023年3月31日,概無董事或本公司最高行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之任何股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有任何權益或淡倉。

#### SHARE OPTIONS

The Company has adopted a share option scheme ("Share Option Scheme") on 8 January 2018. Particulars of the Share Option Scheme are set out in note 23 to the financial statements. No option was granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the Share Option Scheme since its adoption.

### **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS**

Other than the Share Option Scheme as set out in note 23 to the financial statements, no equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Company during the Year or subsisted at the end of the Year.

## ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Other than the Share Option Scheme as stated above, at the end of the Year and at no time during the Year was the Company, any of its holding companies, subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors or chief executives of the Company or their spouses or children under 18 years of age to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

#### 購股權

本公司已於2018年1月8日採納一項購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」)。有關購股權計劃之詳情載於財務報表附註23。自購股權計劃採納以後,並無購股權根據購股權計劃授出、獲行使、註銷或失效。

## 股票掛鉤協議

除於財務報表附註23所述的購股權計劃外,並無任何股票掛鉤協議由本公司於本年度訂立或 於本年度末存續。

#### 購買股份或債權證之安排

除上文所述之購股權計劃外,於本年度末及本年度內任何時間,本公司、其任何控股公司、附屬公司或同系附屬公司概無訂立任何安排,致使董事或本公司最高行政人員或彼等之配偶或18歲以下子女可藉購入本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債權證而獲取利益。

## 董事會報告

#### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

As at 31 March 2023, none of the Directors nor their respective close associates was interested in any business which was considered to compete or was likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group as required to be disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Listing Rules").

## OTHER PERSONS' INTERSTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SECURITIES

So far as is known to any Directors or chief executives of the Company, as at 31 March 2023, the persons or corporations (other than Directors or chief executives of the Company) who had, or were deemed or taken to have interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO ("DI Register") were as follows:

## Long Positions in the shares of the Company ("Shares")

## 董事於競爭業務之權益

於2023年3月31日,概無董事或彼等各自之 緊密聯繫人士於被視為於可能與本集團業務直 接或間接構成競爭,且根據香港聯合交易所有 限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)須予披露之 任何業務中擁有權益。

## 其他人士之權益及於證券之淡倉

於2023年3月31日,就任何董事或本公司最高行政人員所知,除董事或本公司最高行政人員外,下列人士或法團於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有或被視為或當作擁有須根據證券及期貨條例第336條須予備存於登記冊(「權益登記冊」)之權益及淡倉如下:

## 於本公司股份(「股份」)之好倉

Name 名稱/姓名	Capacity/Nature of interests 身份/權益性質	Number of Shares interested 擁有權益之股份數目	% of issued voting Shares 佔已發行 有投票權股份 %
Albert Yeung Investments Holdings Limited ("AY Investments Holdings") 楊受成投資控股有限公司(「楊受成投資控股」)	Interest in a controlled corporation 於受控制法團之權益	600,000,000	75
First Trust Management AG ("First Trust")	Trustee of a private discretionary trust 私人酌情信託之受託人	600,000,000	75
Dr. Yeung Sau Shing, Albert ("Dr. Albert Yeung") 楊受成博士(「楊博士」)	Founder of a private discretionary trust 私人酌情信託之創立人	600,000,000	75
Ms. Luk Siu Man, Semon ("Ms. Semon Luk") 陸小曼女士(「陸女士」)	Interest of spouse 配偶權益	600,000,000	75

Note: These Shares were held by Ulferts International Group Holdings Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of AY Investments Holdings. AY Investments Holdings was in turn held by First Trust in trust for a private discretionary trust which was set up by Dr. Albert Yeung. By virtue of being the spouse of Dr. Albert Yeung, Ms. Semon Luk also had deemed interests in the same Shares.

附註:該等股份乃由楊受成投資控股之全資附屬 公司歐化國際集團控股有限公司持有。楊 受成投資控股由First Trust代一私人酌情信 託(由楊博士創立)持有。鑒於陸女士為楊 博士之配偶,彼亦被視為擁有相同股份的 權益。

## 董事會報告

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2023, the Directors or chief executives of the Company were not aware of any person or corporation (other than the Directors and chief executives of the Company) who had, or were deemed or taken to have, any interests or short positions in any Shares or underlying Shares as recorded in the DI Register.

除上文披露者外,於2023年3月31日,除董事及本公司最高行政人員外,董事或本公司最高行政人員並不知悉任何人士或法團於任何股份或相關股份中擁有或被視為或當作擁有記錄於權益登記冊之任何權益或淡倉。

# DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

#### **Continuing Connected Transactions**

During the Year, the Group had the following transactions with connected persons (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company and certain Director(s) had interests, directly or indirectly, in such transactions:

## A. Master Leasing Agreement ("2020 MLA")

Date: 3 December 2020

Parties: (1) The Company

(2) Emperor International

Emperor International and its subsidiaries are collectively referred to as "Emperor International

Group".

**Term:** From 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2024

Nature: The 2020 MLA sets out the framework of the

terms governing all existing and future tenancy / licensing transaction(s) ("Tenancy Transaction(s)") regarding leasing of certain properties (including offices or retail shops) from Emperor International Group for each of the year ended / ending 31 March 2022,

2023 and 2024.

## 董事於交易、安排或合約之重大權 益及關連交易

#### 持續關連交易

於本年度內,本集團曾與本公司關連人士(定義見上市規則)進行下列交易,而若干董事於 有關交易中直接或間接擁有權益:

## A. 總租賃協議(「2020年總租賃協議」)

日期: 2020年12月3日

**訂約方:** (1) 本公司

(2) 英皇國際

英皇國際及其附屬公司統稱「英皇國際集團」。

期限: 2021年4月1日至2024年3

月31日

性質: 2020年總租賃協議載列規

管 截 至2022年、2023年及 2024年3月31日止年度各 年自英皇國際集團租賃若 干物業(包括辦公室或零售 店鋪)之所有現有及未來租 賃/授權交易(「租賃交易」)

的框架條款。

## 董事會報告

Pursuant to the 2020 MLA, relevant member(s) of the Group and any member(s) of Emperor International Group may from time to time enter into any definitive leasing agreements in relation to any Tenancy Transaction ("Definitive Leasing Agreement"). The terms of each Definitive Leasing Agreement shall be on normal commercial terms or on terms which are no less favorable to the Group than terms offered by independent third parties. The terms and rental shall be subject to arm's length negotiation and determined based on the condition of the properties and with reference to the then prevailing market rents on properties comparable in location, area and permitted use.

根據2020年總租賃協議,本 集團相關成員公司與英皇國 際集團任何成員公司就任何 租賃交易訂立正式租賃協議 (「正式租賃協議」)。各正式 租賃協議之條款應按一般商 業條款或按不遜於獨立第三 方給予本集團之條款訂立。 條款及租金應經公平磋商協 定,並應根據該等物業狀況 及參考具有相若位置、面積 及許可用途之物業當時市場 租金釐定。

## Connected Relationship:

As the Company and Emperor International were both indirectly controlled by the respective private discretionary trusts set up by Dr. Albert Yeung who is the deemed substantial Shareholder, Emperor International was deemed as connected person of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

關連關係: 由於本公司與英皇國際均由

> 楊博士(被視為主要股東)創 立之相關私人酌情信託間接 控制,因此,根據上市規則 第14A章,英皇國際被視為 本公司之關連人士。

### **Aggregate** amounts:

The aggregate amounts paid / payable in respect of the Tenancy Transactions with Emperor International Group (which did not exceed the approved right-of-use annual cap of HK\$22,000,000 and rental expense annual cap of HK\$6,000,000 respectively for the Year) were as follows:

總額: 就與英皇國際集團之租賃交

易已付/應付之總額(分別 未超出本年度之經批准使 用權年度上限22,000,000 港元及租金開支年度上限 6,000,000港元)如下:

Right-of-use : 2,755,000

Rental expense : 0

10 August 2021

使用權 : 2,755,000

租金開支:0

Announcement: 8 June 2021 公告: 2021年6月8日

Circular: 6 July 2021 涌函: 2021年7月6日

Independent

獨立股東 2021年8月10日

批准:

## 董事會報告

## B. Master Agreement on Provision of Products and Services ("Master Agreement")

## B. 提供產品及服務之總協議(「總協議」)

<u> </u>				
Name of counterparty 對方姓名/名稱	Scope of Products and Services provided 提供產品及服務的範疇	(i) (ii) (iii)	Date of agreement 協議日期 Term (D/M/Y) 協議年期 (日/月/年) Date of Announcement 公告日期	Amount received for the Year (HK\$' 000) 本年度已收 之金額 (千港元)
Albert Yeung Holdings Limited ("AY Holdings") 楊受成產業控股有限公司 (「楊受成產業控股」)	Sales / provision of products and s by the Group to AY Holdings (as acting on behalf of relevant mem of Emperor Group):  本集團向楊受成產業控股(作為代表團相關成員公司行事的代理)銷售產品及服務:  (i) Selling products and providin furniture procurement consult services 銷售產品並提供傢俬採購諮詢服(ii) Selling furniture coupons 銷售傢俬禮券  (iii) Providing other types of ancill services and any transaction revenue nature 提供其他類別配套服務及進行屬質的任何交易	agent nbers 英皇集 /提供 g ancy ancy	(i) 15 May 2020 2020年5月15日 (ii) 1 April 2020 - 31 March 2023 2020年4月1日至 2023年3月31日 (iii) 15 May 2020 2020年5月15日	5,070

Annual cap for the Year: HK\$9,800,000

On 3 March 2023, the Company entered into a new master agreement for renewing the Master Agreement on similar terms and conditions. The new master agreement is for a term of 3 years from 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2026.

#### **Connected Relationship:**

Emperor Group includes all companies and their respective associates directly or indirectly controlled by various private discretionary trusts set up by Dr. Albert Yeung from time to time (including but not limited to Emperor International, Emperor E Hotel, Emperor Capital Group, Emperor W&J, Emperor Culture and their respective subsidiaries and associates), other than the Group. Dr. Albert Yeung, was a deemed substantial shareholder of the Company and therefore the companies under Emperor Group were deemed connected persons of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

本年度之年度上限:9,800,000港元

於2023年3月3日,本公司訂立新總協議, 以按類似條款及條件重續總協議。新總協議 為期3年,自2023年4月1日至2026年3月 31日止。

## 關連關係:

英皇集團包括楊博士不時創立的多家私人 酌情信託直接或間接控制的所有公司及彼 等各自的關聯公司(包括但不限於英皇國 際、英皇娛樂酒店、英皇證券集團、英皇 鐘錶珠寶、英皇文化產業及彼等各自的附 屬公司及關聯公司),惟本集團除外。楊博 士被視為本公司之主要股東,因此,根據 上市規則14A章,英皇集團轄下之公司被 視為本公司之關連人士。

## 董事會報告

## **Compliance with Disclosure Requirements**

Save as the "sales of goods" in the amount of HK\$5,070,000 out of HK\$5,073,000, interest expense on lease liabilities and lease payments as shown in note 25(a) to the financial statements, none of the other related party transactions as set out in note 25 constituted connected transactions or non-exempt continuing connected transactions ("Disclosed CCTs") that are required to be disclosed under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The Company had complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules in respect of the Disclosed CCTs.

#### **Independent Auditor's Letter on Disclosed CCTs**

The Company's independent auditor was engaged to report on the Group's Disclosed CCTs in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 (Revised) "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" ("Auditor's Letter") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

The independent auditor had issued unqualified letter containing its findings and conclusions in respect of the Disclosed CCTs of the Group from pages 21 to 23 of this annual report in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules. A copy of the Auditor's Letter had been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

## Confirmation of Independent Non-Executive Directors on Disclosed CCTs

Pursuant to rule 14A.55 of the Listing Rules, the Company's independent non-executive Directors ("INEDs") had reviewed the Disclosed CCTs and the Auditor's Letter and had confirmed that these transactions had been entered into:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (ii) on normal commercial terms or better (as the case may be); and
- (iii) according to the agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Shareholders as a whole.

#### 遵守披露規定

除財務報表附註25(a)所載的「商品銷售」5,073,000港元中的5,070,000港元、「租賃負債之利息開支」及「租賃付款」,概無其他載於附註25之關聯方交易構成上市規則第14A條項下須予披露之關連交易或非豁免持續關連交易(「已披露持續關連交易」)。本公司已遵守根據上市規則第14A條有關已披露持續關連交易之披露要求。

## 有關已披露持續關聯交易之獨立核數師函 件

本公司獨立核數師已獲委聘按照香港會計師公會頒佈之《香港審驗應聘服務準則3000(經修訂)》的「歷史財務資料審計或審閱以外的審驗應聘」,並參照《實務説明》第740號(經修訂)「關於香港上市規則所述持續關連交易的核數師函件」(「核數師函件」),匯報本集團之已披露持續關連交易。

獨立核數師已按照上市規則第14A.56條發出無保留結論函件,當中載有其有關本年報第21至23頁所載本集團已披露持續關連交易之調查結果及結論。本公司已向聯交所提供核數師函件之副本。

## 獨立非執行董事有關已披露持續關連交易 之確認

根據上市規則第 14A.55條,本公司之獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」)已審閱已披露持續關連交易及核數師函件,並確認該等交易:

- (i) 於本集團之日常及一般業務過程中訂立;
- (ii) 按一般或更佳(視情況而定)商業條款進 行;及
- (iii) 根據規管該等交易之相關協議進行,其中 條款屬公平合理,並符合股東整體利益。

## 董事會報告

Save as disclosed above, there was no transaction, arrangement or contract which was significant in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its holding companies, subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or his / her connected entity had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the Year or at any time during the Year.

除上文所披露者外,於本年度完結時或本年度 任何時間並無存在本公司或其任何控股公司、 附屬公司或同系附屬公司所訂立而董事或其 關連實體於當中擁有重大權益(無論直接或間 接)且對本集團業務而言屬重大之交易、安排 或合約。

#### **EMOLUMENT POLICY**

The emoluments of the Directors shall be decided by the Board as recommended by the Remuneration Committee having regard to a written remuneration policy (which ensures a clear link of business strategy and a close alignment with the Shareholders' interest and current market best practice). Remuneration should be paid with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives, the salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the Executive and Non-executive Directors, internal equity of employment conditions across the Group and applicability of performance-based remuneration. The Directors' fees are paid in line with market practice. No individual should determine his or her own remuneration.

Employee's remuneration was determined in accordance with individual's responsibility, competence and skills, experience and performance as well as market pay level. Remuneration package includes, as the case may be, basic salary, Directors' fees, housing allowances, contribution to pension schemes, discretionary bonus relating to financial performance of the Group and individual performance, ad hoc rewards, share options and other competitive fringe benefits such as medical and life insurances. Details of the emoluments of the Directors and the five highest paid individuals of the Group are set out in notes 8 and 9 to the financial statements respectively.

## **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

During the Year, the aggregate revenue from sales of goods or rendering of services attributable to the Group's five largest customers accounted for less than 30% (2022:30%) of the Group's total revenue for the Year.

During the Year, the aggregate purchase attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers and the Group's largest supplier accounted for approximately 39.1% (2022:35.6%) and 14.9% (2022:13.0%) respectively of the Group's total purchases for the Year.

## 薪酬政策

董事之酬金須由董事會根據薪酬委員會參照一套書面薪酬政策(以確保與業務策略有清晰聯繫,並密切符合股東之權益及現行市場最佳常規)向其提供的推薦意見而釐定。酬金乃參考董事會企業目標及目的、可予以比較公司支付的薪金、執行及非執行董事的時間投入及職責、本集團內部一貫的僱傭條件及與表現掛鈎的薪酬之適用性。董事袍金則以符合市場常規而支付。並無個別人十可釐定其本身之酬金。

僱員薪酬乃根據個人責任、能力及技術、經驗及表現以及市場薪酬水平釐定。薪酬待遇包括(視情況而定)基本薪金、董事袍金、房屋津贴、退休金計劃供款、與本集團財務表現及個人表現掛鈎之酌情花紅、特設薪酬、購股權及其他具有競爭力之額外福利(如醫療及人壽保險)。董事及本集團五位最高薪人士之薪酬詳情分別載於財務報表附註8及9。

## 主要客戶及供應商

本年度,本集團五大客戶所帶來之銷售商品或 提供服務總收入佔本集團本年度之收入總額少 於30%(2022年:30%)。

本年度,本集團五大供應商及本集團最大供應商所帶來之總採購額佔本集團本年度之採購總額分別約39.1%(2022年:35.6%)及14.9%(2022年:13.0%)。

## 董事會報告

None of the Directors, their close associates or any Shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the number of issued Shares of the Company) had any beneficial interest in the above major customers and suppliers of the Group.

董事、彼等之緊密聯繫人士或據董事所知擁有本公司已發行股份數目5%以上之任何股東,概無於上述本集團主要客戶及供應商中擁有任何實益權益。

## SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this annual report, there was sufficient public float of at least 25% of the Company's issued shares as required under the Listing Rules.

## 足夠之公眾持股量

根據本公司可得之公開資料及據董事所知,於刊發本年報前之最後實際可行日期,本公司已發行股份維持上市規則所規定至少25%之足夠公眾持股量。

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

Messrs. Ernst & Young will retire and, being eligible, offer itself for re-appointment at the 2023 AGM. A resolution for its reappointment as independent auditor of the Company will be proposed thereat.

On behalf of the Board

## 獨立核數師

安永會計師事務所將於2023年股東週年大會 上退任,並合資格且願意續聘。續聘其為本公 司獨立核數師之決議案將於會上提呈。

代表董事會

## Wong Chi Fai

Chairman

Hong Kong 29 June 2023 黃志輝

主席

香港

2023年6月29日

## 企業管治報告

The Board is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance for the Company so as to ensure "Accountability, Responsibility and Transparency" towards Shareholders, stakeholders, investors as well as employees of Company.

The Directors have adopted various policies to ensure compliance with the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules so as to having effective application of the principles of good corporate governance. During the Year, the Company had fully complied with all the code provisions of the CG Code.

董事會致力為本公司維持高水平之企業管治, 以確保為股東、本公司持份者、投資者以及僱 員提供「問責、負責及其透明度」之制度。

董事已採納多項政策,以確保遵守上市規則附錄十四所載之「企業管治守則」(「企業管治守則」)的守則條文,有效應用良好的企業管治原則。於本年度內,本公司已全面遵守企業管治守則之所有守則條文。

#### CORPORATE CULTURE AND STRATEGY

The Company is committed to cultivating a corporate culture, focusing on four pillars, namely customer centricity, excellence in products and services, people first and positivity, which is underpinned by its purpose and values that enable employees at all levels of the Group to thrive and meet their full potentials by acting in a lawful, ethical and responsible manner that allows the Company to deliver sustainable long-term performance and operate in a way that benefits society and the environment.

The Company's purpose and values serve as a guide for employees' conduct and behaviours, ensuring that they are integrated throughout the Company's operational practices, workplace policies and practices and stakeholder relationships:

## 企業文化與策略

本公司以宗旨及價值觀為基礎支撐企業文化, 專注以客至上、優質產品服務、以人為本、積 極向上四大重點,致力使本集團各級僱員得以 通過合法、合乎道德及負責任的行事方式充分 發揮潛能,助力本公司實現長期可持續發展, 並以營造良好社會及環境的方式經營業務。

本公司的宗旨及價值觀為僱員的行為操守提供 指引,確保彼等得以融入本公司的營運常規、 工作場所政策及常規以及持份者關係中:



### Purpose 宗旨

To engage and delight our stakeholders for success 關注及取悦持份者,築就成功



#### **Emperor's Values**

#### 英皇價值觀

O penness

E thical 合乎道德
M otivation 積極上進
P ursuit of Integrity 誠實守信
E xcellence 追求卓越
R esourceful 靈活應變

開誠佈公

R esponsible 富有責任

## 企業管治報告

The management is responsible for setting the tone and shaping the corporate culture of the Company, as well as defining the purpose, values and strategic direction of the Group, which are under review by the Board. Taking into account the corporate culture is reflected in various contexts, such as workforce engagement, employee retention and training, legal and regulatory compliance, staff safety, wellbeing and support, the culture, purpose, value and strategy of the Group are aligned with one another.

管理層負責設定本公司的企業文化基調,塑造本公司的企業文化,明確本集團的宗旨、價值觀及戰略方向,由董事會進行審閱。鑒於企業文化於員工參與、僱員挽留及培訓、法律及規管合規、員工安全、福祉及支援等各方面均有體現,故本集團的文化、宗旨、價值觀及策略均保持一致。

#### THE BOARD

The Company is headed by the Board which is responsible for the leadership, control and promotion of success of the Group in the interests of the Shareholders by directing and supervising its affairs and by formulating strategic directions and monitoring the financial and management performance of the Group.

### **Board Composition and Diversity**

The Board currently comprises seven Directors, four are Executive Directors and three are INEDs. Names and other biographical details of the members of the Board are set out on pages 13 to 15 of this report under the "Biographies of Directors and Senior Executives" section. All of them possess the skills, experience and expertise either in the same industry or relevant to the management of the business of the Group.

To ensure independent views and input are available to the Board, the following mechanisms were established:

- sufficient number of INEDs in a total of three, representing more than one-third of the Board;
- no INED has served the Board for more than 9 years;
- separation of the role of the Chairman and the chief executives ensures that there is a balance of power and authority; and
- annual meeting between the Chairman and all INEDs without presence of other Directors provides an effective platform for the Chairman to listen to independent views on various issues concerning the Group.

During the Year, the Board reviewed implementation of these mechanisms and determined that they remain effective.

## 董事會

本公司由董事會領導,董事會負責透過指導及 監督本集團事務,制定戰略方針及監督其財務 及管理表現,從而領導、監控及促進本集團之 成功,以符合股東的利益。

### 董事會組成及多元化

董事會現由七名董事組成,包括四名執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事。董事會成員的姓名及其他履歷詳情載於本報告第13至15頁「董事及高級行政人員之履歷」一節。彼等均擁有於相同行業或與本集團業務管理相關之技能、經驗及專業知識。

為確保董事會獲得獨立觀點及意見,已設立以 下機制:

- 充足的獨立非執行董事人數,合共三名, 佔董事會三分之一以上;
- 概無獨立非執行董事於董事會任職超過9 年;
- 區分主席及最高行政人員角色確保權力及 權限平衡;及
- 主席與全體獨立非執行董事在並無其他董事出席的情況下舉行的年度會議,為主席提供有效平台聽取有關本集團各種事務的獨立意見。

於本年度,董事會已檢討該等機制的執行情況 並確定其仍然有效。

## 企業管治報告

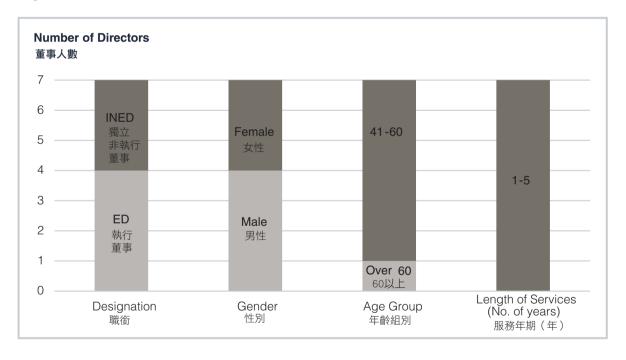
The Company also adopted the Board Diversity Policy setting out the approach to achieve a diverse Board with a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives to the business nature of the Company. In designing the Board's composition, Board diversity has been considered from a wide range of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service, and any other factors that the Board may consider relevant and applicable from time to time. The merits and contribution that will bring to the Board for any Director proposed for re-election or any candidate nominated to be Director will also be assessed, taking into account the Company's corporate strategy and the mix of skills, knowledge, experience and diversity needed in the future.

The current Board composition reflects a diverse mix of educational background, professional knowledge, industry experience and length of service. The diversity mix of the Board as at 31 March 2023 is summarized as follows:

(i) Board Composition, Gender Distribution, Age Distribution and Length of Service 本公司亦採納董事會多元化政策,當中列明實現根據本公司業務性質而具備適當技能、於制定董事會的方法。於制定董事會組成時,本公司已從多方面考慮董犯化,包括但不限於性別、年齡、知識及不會背景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識及董事會可能不時認為屬相關及董事會可能不時認為屬相關及董事會可能不時認為屬相關發達事會可能任何建提名委任為董事的候選人會為董事會帶來的價值及貢獻時,當中需考慮本公司的多元化組合。

當前的董事會組成反映了教育背景、專業知識、行業經驗及服務年期的多元化組合。於2023年3月31日,董事會的多元化組合概述如下:

## (i) 董事會組成、性別分佈、年齡分佈及 服務年期



## 企業管治報告

## (ii) Directors' Skills and Experience

#### (ii) 董事技能及經驗

Areas of Experience 經驗領域	Number of Directors 董事人數	Share of the Board 佔董事會比例
Related Industry Knowledge / Experience 相關行業知識/經驗	4	57%
Business Management 業務管理	4	57%
Legal / Regulatory 法律/監管	3	43%
Financial & Accounting 財務及會計	3	43%
Strategic Planning & Risk Management 戰略規劃及風險管理	7	100%

The Board's gender diversity level is relatively high compared to other companies listed on the Stock Exchange, with three female directors out of seven (43%). During the Year, the Nomination Committee recommended and the Board approved a target of having no less than 25% female directors on the Board. The Nomination Committee was of the view that the current gender diversity of the Board was appropriate, balanced and exceeding the target set. Therefore, no timeline or plan was proposed for further enhancing the gender diversity target of the Board for the time being. The Nomination Committee will continue reviewing the composition of the Board to maintain diversity.

As at 31 March 2023, our total workforce comprised of 59% female and 41% male, whereas senior management comprised of 36% female and 64% male. The current gender diversity of workforce was appropriate taking into account the business models and operational needs.

The term of appointment of the INEDs are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election provisions under the Articles of Association of the Company and the Listing Rules. The INEDs had provided their confirmation of independence to the Company. Based on the annual review conducted by the Nomination Committee, the Board considered each of them to be independent with reference to the factors as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

相較聯交所其他上市公司,董事會的性別多元化水平相對較高,七名董事中三名為女性(43%)。於本年度內,提名委員會建議且董事會批准女性董事佔董事會比例不少於25%的目標。提名委員會認為,當前董事會的性別多元化屬適當、平衡,並超過所制定目標。因此,本公司當前並未提出進一步提高董事會性別多元化目標的時間表或計劃。提名委員會將繼續檢討董事會組成以維持多元化。

於2023年3月31日,我們的員工總數由59%女性及41%男性組成,而高級管理人員由36%女性及64%男性組成。考慮到業務模式及營運需要,目前全體員工的性別多元化是恰當。

獨立非執行董事的任期受本公司組織章程細則及上市規則項下之輪值退任及重選連任條文所規限。獨立非執行董事已向本公司提供其獨立性確認書。基於提名委員會進行之年度審核,董事會認為在參照上市規則第3.13條所載之因素後,各獨立非執行董事屬獨立人士。

## 企業管治報告

#### **Board Process**

Besides regular Board meetings are held during the Year, additional Board meetings, or meetings of a Board committee established by the Board to consider specific matters, were convened, when necessary.

## 董事會程序

除於本年度舉行定期董事會會議外,必要時召開額外的董事會會議,或由董事會設立的董事會委員會會議,以審議特定事項。

The attendance of Directors at the meetings during the Year is set out below:

各董事於本年度出席會議之情況載列如下:

	No. of meetings attended/held 出席會議/舉行會議次數						
Name of Directors 董事姓名	Board 董事會	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會	Corporate Governance Committee 企業管治委員會	Executive Committee 執行委員會	General Meeting 股東大會
Executive Directors 執行董事							
Mr. Wong Chi Fai 黃志輝先生	6/6 (C)	-	2/2	-	-	8/8 (C)	1/1
Mr. Chan Chuen Yin (Mote 1) (appointed on 1 September 2022) 陳傳賢先生(附注1) (於2022年9月1日獲委任)	5/5	-	-	1/1	-	4/4	-
Ms. Mok Fung Lin, Ivy 莫鳳蓮女士	6/6	-	-	-	-	8/8	1/1
Ms. Fan Man Seung, Vanessa <sup>(Note 2)</sup> 范敏嫦女士 <sup>(附註 2)</sup>	6/6	-	-	2/2	1/1 (C)	8/8	1/1
Independent Non-Executive Directors 獨立非執行董事							
Ms. Chan Yee Man 陳綺雯女士	6/6	3/3 (C)	2/2	2/2	-	-	1/1
Mr. Chiu Kin Fai 招健暉先生	6/6	3/3	-	2/2 (C)	1/1	-	1/1
Mr. Ng Hoi Yue 伍海于先生	6/6	3/3	2/2 (C)	-	1/1	-	1/1
Total number of meetings held: 舉行會議之總數:	6	3	2	2	1	8	1

C: Chairperson / Chairman of the Board / Committee

C:董事會/委員會主席

#### Notes:

- 1. Appointed as member of Executive Committee and Nomination Committee on 1 September 2022.
- 2. Ceased to be member of Nomination Committee on 1 September 2022.

## 附註:

- 1. 於2022年9月1日獲委任為執行委員會及提 名委員會成員。
- 2. 於2022年9月1日不再為提名委員會成員。

## 企業管治報告

During the Year, the Chairman held a meeting with INEDs without the presence of Executive Directors in compliance with code provision C.2.7 of the CG Code. 於本年度,根據企業管治守則之守則條文第 C.2.7條,主席已與獨立非執行董事召開執行董 事未出席之會議。

The Company has received confirmation from each director that he / she has given sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company during the Year. Directors have also disclosed to the Company the changes, if any, in the number and nature of offices they hold in public companies or organizations and other significant commitment, including the identity of the public companies or organizations and an indication of the time involved.

本公司已接獲各董事的確認書,其已於本年度 內投入充足時間和精力處理本公司事務。董事 亦向本公司披露彼等於上市公司或組織中擔任 職務的數目及性質以及其他重大承擔的變化 (如有),包括上市公司或組織的身份以及所 涉時間。

Mr. Wong Chi Fai acts as the Chairman of the Board who provides leadership to the Board. The day-to-day management of the Group is delegated by the Board to the Managing Director, Mr. Chan Chuen Yin and General Manager of the Group, Ms. Mok Fung Lin, lvy who are responsible for the Group's strategic planning, business growth and development. The segregation of duties make the Board and the operation of the Group function effectively.

黃志輝先生擔任董事會主席,領導董事會。本 集團的日常管理由董事會授權予董事總經理陳 傳賢先生及本集團總經理莫鳳蓮女士,彼等負 責本集團的策略規劃、業務增長及發展。職務 分工使董事會及本集團職能有效運作。

Mr. Wong Chi Fai sets the agenda for the Board and ensures that members of the Board receive accurate, timely and clear information, and that matters to be taken into consideration are given their due weight, so that sound decisions can be made. With the assistance of the Company Secretary, the Chairman ensures that the Board properly exercises its powers, holds its meetings and implements procedures in compliance with all rules and requirements, and full and proper records are maintained.

黃志輝先生為董事會制定議程,並確保董事會 成員獲取準確、及時及清晰之資料,及充分重 視將予考慮事宜,從而作出明智決定。在公司 秘書的協助下,主席確保董事會按照所有規則 及要求正確行使權力、舉行會議及執行程序, 並保存完整及適當紀錄。

If a Director has conflict of interest in a matter to be considered by the Board which the Board has determined to be material, the matter will be dealt with by a physical Board meeting rather than a written resolution. That Director will abstain from voting on the relevant Board resolution and he / she shall not be counted in the quorum present at the Board meeting.

若任何董事在董事會將予考慮之事項中存有 董事會認為屬重大之利益衝突,則該事項將以 召開實體董事會會議而非以書面決議案方式 處理,而該董事將就相關董事會決議案放棄投 票,且不會計入出席該董事會會議之法定人數 內。

Procedures are also put in place for each Director to have access to supporting papers and relevant information for each scheduled meeting. All Directors also have access to the services of the Company Secretary and her team, and may take independent professional advice upon request, at the Company's expense.

本公司亦制定程序,讓每位董事均可獲取每次 預定會議的説明文件及相關資料。全體董事亦 可獲得公司秘書及其團隊的服務,並可應要求 尋求獨立專業意見,費用由本公司承擔。

## 企業管治報告

## **Induction and Training for Directors**

The Company provides Directors with regular updates on changes to and developments of the Group's business, and on the latest developments in the laws, rules and regulations relating to Directors' duties and responsibilities to help them make informed decisions and discharge their duties and responsibilities as Directors. Such materials will also be provided to newly appointed Directors shortly upon their appointment as Directors.

During the Year, each Director had participated in continuous professional development by attending seminars / workshops / reading materials on the following topics to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills and provided a record of training to the Company:

#### 董事就任須知及培訓

本公司定期向董事提供本集團業務變動及發展的最新資訊,以及與董事職務及職責有關的法律、規則及條例的最新發展,以協助彼等作出知情決定及履行彼等作為董事的職務及職責。本公司亦將於新任董事獲委任為董事後短期內向其提供有關資料。

於本年度,各董事均已參與持續專業發展,透 過出席有關以下主題之研討會/工作坊/閱讀 材料,以發展及更新彼等之知識及技能,並已 向本公司提供培訓記錄:

Name of Directors	董事姓名	Topics of training covered 培訓所涵蓋課題
Mr. Wong Chi Fai	黃志輝先生	(1) corporate governance 企業管治
Mr. Chan Chuen Yin (appointed on 1 September 2022)	陳傳賢先生 <i>(於 2022年9月1日獲委任)</i>	(2) regulatory 監管
Ms. Mok Fung Lin, Ivy	莫鳳蓮女士	(3) finance 財務
Ms. Fan Man Seung, Vanessa	范敏嫦女士	(4) industry specific 行業相關
Ms. Chan Yee Man	陳綺雯女士	
Mr. Chiu Kin Fai	招健暉先生	
Mr. Ng Hoi Yue	伍海于先生	

#### **Board Committees**

To assist the Board in execution of its duties and facilitate effective management, certain functions of the Board have been delegated by the Board to the Executive Committee, Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Corporate Governance Committee.

Clear written terms of reference of all the Board Committees are given to the respective members of these Committees.

## 董事委員會

為協助董事會履行其職責及促進有效管理,董事會若干職能已由董事會委派予執行委員會、審核委員會、薪酬委員會、提名委員會及企業管治委員會。

所有董事委員會均以書面清晰訂明該等委員會 內各成員之職權範圍。

## 企業管治報告

#### 1. Executive Committee (set up on 8 January 2018)

The Executive Committee consists of all the Executive Directors, namely Mr. Wong Chi Fai (Chairman of the Committee), Mr. Chan Chuen Yin (appointed on 1 September 2022), Ms. Mok Fung Lin, Ivy and Ms. Fan Man Seung, Vanessa. It has all powers and authorities of the Board except the following major matters as set out in a "Formal Schedule on matters reserved for and delegated by the Board":

- determining the Group's objectives and strategies;
- approving annual and interim results and financial reporting;
- declaring or recommending payment of dividends or other distributions;
- approving major changes that require notification by announcement under the Listing Rules;
- approving publication of announcements for notifiable transactions (except for discloseable transactions in relation to lease transactions recognizing the right-of-use asset according to HKFRS 16 "Leases") under the Listing Rules;
- approving non-exempt connected transactions / non-exempt continuing connected transactions (other than those transactions took place from time to time under the master agreement(s) previously approved by the Board / Shareholders (as the case may be)) under the Listing Rules; and
- approving major capital restructuring and issue of new securities of the Company.

## 2. Audit Committee (set up on 8 January 2018)

The Audit Committee consists of three INEDs, namely Ms. Chan Yee Man *(Chairperson of the Committee)*, Mr. Chiu Kin Fai and Mr. Ng Hoi Yue.

The major roles and functions of the Audit Committee are set out in its terms of reference which include duties specified in the CG Code and are posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

#### 1. 執行委員會(於2018年1月8日成立)

執行委員會由全體執行董事組成,分別為 黃志輝先生(委員會主席)、陳傳賢先生 (於2022年9月1日獲委任)、莫鳳蓮女 士及范敏嫦女士。其擁有董事會之所有權 力及授權,惟以下「需要董事會決定及由董 事會授權之事項之正式預定計劃表」所載 之重大事項除外:

- 釐定本集團之目標及策略;
- 批准年度及中期業績以及財務報告;
- 宣派或建議派付股息或其他分派;
- 批准根據上市規則須以公告形式作出 通知之重大變動;
- 批准根據上市規則刊發有關須予公佈 交易之公告(根據香港財務報告準則 第16號「租賃」就確認使用權資產之 租賃交易相關須予披露交易除外);
- 批准根據上市規則之非豁免關連交易/非豁免持續關連交易(先前已由董事會/股東(視情況而定)批准之主協議項下不時進行之該等交易除外);及
- 批准本公司之主要資本重組及發行新證券。

## 2. 審核委員會(於2018年1月8日成立)

審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成, 其分別為陳綺雯女士(*委員會主席)*、招健 暉先生及伍海于先生。

審核委員會的主要角色及職能載於其職權 範圍,其中包括企業管治守則所訂明的職 責,並已登載於聯交所及本公司網站。

## 企業管治報告

A summary of work performed by the Audit Committee during the Year is set out as follows:

- the external auditor the effectiveness of audit process and the accounting policies and principles adopted by the Group. When reviewing the accuracy and fairness of the annual consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2022 ("Previous Year") and the interim consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 30 September 2022 before submission to the Board for consideration, the Audit Committee has focused not only on the impact of the changes in accounting policies and practices, but also on the compliance with applicable accounting standards, the Listing Rules and relevant legal requirements;
- ii. reviewed with the senior management and finance personnel the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group during the Previous Year:
- iii. performed annual review of the non-exempted continuing connected transactions of the Group for the Previous Year;
- iv. recommended to the Board on the re-appointment of independent auditor at the 2022 annual general meeting ("2022 AGM");
- v. reviewed the audit fees and the fees for non-audit services payable to the external auditor;
- vi. approved the audit plan for the Year, reviewed the independence of external auditor and approved its engagement;
- vii. reviewed the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions as well as those relating to the Company's ESG performance and reporting; and
- viii. reviewed and recommended to the Board on the adoption of new anti-corruption policy and procedures and the revised whistle-blowing policy and reporting procedures for the Company.

於本年度內,審核委員會所履行之工作概 要載列如下:

- i. 與管理層/財務人員及/或外聘核數師審閱審核過程及本集團所採納之會計政策及原則之成效。於呈交董事會以供考慮前檢討截至2022年3月31日止財政年度(「上年度」)之年度綜合財務報表及截至2022年9月30日止六個月之中期綜合財務報表之準確性及公平性時,審核委員會不僅關注會計政策及慣例變動的影響,亦關注適用會計準則、上市規則及相關法律規定的遵守情況;
- ii. 與高級管理層及財務人員檢討上年度 本集團風險管理及內部監控系統之成 效;
- iii. 對本集團於上年度之非豁免持續關連 交易進行年度審閱;
- iv. 建議董事會於2022股東週年大會 (「2022股東週年大會」)上重新委任 獨立核數師;
- v. 審閱應付予外聘核數師的核數費用及 非核數服務費用;
- vi. 批准本年度之審核計劃、檢討外聘核 數師之獨立性及批准其委聘;
- vii. 檢討本集團會計、內部審核及財務申報職能以及與本公司環境、社會及管治表現及匯報相關事宜之資源、員工資歷及經驗、培訓計劃及預算之充足性;及
- viii. 檢討及就採納本公司之新反貪污政策 及程序以及經修訂舉報政策及報告流 程向董事會提出建議。

## 企業管治報告

#### 3. Remuneration Committee (set up on 8 January 2018)

The Remuneration Committee consists of three members, namely Mr. Ng Hoi Yue (Chairman of the Committee), Ms. Chan Yee Man, both being INEDs, and Mr. Wong Chi Fai, being an Executive Director.

The major roles and functions of the Remuneration Committee are set out in its terms of reference which include duties specified in the CG Code and are posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

A summary of the work performed by the Remuneration Committee during the Year is set out as follows:

- reviewed the Directors' fees and made recommendation to the Board:
- reviewed the current remuneration structure / package of the Executive Directors and senior management and recommended the Board to approve their specific packages;
- iii. reviewed the remuneration package of newly appointed Director, Mr. Chan Chuen Yin; and
- iv. reviewed the terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee and made recommendation to the Board for approval.

Before recommendation to the Board, the Remuneration Committee has reviewed and assessed the remuneration package of the Directors with reference to the Group's operating results, duties and level of responsibility of the Directors and the prevailing market conditions. Details of the remuneration of each of the Directors for the Year are set out in note 8 to the financial statements.

#### **4. Nomination Committee** (set up on 8 January 2018)

The Nomination Committee consists of three members, namely Mr. Chiu Kin Fai (Chairman of the Committee) and Ms. Chan Yee Man, both being INEDs, Ms. Vanessa Fan (ceased as member of the Committee on 1 September 2022) and Mr. Chan Chuen Yin (appointed on 1 September 2022), being Executive Directors.

#### 3. 薪酬委員會(於2018年1月8日成立)

薪酬委員會由三名成員組成,其分別為獨立非執行董事伍海于先生(委員會主席)、 陳綺雯女士以及執行董事黃志輝先生。

薪酬委員會的主要角色及職能載於其職權 範圍,其中包括企業管治守則所訂明的職 責,並已登載於聯交所及本公司網站。

於本年度內,薪酬委員會所履行之工作概 要載列如下:

- i. 檢討董事袍金並向董事會提供建議; 及
- ii. 檢討執行董事及高級管理人員之薪酬 架構/待遇水平,並就彼等之特定薪 酬待遇向董事會提出建議;
- iii. 檢討新任董事陳傳賢先生的薪酬待 遇;及
- iv. 檢討薪酬委員會的職權範圍,並建議 董事會批准。

向董事會作出建議前,薪酬委員會已參照 本集團的經營業績、董事的職務及職責水 平以及當前市況,審閱及評估董事的薪酬 待遇。本年度各董事的薪酬詳情載於財務 報表附註8。

#### 4. 提名委員會(於2018年1月8日成立)

提名委員會由三名成員組成,其分別為獨立非執行董事招健暉先生(委員會主席)及陳綺雯女士,以及執行董事范敏嫦女士(於2022年9月1日起不再為委員會成員)及陳傳賢先生(於2022年9月1日獲委任)。

## 企業管治報告

The major roles and functions of the Nomination Committee are set out in its terms of reference which include duties specified in the CG Code and are posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for formulating policy and making recommendations to the Board on nomination, appointment and re-appointment of Directors, and Board succession pursuant to the Nomination Policy adopted by the Company.

The Nomination Policy of the Group aims at assisting the Nomination Committee in identifying and nominating suitable candidates for directorship based on the Board Diversity Policy and sets out the nomination criteria and the nomination procedures for (i) nominating new Director to fill a casual vacancy on the Board; (ii) making recommendation to Shareholders regarding any Director proposed for election or re-election at general meeting; and (iii) nomination by Shareholders on election of new Director.

The Nomination Committee may identify potential candidates from any source as it may consider appropriate and evaluate them by considering various factors, including their professional expertise, industry and business experience, time commitments, potential contributions to board diversity, material conflict of interest with the Group (if any) and independence (for INEDs). The Committee will then make recommendation for suitable candidates to the Board for consideration of appointment. In case of reappointment of existing Directors who will retire at an annual general meeting ("AGM"), the Committee will review the retirement by rotation of Directors and make recommendations to the Board accordingly.

A summary of the work performed by the Nomination Committee during the Year is set out as follows:

- reviewed the structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board;
- reviewed the revised Board Diversity Policy, Nomination Policy and terms of reference of the Nomination Committee and made recommendations to the Board for approval;
- iii. reviewed the independence of the INEDs;
- iv. reviewed the confirmation from the Directors on time commitment in performing their duties as Directors;

提名委員會的主要角色及職能載於其職權 範圍,其中包括企業管治守則所訂明的職 責,並已登載於聯交所及本公司網站。

提名委員會負責制定政策並根據本公司採納的提名政策就董事的提名、委任及重新 委任以及董事會繼任向董事會提供建議。

本集團之提名政策旨在協助提名委員會根據董事會多元化政策物色及提名合適的董事候選人,並就(i)提名新董事以填補董事會的臨時空缺;(ii)向股東提出建議以擬於股東大會選舉或重選任何董事;及(iii)股東就新董事的選舉提名列明提名標準及提名程序。

提名委員會可從其認為合適的任何途徑物 色候選人,並通過考慮多項因素對彼等進 行評估,包括其專業知識、行業及業務 驗、投入時間、對董事會多元化的潛 獻、與本集團的重大利益衝突(如有)及 獨立性(就獨立非執行董事而言)。 審其後將向董事會建議適當人選以審議其 委任。就將於股東週年大會(「股東週會 會」)上退任的現任董事之連任,委員 審閱董事的輪值退任,並相應地向董事會 提供建議。

於本年度內,提名委員會所履行之工作概 要載列如下:

- i. 檢討董事會之架構、人數、組成及多元 化;
- ii. 檢討經修訂董事會多元化政策、提名 政策及提名委員會的職權範圍,並建 議董事會批准;
- iii. 檢討獨立非執行董事之獨立性;
- iv. 檢討自董事就履行彼等職責所投入時間之確認書;

## 企業管治報告

- made recommendation to the Board on the re-election of Directors at the 2022 AGM;
- vi. made recommendation to the Board on the appointment of Mr. Chan Chuen Yin as new Director and Managing Director of the Company: and
- vii. made recommendation to the Board on the gender diversity target at Board level.
- 5. Corporate Governance Committee (set up on 8 January 2018)

The Corporate Governance Committee ("CG Committee") consists of five members, namely Ms. Fan Man Seung, Vanessa (Chairperson of the Committee), being an Executive Director, Mr. Chiu Kin Fai and Mr. Ng Hoi Yue, both being INEDs, a representative from company secretarial function and a representative from finance and accounts function.

The specific written terms of reference of the CG Committee is available on the website of the Company. The primary duties of the CG Committee are (a) developing and reviewing the policies and practices on corporate governance of the Company ("CG Policy") and making recommendations to the Board; (b) reviewing and monitoring the policies and practices of the Company on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; (c) developing, reviewing and monitoring the codes of conduct applicable to Directors and relevant employees of the Group regarding dealings in the Company's securities; (d) reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management; and (e) reviewing the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in this report.

A summary of the work performed by the CG Committee during the Year is set out as follows:

- reviewed the CG Policy and made recommendation to the Board;
- ii. reviewed the policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- iii. reviewed the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- iv. reviewed the said codes of conduct applicable to Directors and relevant employees of the Group; and
- v. reviewed the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in Corporate Governance Report.

- v. 就於2022股東週年大會上膺選連任 之董事向董事會提供建議;
- vi. 向董事會建議委任陳傳賢先生為本公司新董事兼董事總經理;及
- vii. 就董事會層面的性別多元化目標向董 事會提出建議。
- **5.** 企業管治委員會(於 2018年1月8日 成立)

企業管治委員會(「企業管治委員會」)由 五名成員組成,其分別為執行董事范敏嫦 女士(委員會主席)、獨立非執行董事招健 暉先生及伍海于先生、一名公司秘書職能 代表及一名財務及會計職能代表。

於本年度內,企業管治委員會所履行之工 作概要載列如下:

- i. 檢討企業管治政策並向董事會提供建 議;
- ii. 檢討在遵守法規及監管規定方面之政 策及常規;
- iii. 檢討董事及高級管理層之培訓及持續 專業發展;
- iv. 檢討董事及本集團相關僱員之適用行 為守則;及
- v. 檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則之情況 及於企業管治報告之披露。

## 企業管治報告

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

During the Year, the Company Secretary, being an employee of the Company, had duly complied with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules by taking no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training.

#### **SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS OF DIRECTORS**

The Company has adopted Ulferts Securities Code as its own code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors on terms no less exacting than the required standards as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules regarding Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers. Having made specific enquiry to Directors, all of them confirmed that they have complied with the required standard of dealings as set out in Ulferts Securities Code throughout the Year.

#### **ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT**

#### **Financial Reporting**

The Directors acknowledged their responsibilities to prepare the annual consolidated financial statements of the Group and other financial disclosures required under the Listing Rules. The management has provided all members of the Board with monthly updates on internal consolidated financial statements which give a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's performance, position and prospects as at the reporting date.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements for the Year, the Board had adopted appropriate accounting policies and applied them consistently, made judgment and estimates that were prudent and reasonable and ensured the consolidated financial statements are prepared on a "going concern" basis (with supporting assumptions or qualifications as necessary) and showed a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group for the Year. The management had provided sufficient explanation and information to the Board on the consolidated financial statements to enable it to make an informed assessment of the financial and other information put before it for approval. The independent auditor of the Company had made a statement about their reporting responsibilities in the Independent Auditor's Report.

#### 公司秘書

於本年度內,公司秘書(為本公司僱員)已全面遵守上市規則第3.29條之規定,接受不少於 15小時之相關專業培訓。

#### 董事之證券交易

本公司已採納歐化證券守則作為其有關董事進行證券交易的自訂守則,其條款不遜於上市規則附錄十所載之《上市發行人董事進行證券交易之標準守則》的規定標準。經向所有董事作出特定查詢後,彼等全體確認,彼等於本年度已遵守歐化證券守則所載之買賣標準。

#### 問責及核數

#### 財務匯報

董事知悉彼等負責編製本集團之年度綜合財務 報表及上市規則所規定之其他財務披露事項。 管理層已每月向董事會全體成員提供內部綜合 財務報表更新資料,以提供於報告日期有關本 集團之表現、狀況及前景的公正及易於理解的 評估。

於編製本年度綜合財務報表時,董事會已採納 適用之會計政策,並貫徹應用該等政策、作出 審慎及合理之判斷及估計,並確保綜合財務報 表按「持續經營」基準編製(於需要時作出支持 性假設或限定性條件)並真實及公平呈列本集 團於本年度之財務狀況。管理層已向董事會提 供有關綜合財務報表之充份解釋及資料以使 事會就向其提交以供批准之財務及其他資料作 出知情評估。本公司之獨立核數師已就彼等之 匯報責任於獨立核數師報告內作出聲明。

## 企業管治報告

#### RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

#### A. Goals and objectives

The Board is responsible to ensure that the Group establishes and maintains appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems ("Control Systems"). Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

Internal control is fundamental to the successful operation and day-to-day running of a business and it assists a company in achieving its business objectives. Internal control policies and procedures within the Group are updated regularly with the primary objective of providing general guidance and recommendations on a basic framework of Control Systems.

The key objectives of the Control Systems include:

- safeguarding assets
- ensuring completeness, accuracy and validity of financial records and reports
- promoting adherence to policies, procedures, regulations
- promoting effectiveness and efficiency of operations

A review has been conducted on (i) the Group's internal control measures and procedures covering all material controls including operational, financial and compliance controls, material risks relating to ESG and the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting, internal audit, financial reporting functions as well as those relating to the Company's ESG performance and reporting; and (ii) risk management functions in the principal subsidiaries of the Company for the Year.

#### 風險管理及內部監控

#### A. 宗旨及目標

董事會負責確保本集團建立及維持適當及 有效的風險管理及內部監控系統(「監控系統」)。該等系統旨在管理而非消除未能實 現業務目標的風險,並僅可就重大錯誤陳 述或損失提供合理而非絕對保證。

內部監控乃成功經營及日常業務營運之基礎,並能協助公司達成其業務目標。本集團之內部監控政策及程序定期更新,主要目標為就監控系統之基本框架提供一般指引及意見。

監控系統之主要目標包括:

- 保障資產
- 確保財務記錄及報告之完整性、準確 性及有效性
- 促進遵守政策、程序、法規及法律
- 促進經營效益及效率

於本年度內,本公司已檢討(i)本集團之內 部監控政策及程序,涵蓋所有重大監控, 包括營運、財務及合規監控、與環境、社 會及管治相關之重大風險以及本公司會 計、內部審核及財務申報職能以及與本公 司環境、社會及管治表現及報告相關者的 資源、員工資格及經驗、培訓課程及預算 之充足性;及(ii)本公司主要附屬公司之 風險管理職能。

## 企業管治報告

#### B. Internal Control

#### 1. Governance Control

The control structure of the Control Systems is set out as follows:

#### The Board

- responsible for the overall Control Systems and reviewing their effectiveness
- oversee the Control Systems on an ongoing basis with the assistance of the Audit Committee
- ensure maintenance of appropriate and effective Control Systems
- define management structure with clear lines of responsibility and limits of authority
- determine the nature and extent of significant risks (including ESG risks) that the Company is willing to take in achieving the strategic objectives and formulate the Group's risk management strategies

#### Audit Committee

- review and discuss the Control Systems with the management annually to ensure that the management has performed its duty to maintain effective Control Systems. This discussion includes the adequacy of resources, staff qualification and experience, training programs and budget of the Company's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting function
- review the nature and extent of significant risks (including ESG risks), and the Company's ability to respond to changes in its business and the external environment
- consider major findings on internal control matters (if any) raised by internal or external auditor and make recommendations to the Board
- review and discuss annually with the significant control failings or weaknesses that are identified and raised by the auditors

#### B. 內部監控

#### 1. 管治監控

監控系統的監控架構載列如下:

#### 董事會

- 負責整個監控系統並審閱其有效 性
- 在審核委員會協助下持續監督監 控系統
- 確保監控系統維持合適及有效性
- 制定有明確責任及權限的管理架 構
- 釐定本公司就達致戰略目標所願 承擔之重大風險(包括環境、社 會及管治風險)之性質及程度, 並制定本集團之風險管理策略

#### 審核委員會

- 每年檢討並與管理層討論監控系統,以確保管理層履行其職責以維持監控系統之有效性。該討論包括本公司會計、內部審核及財務申報職能之資源、員工資格及經驗、培訓課程及預算之充足性
- 檢討重大風險(包括環境、社會及管治風險)之性質及程度,以及本公司應對其業務及外部環境變化之能力
- 考慮內部或外聘核數師提出有關內部監控事宜的重要發現(如有)並向董事會提出建議
- 每年檢討並討論核數師發現及提出之重大監控失效或缺陷

## 企業管治報告

#### Executive Committee

 review the effectiveness of ESG-related risk management and internal control systems and report to the Audit Committee for its review

## The management (includes heads of business units, departments and divisions)

- design and implement the Control Systems policy and procedures duly endorsed by senior management and the Board
- monitor the Control Systems properly and ensure that they are executed effectively
- monitor risks and take measures to mitigate risks in their day-to-day operations
- give prompt responses to, and follow up the findings on internal control matters raised by internal or external auditors
- provide written confirmation to the Board on the effectiveness of the Control Systems
- prepare organization charts to show the reporting relationships within the operation and management to establish lines of responsibilities

#### Internal Audit Department

- carry out the analysis on sample basis and independent appraisal of adequacy and effectiveness of the Control Systems in respect of all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance aspects;
- alert the management on the audit review findings or irregularities, if any, and advise them on the implementation of necessary steps and actions to enhance the internal controls of the Group
- report the results of internal audit reviews and agreed action plans to the Audit Committee and the Board on regular basis.

#### 執行委員會

 檢討環境、社會及管治相關風險 管理及內部監控系統之有效性及 向審核委員會報告其檢討

#### 管理層(包括業務單位、部門及分部 主管)

- 設計及實行由高級管理層及董事 會正式批准之監控系統政策及程序
- 妥為監督監控系統,並確保該系統得以有效執行
- 監察風險並採取措施降低日常營 運風險
- 對內部或外聘核數師提出之有關 內部監控事宜之發現作出及時回 應及跟進
- 就監控系統之有效性向董事會作 出書面確認
- 編製企業架構圖,展現營運及管理內的匯報關係,以建立職能範圍

#### 內部審核部門

- 對監控系統所有重要監控(包括 財務、營運及合規方面)之充足 性及有效性進行抽樣分析及獨立 評價
- 就加強本集團內部監控,向管理 層報告有關審核之發現或不規範 行為(如有),及就採取必要步 驟及行動向彼等提供意見
- 定期向審核委員會及董事會匯報 內部審核檢討之結果及協定執行 之計劃。

## 企業管治報告

#### 2. Operational Controls

During the Year, the management had analyzed the control environment identified risks pertaining thereto, and implemented various controls therein as follows:

- i. Approach taken: The management communicates with relevant staff, reviews relevant documentation of the Control Systems and evaluates findings of any deficiencies in the design of the Group's Control Systems, provides recommendations for improvement and assesses the effectiveness of implementation of such recommendations, where appropriate. The scope and findings of review on the Control Systems will be reported to and reviewed by the Audit Committee annually.
- ii. **Procedure manuals and operational guidelines**: To safeguard the assets against unauthorized use or disposition and ensure maintenance of proper accounting records that are in compliance with the applicable laws, rules and regulations for the provision of reliable financial that are information for internal use and / or external publication.
- iii. Management information system and technology:
  To control over the business activities allows close tracking of various inputs and outputs of the Group's business such as inventory, products, customer information system and human resources. It also tracks audit trails in the authorization system under which permissions and responsibility of authorization are clearly identified and adequate records can be maintained in the Control Systems.
- iv. Reports and variance analysis: Reports and analysis of each operating segment are conducted on regular basis such that the performance of each point of sales and each product category can be easily accessible.

#### 2. 營運監控

於本年度內,管理層已對監控環境及 其相關已識別風險作分析,並就此實 施以下多項監控:

- i. **所採取方法**:管理層與相關員工 進行溝通,並審閱監控系統相關 文件及評估本集團監控系統設計 中所發現之任何不足,就改善措 施提出建議及評估實施有關建議 之有效性(倘適用)。監控系統 審閱的範圍及發現已每年呈報審 核委員會並經其審閱。
- ii. 程序手冊及運作指引:保障資產,以免未經授權使用或處置, 並確保遵守適用法律、規則及法 規存置適當會計記錄,以提供可 靠財務資料供內部使用及/或對 外刊發。
- iii. 管理資訊系統及技術:控制業務 活動,允許密切追蹤本集團業務 之各項輸入及輸出,如存貨、產 品、客戶資料系統及人力資源。 其亦於授權系統追蹤審核程序, 據此,授權許可及責任獲明確識 別及監控系統可存置足夠記錄。
- iv. 報告及差異分析:定期對各經營 分部進行有關報告及分析,故可 易於了解各銷售點及各產品類別 之表現。

## 企業管治報告

- v. Information flow: The transparent information flow alerts the management promptly of any deviations. Benchmarking with historical database and comparisons with the same also acts as a detecting device for spotting unusual activities.
- vi. Safeguarding of assets: A number of general insurance policies are maintained including general accident insurance on the asset in office, warehouse, retail stores against robbery, burglary, fire and flooding. Insurance for unexpected operational risks and marine insurance for cargo shipment from suppliers or manufacturers which are not on CIF terms are also maintained. Stock take is conducted at least once a year and cycle counts may be prescribed by operation head. Daily cash count at retail shops and reconciliation is concluded.
- vii. **Quality control:** starting from procurement stage in selection of furniture suppliers and product offering:
  - For "Ulfenbo" / "Slumberland" products and products for special projects, suppliers and manufacturers are required to produce evidence of compliance such as test reports, raw material suppliers' certificates and documents on electrical parts.
  - Before placing purchase orders with any new furniture suppliers, the procurement team will assess their workmanship and product quality as well as their reputation in the industry.
  - For products of new design which are usually first released in the international furniture exhibitions and fairs, the procurement team will inspect the products for workmanship and safety or quality issue. Regular meetings are held between the procurement team and the inspection and repair team to exchange, discuss and resolve any quality issue with the products. We also engage independent third parties from time to time to inspect products manufactured in the PRC.

- v. **信息流**:透明的信息流及時提醒 管理層任何偏差。以過往數據庫 為基準及與之比較亦為發現不尋 常活動之檢測工具。
- vi. 保障資產:投購多項一般保險,包括為辦公室、倉庫及零售店資產投購之一般意外險,以防盜竊、搶劫、火災及水災。此外亦為無法預料的營運風險投購保險及就由供應商或生產商運送之貨物付運(並非按到岸條款)投購水險。每年至少進行一次盤點,並且可由營運主管規定週期計數。每日於零售店清點現金並進行對賬。
- vii. **品質監控**:從挑選傢俬供應商及 產品供應的採購階段開始:
  - ▶ 就「歐化寶」/「斯林百蘭」 產品及工程項目產品而言, 供應商及生產商須提供合規 證明,例如測試報告、原材 料證書及針對電子零件之文 件。
  - 向任何新傢俬供應商下達 採購訂單前,採購團隊會 評估有關供應商之工藝、 產品質量及其於行內的聲 譽。

## 企業管治報告

- For custom-made furniture, the project team conducts pre-shipment inspection at the factory of our outsourced manufacturers by checking of random samples of the finished products on workmanship and other specifications such as size, labelling and packaging to verify that the finished lots conform to such specifications before delivery.
- When the cargos of our products are shipped to Hong Kong, the logistics team will check the quantity, shipping mark and package condition of the products upon their delivery to our warehouse. If the Company discovers there is any damage to the container, our logistics team will inform insurance broker and see if surveyors need to attend the devanning of the container. When devanning, the logistics team will examine the package condition to look for defect. For products of new model or from new supplier, our procurement and sales team will perform checking when the goods arrive at the store for display.
- ➤ If any complaint is received in respect of any product which is attributable to manufacturing defect, the procurement team in conjunction with the inspection and repair team would make a decision as to whether or not to inspect other pieces of the same product model from the same shipment to see if similar manufacturing defect occurs in the same batch of shipment.
- Our management will be informed if defects are found and our sales director will decide whether to proceed with insurance claim and / or liaise with the relevant supplier for negotiation of appropriate remedy.

- 》 訂製傢俬方面,工程團隊 在外判生產商工廠內進行 裝運前檢測,透過隨機抽 樣檢查成品之工藝及其他 規格(如尺寸、標籤及包 裝),以核實製成品批次在 付運前符合有關規格。
- ▶ 當選若何保是拆包號產,關係
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- ▶ 倘若任何產品因生產瑕疵 而接到投訴,採購團隊會 連同檢查維修團隊一同決 定是否要檢查同一批貨 物同一產品型號的其餘貨 品,查明同一批貨物是否 有類似的生產瑕疵。
- ➤ 瑕疵一經發現便會向管理 層報告,而銷售總監將決 定是否提出保險索賠及/ 或聯絡相關供應商商討適 當補救措施。

## 企業管治報告

- viii. **Purchase**: The Group maintains a list of approved suppliers for purchase of inventory. All suppliers and their payment terms are pre-approved by Managing Director and recorded in systems. Managing Director stipulates the amount of inventory purchase each month after taking into account of inventory level and sales forecast. Inventory provision policy is based on aging position of inventory items and their condition. All consignment items are approved by Managing Director on a case-by-case basis.
- ix. **Retail Sales and wholesale sales**: Discount policy and credit policy are in place. All discounts offered must be pre-approved by management. No credit is given to retail customers. Goods refund must be approved by management. Consignment of Ulfenbo / Slumberland products to dealers must be approved by General Manager.

#### 3. Financial Controls

- proper controls are in place for the recording of complete, accurate and timely accounting and management information;
- ii. annual budget and quarterly forecast on all capital and revenue items are prepared and approved by the management before being adopted;
- iii. the management monitors the business activities closely and reviews monthly financial results of operations against budgets / forecast;
- iv. regular reports on revenue, trade receivables' ageing and debtors' ageing, stock ageing and internal financial reports are prepared to the management which give a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's financial performance;
- v. monthly updates on internal consolidated financial statements are provided to management and all Directors which give a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's performance, financial position, liquidity and prospects in sufficient details;

- viii. 採購:本集團保留一份採購庫存 之經批准的供應商清單。所有供 應商及其付款條款均由董事總經 理預先批准並記錄於系統。計及 庫存水平及銷售預測後,董事總 經理規定每月的庫存採購量。庫 存供應策略乃基於庫存項目的老 化狀況及其條件。所有寄售項目 均由董事總經理根據具體情況批 准。
- ix. 零售銷售及批發銷售:貼現政策和信貸政策到位。所有折扣必須由管理層預先批准。零售客戶不會獲得任何信貸。退款必須獲得管理層批准。向經銷商寄售歐化實/斯林百蘭產品亦必須獲總經理的批准。

#### 3. 財務監控

- i. 已建立適當的監控程序,確保全面、準確及準時記錄會計及管理 資料;
- ii. 所有資本及收入項目之年度預算 及季度預測編製後,均須先獲管 理層批准方可採納;
- iii. 管理層嚴密監控業務活動並每月 將經營之財務業績與預算/預測 進行對比檢討;
- iv. 為管理層編製收入、貿易應收款 項賬齡及應收債項賬齡的定期 報告、存貨賬齡以及內部財務報 告,對本集團的財務表現給予平 衡及可理解的評估;
- v. 每月向管理層及全體董事提供內 部綜合財務報表的更新,其中載 有本集團表現、財務狀況、流動 資金及前景的持平及易於理解的 評估,並具有充足詳情;

## 企業管治報告

- vi. bank reconciliation is performed on monthly basis to identify unrecorded bank transactions;
- vii. monthly inventory count is performed in storerooms and warehouse:
- viii. annual audit by external auditor is carried out to ensure that the consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the Group's accounting policies and the applicable laws and regulations;
- ix. daily available fund report is reviewed to monitor the cash flows against budgets / forecast; and
- x. review the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff for accounting and financial reporting function and their training programs.

#### 4. Compliance Controls

The following policies and procedures are in place to safeguard the compliance control:

- i. Systems and procedures on disclosure of inside information to ensure, with the assistance of an internal work team (if required), that any material information which comes to the knowledge of any one or more officers should be promptly identified, assessed and escalated, where appropriate, for the attention of the Board. The Board shall make timely decisions on disclosure, if necessary, and take appropriate measures to preserve confidentiality of inside information until proper dissemination of inside information;
- ii. Policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements which shall be reviewed and monitored regularly by the Corporate Governance Committee as delegated by the Board in order to ensure that the Company is in compliance with all the applicable laws, statues, rules and regulations and keep up on any legal developments;

- vi. 每月進行銀行對賬,以識別未記 錄的銀行交易;
- vii. 每月盤點庫房及倉庫的庫存;
- viii. 外聘核數師進行年度審核以確保 綜合財務報表乃根據公認會計原 則、本集團之會計政策及適用的 法律及法規編製;
- ix. 審閱每日所得的資金報告,以就 現金流量與預算/預測的對比進 行監控;及
- x. 審查會計及財務報告職能的工作 人員資源、資格及經驗的充足性 及其培訓計劃。

#### 4. 合規監控

設有以下政策及程序以保障合規監 控:

- i. 設有內幕消息披露機制及程序, 以在內部工作小組(如需要)協 助下確保任何一名或多名主要人 員得悉的任何重大資料須予及時 識別、評估及提交(倘適用)至 董事會。董事會須就披露(如需 要)作出適時決定,並採取適當 措施將內幕消息保密,直至妥善 發佈內幕消息為止;
- ii. 有關遵守法律及監管規定之政 策與常規會由董事會委派之企 業管治委員會定期檢討及監 察,確保本公司遵守所有適用 法律、法規、規則及規例,並 跟上任何法律發展;

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- iii. CCT Compliance Committee is established to monitor, control and regularly review connected transactions and continuing connected transactions of the Group and ensure proper compliance with all relevant laws and regulations, the Listing Rules and disclosure requirements;
- iv. Whistle-blowing policy is established to provide reporting channels and guidance for employees and related third parties who have business dealings with the Group (e.g. customers and suppliers) to raise concerns and anonymity, in confidence, about any suspected misconduct or malpractice within the Company. The Audit Committee, delegated by the Board, shall ensure that proper arrangements are in place for fair and independent investigation of any concerns raised, appropriate follow-up actions are taken and other recommendations are provided, if thinks fit:
- v. Anti-corruption policy is established to outline the Group's zero-tolerance stance against bribery and corruption and assists employees in recognizing circumstances that may lead to or give the appearance of being involved in corruption or unethical business conduct, so as to avoid such conduct which is clearly prohibited, and to promptly seek guidance where necessary or report any reasonably suspected case of corruption or any attempts thereof, to the management through an appropriate reporting channel; and
- vi. Anti-money laundering and counter-terrorist financing policy and procedures is established to set out the general framework for combating crime against money laundering and financing of terrorism. It provides guideline to prevent the Group's employees and clients / customers / suppliers / vendors / contractors from being misused for money laundering, terrorist financing or other financial crime and has set out some indications of potentially suspicious transactions / activities for employees' reference.

- iii. 設立持續關連交易合規委員會以 監察、監控及定期檢討本集團之 關連交易及持續關連交易,並確 保妥為符合一切相關法律及法 規、上市規則及披露規定;
- iv. 制定舉報政策,旨在為本集團僱員及與本集團有業務往來的相關第三方(如客戶及供應商)提供舉報渠道及指引,以保密方式為本公司內部的任何可疑不當行為或舞弊提出關注及匿名舉報。由董事會授權的審核委員會應確保作出適當安排,以公平及獨立當管所提出的任何疑慮,採取適當後續行動,並在認為合適的情況下提供其他建議;
- v. 制定反貪污政策,以概述本集團 對賄賂及貪污的零容忍立場,並 協助僱員識別可能導致或疑似涉 及貪污或不道德商業行為的情 況,從而避免有關明確禁止的行 為,及於必要時及時尋求指引, 或通過適當舉報渠道向管理層報 告任何合理懷疑之貪污個案或任 何有關企圖;及
- vi. 制定反洗錢及反恐融資政策及程序,以制定打擊洗錢及為恐怖主義融資犯罪的總體框架。其提供指導方針,以防止本集團的僱員及顧客/客戶/供應商/供應商/承包商被濫用於洗錢、恐怖主義融資或其他金融犯罪,並載明若干潛在可疑交易/活動的跡象,供僱員參考。

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#### **Review of Internal Controls**

Effectiveness of internal controls is tested by Internal Audit Department regularly. Internal audit reviews and agreed action plans should be reported to the Audit Committee and the Board on timely basis.

#### C. Risk Management

#### 1. Risk Management Process

The Management regularly reviews overall risks facing by the Group and changes in market environment. The risk management process includes risk identification, risk evaluation, risk management measures and risk control and review.

The management is entrusted with duties to identify, analyze, evaluate, respond, monitor and communicate risks associated with any activity, function or process within its scope of responsibility and authority. Risks are evaluated by the Board and management based on (i) the severity of the impact of the risk on the Group's financial results; (ii) the probability that the risk will occur; and (iii) the velocity or speed at which risk may occur.

Based on the risk evaluation, the Company will manage the risk as follows:

- Risk elimination the management may identify and implement certain changes or controls that in effect eliminate the risk entirely.
- Risk mitigation the management may implement risk mitigation plan designed to reduce the likelihood, velocity or severity of the risk to an acceptable level or contingency plan for possible loss scenarios.
- Risk control and monitoring it involves making decisions regarding which risks are acceptable and how to address those that are not; accidents and other situations involving loss or near-loss will be investigated and properly documented as part of the effort to manage risks.
- Risk retention the management may decide that the risk rating is low enough that the risk is acceptable level and no action is required and the risk will continue to be monitored as part of the risk management program to ensure the level of risk does not increase to an unacceptable level.

#### 檢討內部監控

由內部審核部門定期測試內部監控的有效性。 內部審核檢討及經協定之行動計劃應及時向審 核委員會及董事會匯報。

#### C. 風險管理

#### 1. 風險管理程序

管理層定期檢討本集團面臨的整體風險及市場環境變化。風險管理程序包括風險識別、風險評估、風險管理措施及風險監控及檢討。

管理層獲委派於其責任及權力範圍內 識別、分析、評估、應對、監察及傳達 與任何活動、職務或程序有關風險。董 事會及管理層根據(i)風險對本集團財 務業績造成之影響之嚴重性;(ii)風險 發生之概率;及(iii)風險發生之速度或 速率,對風險進行評估。

根據風險評估,本公司將按以下方式管理風險:

- 風險消除-管理層可識別及實施若干變動或監控,以完全消除風險。
- 減低風險水平-管理層可實施風 險緩解計劃,旨在使風險之可能 性、速度或嚴重性降低降至可接 受水平,或就潛在虧損情境預備 應變方案。
- 風險監控及監察一涉及對那種風險屬可接受及如何應對不可接受之風險作出決定;而作為管理風險之一部分,對涉及造成損失或接近損失之事故及其他情況將進行調查並妥為存檔。
- 維持風險水平一管理層可確定基於風險評級屬於低而風險屬可接受水平而毋須採取任何措施以及作為風險管理計劃的一部分,將繼續監察風險以確保風險不會上升至不可接受水平。

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#### 2. Significant Risks and Strategies

Certain significant risks have been identified through the process of risk identification and assessment. Such significant risks of the Group and their respective key strategies / control measures are set out below:

 Decline in consumption demand resulted from downturn in economic, unstable social conditions and outbreak of COVID-19

Facing the unfavourable market situation, the Group:

- Proactively manages the Group's geographical presences and develops alternative sales channel including online shopping;
- Optimizes business operations and shop establishments;
- Takes stringent cost control measures including human resources streamline plan, rental concession / reduction negotiation with landlord, close loss-making showrooms;
- Closely monitors inventory level;
- Offers more promotion discount to boost sales; and
- Introduces new brands and improve synergy to gain new market segment and channels.
- ii. Interruption of supply chain due to outbreak of COVID-19 and suspension of suppliers' manufacturing plants
  - Diversify suppliers from different geographical area to maintain a stable inventory supply;
  - Open communication channels with customers and to explore alternative arrangements;
  - Maintain close contact with suppliers to ensure that goods can be shipped once the suppliers resume production; and
  - Keep sufficient stock to cater for the possible longer lead time

#### 2. 重大風險及策略

本集團已透過風險識別及評估程序識別若干重大風險。本集團所面臨的該等重大風險以及其相關之主要策略/控制措施載列如下:

#### i. 經濟下行、社會狀況不穩定及 COVID-19疫情爆發導致消費需 求下降

面對不利的市場狀況,本集團:

- 積極管理本集團的地域據 點並開發包括線上購物在 內的代替銷售渠道;
- 優化業務營運及店舗設置;
- 採取嚴格的成本控制措施, 包括人力資源精簡計劃、與 業主協商租金優惠/減免、 關閉虧損陳列室;
- 密切監控存貨水平;
- 提供更多促銷折扣以提高 銷售;及
- 引入新品牌及提升協同效 應以獲得新市場分部及渠 道。

#### ii. COVID-19疫情爆發及供應商生 產廠房停工導致供應鏈中斷

- 多樣化來自不同地區的供 應商,以維持穩定的存貨 供應;
- 開放客戶溝通渠道,探尋 其他安排;
- 與供應商保持密切聯繫, 以確保一旦供應商恢復生 產,商品能即裝運;及
- 維持充足庫存以應對可能 出現的較長交付週期。

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## iii. Threat of disruption of operation due to staff's contraction of COVID-19

COVID-19 is a highly contagious disease. During 2022, those in close contact with the virus carrier are subject to quarantine. Retail outlets, offices and restaurants with staff contracting the disease are required to suspend business temporarily for thorough disinfection. To minimize the risk:

- Every day Human Resources Department will identify if there is any staff living in the same building / estate with confirmed case on the previous day;
- At the same time, all staff living in the same building with confirmed case are required to report to the Company;
- Staff living in the same building with confirmed case is required to work from home if possible, or otherwise take sick leave with immediate effect and to undergo COVID-19 test. Such staff may only resume normal working after obtaining negative test result;
- The Company implements split team arrangement with part of the staff work from home ("WFH"); shorten the business hours of its showrooms and roadshows during the period when the threat of community infection is high;
- Working hours for office staff have been adjusted to avoid the peak hours;
- The Company provides masks for staff and sanitizers at work place;
- Reduce number of meetings and the participants and use video-conference to minimize close contact among staff;
- Minimize cross location contacts;
- Purchase notebook for computer upgrade to facilitate WFH; and

#### iii. 員工感染 COVID-19 導致的經營 中斷風險

COVID-19是一種高傳染性疾病。於2022年,病毒攜帶者的密切接觸者須接受隔離。零售店、辦公室及餐廳如有員工感染該病,則須暫停營業進行全面消毒。為將風險降至最低:

- 每天人力資源部門將確定 是否有員工住在同一樓宇 或屋苑內有前一天的確診 病例;
- 同時,所有居住在有確診 病例樓宇的員工須向本公 司進行報告;
- 如可能,居住在有確診病例 樓宇的員工須在家工作, 或者立即請病假,接受 COVID-19檢測。有關員工 僅在檢測結果為陰性後方可 恢復正常工作;
- 本公司於社區感染風險較高的時期實行分開辦公室之安排(部分員工在家工作)及縮短陳列室及路演工作時間;
- 調整辦公室員工之工作時間以避免高峰期;
- 本公司在工作場所為員工 提供口罩及消毒劑;
- 減少會議次數及與會人數, 採用視頻會議盡量減少員工 之間進行密切接觸;
- 跨地點接觸最小化;
- 購買筆記型電腦用於電腦升級,以便在家工作;及

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 As the threat of COVID-19 declined in Q1 & Q2 2023, the Company also follows the government's move to relax some of the above measures. The Company will keep monitoring the development of COVID-19.

#### iv. Reliance on Hong Kong market

To diversify the market exposure, the Group explores online option with no territorial limitation.

#### v. Shop location and rental expenses

Shop rental is always the key cost component of the Group. The significant fluctuation of shop rents may affect the Group's profitability. The Company seeks to reduce the risk of cost increases in the following ways:

- Establish good relationship with landlords and developers, keep abreast of rental of premises in the vicinity to cater for showroom replacement, if required:
- Explore other locations with good potential at reasonable level. Traffic and relative position to competitors nearby are also evaluated;
- Perform profitability forecast to determine financial viability;
- Closely monitor individual shop performance and profitability to determine their renewal options;
- Set up pop up stores at low rent to learn more about the foot traffic and spending power of the location before setting up a long-term showroom; and
- critically review and consolidate its point of sales and roadshows to take into account the impact of decline in consumption.

• 由於2023年第一季度及第 二季度COVID-19的威脅下 降,本公司亦遵循政府舉 措,放寬上述部分措施。本 公司將繼續監察COVID-19 的發展。

#### iv. 依賴香港市場

為分散市場風險,本集團開發在 線選擇,不受地域限制。

#### v. 店舗位置及租金開支

店舖租金始終是本集團的主要成本組成部分。店舖租金的重大波動可能會影響本集團的盈利能力。本公司力求通過以下方式降低成本增加的風險:

- 與業主及發展商建立良好關係,及時了解附近物業的租金情況,以便在需要時更換陳列室;
- 在合理水平上探索具有良好 潛力的其他地點。亦會評估 附近競爭對手的客流量及相 對位置;
- 進行盈利能力預測,以確 定財務可行性;
- 密切監控個體店舖的業績 和盈利能力,以釐定其續 期選擇;
- 以低廉的租金設立快閃店, 以在設立長期陳列室前進一 步瞭解該地的人流量及消費 能力;及
- 嚴謹地檢討及鞏固其銷售 點及路演,以考慮消費減 少的影響。

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#### vi. Product selection

Product selection is the area where the Group should focus on in order to make sure that we stay ahead of the competition:

- The Group maintains a high quality purchasing team with good market trend knowledge;
- Convene regular sales meeting to review the sales trend and market response to products; and
- Visit suppliers and furniture fairs after Hong Kong gradually resumes to normal.

#### vii. Inventories turnover management

A higher, or quicker, inventory turnover decreases the cash conversion cycle. An effective inventories turnover management is in place:

- There is regular review on inventory ageing position and comparison with sales forecast and market trend:
- High-value items are purchased after sales orders are received:
- Maintain close business relationship and communication with manufacturers to strive for optimal and timely supply;
- Hold bargain and warehouse sale for long aged items; and
- Select suppliers that have no minimum order quantity.

#### viii. Cyber security risk

In order to mitigate cyber security risk, the following measures are in place:

- The Company's IT infrastructure is regularly scanned and patched;
- Risky external IP addresses are blocked;

#### vi. 產品選擇

產品選擇乃本集團應關注區域, 以確保我們在競爭中保持領先地 位:

- 本集團維持深諳市場趨勢的高質素採購團隊;
- 召開定期銷售會議,以審 查銷售趨勢及產品市場反 應;及
- 於香港逐漸恢復正常後,參 觀供應商及傢俱展。

#### vii. 存貨周轉管理

更高或更快的存貨周轉會降低現 金轉換週期。本集團已制定有效 的存貨周轉管理:

- 定期審查庫存賬齡狀況以 及與銷售預測及市場趨勢 比較;
- 在收到銷售後購買高價值 產品;
- 與製造商保持密切的業務 關係及溝通,以爭取最佳 與及時之供應;
- 為庫存賬齡較長的物品進 行議價及開倉銷售;及
- 甄選並無最低訂單量的供 應商。

#### viii. 網絡安全風險

為降低網絡安全風險,本集團已 制定以下措施:

- 本公司會定期掃描資訊科技設施並修補漏洞;
- 具風險的外部IP地址會遭 阻截;

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- Emails are filtered for spam and malware and training about dangerous email attachments are provided:
- Install specialized ransomware / virus detection software in all computers;
- Access rights to the Group's systems are strictly controlled and regularly reviewed; and
- Regular backups of data for recovery.

#### ix. Risk on unethical behaviour of the Board and employees

- Strengthen supervision, management accountability and financial control:
- Improve risk management and internal control systems;
- Evaluate and enhance internal audit functions:
- Maintain effective whistleblowing policy and procedures as well as employee handbook;
- Promote culture of integrity; and
- Maintain policy and procedures on disclosure of interest before transaction.

#### D. Management Confirmation

The Board acknowledged that it had received a confirmation from the management on the effectiveness of the Control Systems of the Group for the Year. The Audit Committee and the Board, upon reviewing the Control Systems, were not aware of any significant issues that would have an adverse impact on the effectiveness and adequacy of the Group's operational, financial and compliance areas of the Control Systems.

- 電子郵件會過濾垃圾郵件及 惡意軟件,並提供危險郵件 附件相關培訓;
- 在所有計算機上安裝特定 勒索軟件/病毒檢測軟件;
- 本集團嚴格控制及定期檢 討其系統的訪問權限;及
- 定期備份數據,以進行恢 復。

#### ix. 董事會及僱員的不道德行為風險

- 加強監督、管理問責及財務 控制;
- 改進風險管理及內部控制 系統;
- 評估及加強內部審計職能;
- 維持有效的舉報政策及程序以及員工手冊;
- 提倡誠信文化;及
- 維持於交易前披露權益的 政策及程序。

#### D. 管理層確認

董事會確認已接獲管理層於本年度就本集 團之監控系統成效之確認書。審核委員會 及董事會經檢討監控系統後,並不知悉任 何將對本集團監控系統在經營、財務及合 規方面之成效及充足性產生不利影響之重 大事官。

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#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Company has adopted a dividend policy setting out the principles for the Board to determine appropriate amount of dividend to be distributed to the Shareholders. The Company intends to provide Shareholders with regular interim and final dividends (as the case may be) based on the earnings attributable to its Shareholders after taking into consideration of the factors as stated in the policy, including inter alia, (i) cash flow requirements for business operations; (ii) cash available, financial liabilities and capital commitment; (iii) market environment and challenges; and (iv) future development and investment opportunities. The declaration of dividends or recommendation on such payment shall be subject to all applicable laws, rules and regulations including but not limited to the Listing Rules, the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) ("CO") and the Articles of Association of the Company.

#### **COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS**

The Company's Shareholders' Communication Policy (available on the website of the Company) sets out the strategies, practices and commitment for maintaining ongoing and effective communication with Shareholders, both individual and institutional, and in appropriate circumstances, the investment community at large so as to enable them to engage with the Company and exercise their rights as shareholders in an informed manner. To this end, the Company strives to ensure that all Shareholders have ready and timely access to all publicly available information of the Group. To facilitate communication with Shareholders and the investment community, the Company has established various communication channels, as follows: (i) the holding of AGMs and extraordinary general meetings, if any, which may be convened for specific purposes to provide opportunities for the Shareholders to communicate directly to the Board; (ii) the publication of announcements, annual reports, interim reports and / or circulars as required under the Listing Rules and press releases providing updated information of the Group; (iii) the availability of latest information of the Group on the Company's website at https://www. UlfertsIntl.com; (iv) the holding of press conference(s) from time to time; and (v) meeting with investors and analysts on a regular basis and participate investor road show and sector conference.

#### 股息政策

本公司已採納一項股息政策,訂明董事會釐定 將分配予股東之適當股息金額之原則。本公司 擬根據其股東應佔之盈利,向股東支付定期中 期及末期股息(視情況而定),當中已考慮該 策所載因素(其中包括)(i)業務營運之現或 量要求;(ii)可用現金、金融負債和資本承諾 量要求;(ii)可用現金、金融負債和資本承 這要求;機會。宣派股息或就此派付之建議須遵守 機會。宣派股息或就此派付之建議須遵守市規 則、公司條例(香港法例第622章)(「公司條 例」)及本公司組織章程細則。

#### 與股東之溝涌

本公司的股東傳訊政策(可於本公司網站查 閱)規定與股東(個人及機構)以及在適當情況 下與整個投資界保持持續有效溝通的策略、實 務及承諾,以使彼等與本公司保持溝通聯繫, 並在知情情況下行使彼等作為股東的權利。為 此,本公司致力確保全體股東可隨時及及時取 得本集團所有公開資料。為推動與股東及投資 界的溝通,本公司已建立多個溝通渠道,詳情 如下:(i)舉行股東週年大會及可能就特定目 的召開之股東特別大會(如有),藉以提供機 會讓股東直接與董事會溝通;(ji)根據上市規 則之規定刊發公告、年報、中期報告及/或通 函及提供本集團最新資料之新聞稿;(iii)發放 本集團之最新資料於本公司網站https://www. UlfertsIntl.com;(iv)不時舉行記者招待會;及 (v)定期與投資者及分析員會面,及參加投資者 路演及業界大會。

## 企業管治報告

Regular dialogue with institutional Shareholders and general presentations are made when financial results are announced. Shareholders and investors are welcome to visit the Company's website to raise enquiries through our Investor Relations Department whose contact details are available on the Company's website and the "Corporate Information and Key Dates" section of this annual report.

本公司與機構股東定期對話,發佈財務業績時亦會舉行全面發佈會。歡迎股東及投資者瀏覽本公司網站及透過本公司投資者關係部門查詢,該部門之聯絡詳情可於本公司網站及本年報「公司資料及重要日期」一節查閱。

Separate resolutions are proposed at the general meetings for substantial separate issues, including re-election of retiring Directors. The Company's notice to Shareholders for AGM is sent to Shareholders at least 21 days before the meeting and notices of all other general meetings are sent to Shareholders at least 14 days before the meetings. The Chairman of the Board and the chairman / members of the Board Committees, appropriate management executives and the independent auditor were available to attend the 2022 AGM to answer questions from the Shareholders. With the assistance of the Company Secretary, the Chairman of the meeting had explained the procedures for conducting a poll voting during the meeting.

獨立事宜(包括重選退任董事)均於股東大會上提呈個別決議案。本公司致股東之股東週年大會通告已於大會舉行前至少21日向股東發送,而所有其他股東大會之通告則於該等大會舉行前至少14日向股東發送。董事會主席及董事會委員會主席/成員、適當管理人員及獨立核數師可出席2022股東週年大會,以回答股東提問。透過公司秘書之協助,大會主席已於大會上解釋以點票方式表決的程序。

The Company shall review the Shareholders' Communication Policy annually to ensure its implementation and effectiveness. Having considered the multiple channels of communication and engagement in place, the Board is satisfied that the Shareholders' Communication Policy has been properly in place during the Year and is effective.

本公司應每年檢討股東溝通政策以確保其實施及成效。經考慮現有多種溝通及參與渠道, 董事會信納,股東溝通政策於本年度已適當實施,日屬有效。

#### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Set out below is a summary of certain rights of the Shareholders as required to be disclosed pursuant to the CG Code:

#### Right to Convene / Call General Meetings

Shareholder(s) representing at least 5% of the total voting rights of all the Shareholders having a right to vote at general meetings may send a request to the Company pursuant to Section 566 of the CO. The request must state the general nature of the business to be dealt with at the meeting, and may include the text of resolution that may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at the meeting. Requests may consist of several documents in like form. A request may be sent to the Company at its registered office for the attention of the Company Secretary in hard copy form or in electronic form and must be authenticated by the relevant Shareholder(s). Such request will be verified with the Company's share registrar and the Company Secretary will request the Board to convene a general meeting within 21 days upon its confirmation that the request is in order. Such meeting must be held on a date not more than 28 days after the date of the notice convening the meeting and such notice must include notice of the resolution.

#### 股東之權利

根據企業管治守則須予披露之若干股東權利之 摘要如下:

#### 召集/召開股東大會之權利

## 企業管治報告

Section 568 of the CO provides that if the Directors do not within 21 days as stated above to call a general meeting, the Shareholders representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves call a general meeting, but the meeting so convened must be called for a date not more than 3 months after the Directors become subject to the requirement to call a meeting. The meeting must be called in the same matter, as nearly as possible, as that in which that meeting is required to be called by the Directors. The business that may be dealt with at the meeting includes a resolution to be dealt with at the meeting. All reasonable expenses incurred by the Shareholders of this purpose must be reimbursed by the Company.

公司條例第568條規定倘董事未按以上所述於21日內召開股東大會,則佔全體股東總表決權一半以上之股東,可自行召開股東大會,但如此召開之大會須在董事收到召開大會要求後不超過三個月舉行。該大會須以盡可能接近董事召開大會之同樣方式召開。可能於大會上處理之事宜包括將於會上處理之決議案。股東就此產生的所有合理開支須由本公司償還。

#### **Putting forward Proposals at General Meetings**

Section 615 of the CO provides that (i) Shareholder(s) representing at least 2.5% of the total voting rights of all Shareholders; or (ii) at least 50 Shareholders having a right to vote on the resolution at the AGM may request the Company to circulate a notice of a resolution to be properly moved or is intended to be moved at that meeting. Such request must identify the resolution to be moved at the AGM, must be authenticated by the relevant Shareholder(s) and sent to the registered office of the Company for the attention of the Company Secretary in hard copy form or in electronic form not later than 6 weeks before the relevant AGM or if later, the time when the notice of AGM is dispatched.

#### Proposing a Person for Election as a Director

The procedures for Shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director are available for viewing on the Company's website.

#### **Enquires from Shareholders**

Shareholders should direct their enquiries about their shareholdings to the Company's share registrar, Tricor Secretaries Limited. Other Shareholders' enquiries can be directed to the Investor Relations Department of the Company.

#### CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

For the purpose of providing flexibility to the Company in relation to the conduct of general meeting to be held as a hybrid meeting where Shareholders may attend by electronic means in addition to being present in person, the Company adopted a new articles of association ("New Articles of Association") during the Year. The adoption of the New Articles of Association was approved by the Shareholders at the 2022 AGM. The New Articles of Association is available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

#### 於股東大會上提出建議之權利

公司條例第615條規定:(i)佔全體有表決權的股東最少2.5%之股東;或(ii)最少50名擁有權於股東週年大會上就決議案表決之股東可要求本公司發出關於將在該會議上恰當地動議並擬在該會議上動議決議案的通告。該要求須指出有待於股東週年大會上動議之決議案,須經相關股東認證並不遲於相關股東週年大會通告時間前6個星期以列印本或電子版送至本公司註冊辦事處予公司秘書。

#### 提名他人參選董事

股東提名他人參選董事之程序可於本公司網站 杳閱。

#### 股東查詢

股東可向本公司之股份過戶登記處卓佳秘書商 務有限公司查詢彼等之持股情況。股東之其他 查詢可向本公司投資者關係部門作出。

#### 組織章程文件

為使本公司可更靈活舉行股東大會,股東除可親身出席實體會議外,更可通過電子方式參加混合會議,因此本公司於本年度採納新組織章程細則(「新組織章程細則」)。股東於2022股東週年大會上批准採納新組織章程細則。新組織章程細則可於聯交所及本公司網站查閱。

## 企業管治報告

#### **AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE AND REMUNERATION**

The Audit Committee is mandated to review and monitor the independence of the auditor to ensure objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with applicable standards. Members of the Audit Committee were of the view that the Company's auditor, Messrs. Ernst & Young ("EY") is independent and had recommended the Board to propose its re-appointment as the Company's auditor at the 2023 AGM. During the Year, EY had rendered audit services and certain non-audit services to the Group and the remuneration paid / payable to it by the Group is set out as follows:

#### 核數師之獨立性及酬金

審核委員會獲授權根據適用之準則審閱及監督 核數師之獨立性,以確保綜合財務報表審計過 程之客觀性及有效性。審核委員會成員認為, 本公司之核數師安永會計師事務所(「安永」)屬 獨立人士並建議董事會於2023股東週年大會 上提呈重新委任其為本公司之核數師。於本年 度內,安永曾向本集團提供核數服務及若干非 核數服務,而本集團已付/應付予彼之酬金載 列如下:

Service rendered 所提供服務	Fees paid/ payable 已付/應付費用
	HK\$' 000 千港元
Audit services 核數服務	800
Non-audit services: 非核數服務:	
<ul> <li>Agreed-upon procedures for continuing connected transactions</li> <li>持續關聯交易的議定程序</li> </ul>	17
<ul> <li>Review of preliminary results announcement</li> <li>審閱初步業績公告</li> </ul>	9

獨立核數師報告



To the members of Ulferts International Limited

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Ulferts International Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 66 to 139, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2023, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致歐化國際有限公司股東 (於香港註冊成立之有限公司)

#### 意見

我們已審計列載於第66頁至第139頁的歐化國際有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於2023年3月31日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的《香港財務報告準則」)真實而公允地反映了 貴集團於2023年3月31日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

#### 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計 準則》(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在 該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就 審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一 步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會 計師道德守則》(「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集 團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。我 們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當 地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

### 獨立核數師報告

#### **Key audit matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

#### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在對綜合財務報表整體進行審計並形成意見的背景下進行處理的,我們不對這些事項提供單獨的意見。我們對下述每一事項在審計中是如何應對的描述也以此為背景。

我們已經履行了本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分闡述的責任,包括與這些關鍵審計事項相關的責任。相應地,我們的審計工作包括執行為應對評估的綜合財務報表重大錯報風險而設計的審計程序。我們執行審計程序的結果,包括應對下述關鍵審計事項所執行的程序,為綜合財務報表整體發表審計意見提供了基礎。

#### Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

## Write-down of inventories to net realisable value 撇減存貨至可變現淨值

The Group had inventories with a carrying amount of approximately HK\$43,639,000 as at 31 March 2023. The Group periodically reviews the net realisable value of inventories to determine whether any write-down of inventories to their net realisable value is required. In estimating the net realisable value of inventories, the Group considers, inter alia, the nature, ageing and condition of inventories, current market condition and other relevant factors.

貴集團於2023年3月31日有賬面值約43,639,000港元之存貨。 貴集團對存貨之可變現淨值進行定期審查,以 釐定是否需要將存貨撇減至可變現淨值。於估計存貨之可 變現淨值時, 貴集團會考慮(其中包括)存貨之性質、庫 齡及狀態、現行市況及其他有關因素。 We evaluated management's assessment of whether the Group's inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Our procedures included evaluating the methodologies, inputs and assumptions used by the Group in determining the net realisable value of inventories and the write-down of inventories required, with reference to, inter alia, the nature, ageing and conditions of inventories, historical and subsequent sales information, and current market conditions.

我們已評核管理層就 貴集團之存貨是否按成本與可變現 淨值之間的較低值呈列所作之評估。我們的評核程序包括評 核 貴集團在釐定存貨之可變現淨值及所需之存貨撇減時 所運用之方法、輸入數據及假設,當中參考(其中包括)存 貨之性質、庫齡及狀態,過往及往後銷售資料,以及現行市 況。

## 獨立核數師報告

#### Key Audit Matters (continued)

#### 關鍵審核事項(續)

#### Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

The determination of the net realisable value of inventories requires management to make significant assumptions and estimates that affect the reported amount of inventories and related disclosures.

釐定可變現淨值需要管理層作出重大假設及估計,其可影響存貨之申報金額及相關披露。

We focus on this matter due to the magnitude of the balance involved and the significant accounting judgements and estimates required in estimating the net realisable value of inventories.

由於有關結餘之金額龐大,且估計存貨之可變現淨值需要運用重大會計判斷及估計,故我們把注意力放在這事項。

The related disclosures are included in notes 3 and 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

相關披露資料載於綜合財務報表附註3及15。

#### Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

## Impairment assessment on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產之減值評估

The Group's management performed impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets for identified retail stores that continued to underperform by estimating the recoverable amounts of their property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets based on value-in-use calculations.

貴集團管理層已透過根據使用價值計算估計表現持續欠佳 的零售店的物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產的可回收金 額對該等物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產進行減值評估。 We evaluated the Group's policy and procedures in identifying impairment indicators and assessed management's significant assumptions used in the value-in-use calculations by (i) comparing the budgeted turnover with historical results; and (ii) assessing the sensitivity of management's estimates and assumptions used in evaluating whether a reasonably possible change in assumptions could cause the carrying amounts to exceed their recoverable amounts.

我們透過(i)比較預算營業額與歷史業績;及(ii)評估管理層於評估假設的合理可能變動是否會導致賬面值超過其可收回金額時使用的估計及假設的敏感度,評估 貴集團於確定減值指標之政策及程序,及評估管理層於使用價值計算中所用的重大假設。

## 獨立核數師報告

#### **Key Audit Matters** (continued)

#### 關鍵審核事項(續)

#### Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

During the year, the Group recorded impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets of HK\$2,255,000 and HK\$13,336,000, respectively, to reduce the carrying amounts of these assets to the recoverable amounts.

年內, 貴集團錄得物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產減值 分別為2,255,000港元及13,336,000港元,以將該等資產 的賬面值減少至可回收金額。

Significant judgements and estimates were involved in the assessment of the recoverable amounts of the property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets of those retail stores, including assumptions on the budgeted turnover of respective retail stores.

評估該等零售店的物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產的可 回收金額時涉及重大判斷及估計,包括相關零售店的預算 營業額的假設。

The related disclosures are included in notes 3, 13 and 14 to the consolidated financial statements. 相關披露載於綜合財務報表附註3、13及14。

## How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

In addition, we evaluated the adequacy of financial statement disclosures relating to impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets. 此外,我們評估財務報表是否充分披露物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產之減值。

### Other information included in the Annual Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### 載於年度報告內其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包括 刊載於年度報告內的信息,但不包括綜合財務 報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信 息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的 鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任 是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息 是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所瞭 解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯報 的情況。基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認 為其他信息存在重大錯報,我們需要報告該事 實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

## 獨立核數師報告

## Responsibilities of the directors for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

#### 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的 《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》擬備 真實而公允的綜合財務報表,並對其認為為使 綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而 導致的重大錯報所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非 貴公司董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會協助 貴公司董事履行職責,監督 貴集團的財務報告過程。

#### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任

我們的目標是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合 理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。 我們根據香港《公司條例》第405條僅對全體 股東作出報告,除此以外,本報告並無其他用 途。我們不會就核數師報告的內容向任何其他 人士負上或承擔任何責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照《香港審計準則》進行的審計,在某一重大錯報存在時總能發現。錯報可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或匯總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯報可被視作重大。

## 獨立核數師報告

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

#### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任(續)

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中,我 們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我 們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合 財務報表存在重大錯報的風險,設計及執 行審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取充 足和適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見的 基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄 意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之 上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯 報的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重 大錯報的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當 的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部 控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出 會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性 作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定 是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持續 營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認為存在 重大不確定性,則有必要在核數師報告 重大不確定性,則有必要在核數師報告中 提請使用者注意綜合財務報表中的相關 露。假若有關的披露不足,則我們應當發 表非無保留意見。我們的結論是基於核數 師報告止日所取得的審計憑證。然而,未 來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團不能持續 經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表包括披露的整體列報方式、結構和內容,以及綜合財務報表是否公允反映交易及事項。

## 獨立核數師報告

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

 Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Chung Chi Ming.

### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任(續)

 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息 獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對綜合 財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審 計的方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見 承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了計劃 的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包 括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺 陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明,說明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係及其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,為消除所適用的威脅或保障而採取的行動。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些 事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因 而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描 述這些事項,除非法律或法規不允許公開披露 這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理 預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果 超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中 溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是鍾 志明。

#### **Ernst & Young**

Certified Public Accountants 27/F, One Taikoo Place 979 King's Road Quarry Bay, Hong Kong

29 June 2023

#### 安永會計師事務所

執業會計師 香港鰂魚涌 英皇道979號 太古坊一座27樓

2023年6月29日

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

		2023	2022
	Notes 附註	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
REVENUE 收入	5	216,148	225,457
Cost of sales 銷售成本		(82,964)	(82,820)
Gross profit 毛利		133,184	142,637
Other income and gains 其他收入及收益	5	6,749	2,765
Selling and distribution expenses 銷售及分銷開支		(119,145)	(115,279)
General and administrative expenses 一般及行政開支		(23,968)	(22,770)
Other expenses 其他開支		(15,591)	_
Finance costs 財務成本	6	(2,527)	(1,535)
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX 除税前溢利/(虧損)	7	(21,298)	5,818
Income tax credit/(expense) 所得税抵免/(開支)	10	281	(1,676)
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR 年內溢利/(虧損)及年內全面收益/(虧損)總額		(21,017)	4,142
Attributable to: 應佔:			
Owners of the parent 母公司擁有人		(21,017)	4,142
EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT 母公司普通股權益擁有人應佔每股盈利/(虧損)	12		
Basic and diluted (expressed in HK cents per share) 基本及攤薄(每股以港仙為單位)		(2.63)	0.52

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

## 綜合財務狀況表

31 March 2023 2023年3月31日

		2023	2022
	Notes	HK\$' 000	HK\$' 000 ⊤:#=
NON-CURRENT ASSETS 非流動資產	附註	千港元 	千港元
Property, plant and equipment 物業、廠房及設備	13	3,288	9,746
Right-of-use assets 使用權資產	14	49,794	71,227
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項	17	9,788	10,454
Deferred tax assets 遞延税項資產	21	5,182	5,311
Total non-current assets 非流動資產總值		68,052	96,738
CURRENT ASSETS 流動資產			
Inventories 存貨	15	43,639	57,833
Trade receivables 貿易應收款項	16	3,085	3,525
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項	17	19,461	14,876
Tax recoverable 可收回税項		-	710
Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物		62,059	76,804
Total current assets 流動資產總值		128,244	153,748
CURRENT LIABILITIES 流動負債			
Trade and bills payables 貿易應付款項及應付票據	18	5,199	10,402
Other payables and accruals 其他應付款項及應計費用	19	24,020	38,108
Lease liabilities 租賃負債	14	36,777	40,334
Provisions 撥備	20	3,741	5,144
Tax payable應付税項		206	_
Total current liabilities 流動負債總額		69,943	93,988
NET CURRENT ASSETS 流動資產淨值		58,301	59,760
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES 總資產減流動負債		126,353	156,498
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 非流動負債			
Lease liabilities 租賃負債	14	30,115	36,070
Provisions 撥備	20	6,521	5,694
Total non-current liabilities 非流動負債總額		36,636	41,764
Net assets 資產淨值		89,717	114,734

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

## 綜合財務狀況表

**31 March 2023** 2023年3月31日

		2023	2022
	Notes 附註	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
EQUITY 權益			
Equity attributable to owners of the parent 母公司擁有人應佔權益			
Share capital 股本	22	110,337	110,337
Retained profits/(accumulated losses) 保留溢利/(累計虧損)		(20,620)	4,397
Total equity 權益總額		89,717	114,734

Wong Chi Fai 黃志輝 Director 董事 Chan Chuen Yin 陳傳賢 Director 董事

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

## 綜合權益變動表

	Share capital 股本	Retained profits/ (accumulated losses) 保留溢利/ (累計虧損)	Total equity 權益總額
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
At 1 April 2021 於2021年4月1日	110,337	5,295	115,632
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year 年內溢利及全面收益總額	-	4,142	4,142
Final 2021 dividend declared 宣派 2021 年末期股息	_	(5,040)	(5,040)
At 31 March 2022 and 1 April 2022 於2022年3月31日及2022年4月1日	110,337	4,397	114,734
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year 年內虧損及全面虧損總額	-	(21,017)	(21,017)
Final 2022 dividend declared 宣派2022年末期股息	-	(4,000)	(4,000)
At 31 March 2023 於2023年3月31日	110,337	(20,620)	89,717

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

## 綜合現金流量表

		2023	2022
	Notes 附註	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES 經營活動現金流量	117 8-2-		1,275
Profit/(loss) before tax 除税前溢利/(虧損)		(21,298)	5,818
Adjustments for: 就以下各項所作調整:			
Finance costs 財務成本	6	2,527	1,535
Interest income 利息收入	5	(1,245)	(275)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 物業、廠房及設備折舊	7	5,909	7,037
Depreciation of right-of-use assets 使用權資產折舊	7	42,511	39,733
Gain on lease modification 租賃修訂收益		-	(8)
Gain on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment 出售物業、廠房及設備項目之收益	7	(15)	_
Impairment/(reversal of impairment) of trade receivables, net 貿易應收款項減值/(撥回減值),淨額	7	(6)	166
Impairment of property, plant and equipment 物業、廠房及設備減值	7	2,255	-
Impairment of right-of-use assets 使用權資產減值	7	13,336	_
Write-down of inventories to net realisable value 撇減存貨至可變現淨值	7	1,545	1,556
Provision for restatement costs – decrease in estimated provisions 重列成本撥備一估計撥備減少		-	(15)
		45,519	55,547
Decrease/(increase) in inventories 存貨減少/(增加)		12,649	(11,735)
Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables 貿易應收款項減少/(增加)		446	(430)
Increase in prepayments, deposits and other receivables 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項增加		(4,482)	(439)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and bills payables 貿易應付款項及應付票據增加/(減少)		(5,203)	1,587
Decrease in other payables and accruals 其他應付款項及應計費用減少		(14,482)	(537)
Decrease in provisions 撥備減少		(576)	(344)
Cash generated from operations 經營活動所得現金		33,871	43,649
Interest received 已收利息		1,245	220
Hong Kong profits tax refunded/(paid) 退還/(已付)香港利得税		1,326	(6,882)
Net cash flows from operating activities 經營活動所得現金流量淨額		36,442	36,987

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

## 綜合現金流量表

	2023	2022
Notes 附註	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 投資活動現金流量		
Purchases of items of property, plant and equipment 購買物業、廠房及設備項目	(1,312)	(8,430)
Proceeds from disposal of items of property, plant and equipment 出售物業、廠房及設備項目所得款項	15	_
Net cash flows used in investing activities 投資活動所用現金流量淨額	(1,297)	(8,430)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES 融資活動現金流量		
Principal portion of lease payments 租賃付款之本金部分	(43,363)	(38,866)
Interest portion of lease payments 租賃付款之利息部分	(2,527)	(1,535)
Dividend paid 已付股息	(4,000)	(5,040)
Net cash flows used in financing activities 融資活動所用現金流量淨額	(49,890)	(45,441)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 現金及現金等價物減少淨額	(14,745)	(16,884)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 年初現金及現金等價物	76,804	93,688
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR 年末現金及現金等價物	62,059	76,804
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 現金及現金等價物結餘分析		
Cash and bank balances 現金及銀行結餘	62,059	76,804

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

#### 1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

Ulferts International Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong. The registered office of the Company is located at Units 1905-07, 19th Floor, Emperor Group Centre, 288 Hennessy Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

The Company's shares have been listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") since 29 January 2018.

The Company is an investment holding company. During the year, the Company's subsidiaries were involved in the following principal activities:

- retail of imported furniture
- wholesale of imported furniture
- project sales ("special projects")

The immediate holding company of the Company is Ulferts International Group Holdings Limited which is incorporated in the British Virgin Islands ("BVI").

In the opinion of the directors, Albert Yeung Investments Holdings Limited ("AY Investments Holdings") (incorporated in the BVI) is the ultimate holding company of the Company which is in turn held by First Trust Management AG acting as the trustee of Albert Yeung Investments Discretionary Trust, a private discretionary trust set up by Dr. Yeung Sau Shing, Albert ("Dr. Albert Yeung").

For the purpose of these consolidated financial statements, all companies directly or indirectly controlled by respective private discretionary trusts set up by Dr. Albert Yeung other than the Group are collectively referred to as the "Emperor Group".

### 1. 公司及集團資料

歐化國際有限公司(「本公司」)於香港註冊成立為有限責任公司。本公司註冊辦事處地址位於香港灣仔軒尼詩道288號英皇集團中心19樓1905-07室。

本公司股份自2018年1月29日起在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。

本公司為投資控股公司。年內,本公司附屬公司從事以下主要業務:

- 進口傢俬零售
- 進口傢俬批發
- 項目銷售(「工程項目」)

本公司的直接控股公司為於英屬處女群島註冊成立的歐化國際集團控股有限公司。

董事認為,於英屬處女群島註冊成立的楊受成投資控股有限公司(「楊受成投資控股」)為本公司的最終控股公司。楊受成投資控股由 First Trust Management AG作為Albert Yeung Investments Discretionary Trust之受託人持有,該信託為楊受成博士(「楊博士」)所設立之私人酌情信託。

就該等綜合財務報表而言,所有受楊博士 所設立各自私人酌情信託直接或間接控制 而非受本集團控制之公司統稱為「英皇集 團」。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

# 1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (continued)

### Information about subsidiaries

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows:

# 1. 公司及集團資料(續) 有關附屬公司之資料

本公司主要附屬公司之詳情如下:

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and business 註冊成立及經營地點	Issued ordinary share capital 已發行普通股本	Percen equity att to the C 本公司應佔	tributable	Principal activities 主要業務
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
Ulferts International Investment Limited 歐化國際投資有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Ulferts of Sweden (Far East) Limited 瑞典歐化(遠東) 有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$350,000 350,000港元	_	100	Retail and wholesale of imported furniture, and special projects 進口傢俬零售與批發及 工程項目
Ulferts of Sweden (Macau) Limited 瑞典歐化(澳門) 有限公司	Macau 澳門	MOP25,000 25,000 澳門元	-	100	Liaising with project customers in Macau 聯絡澳門項目客戶
Mighty Wish Limited 權望有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1,000,000 1,000,000港元	-	100	Provision of group tenancy agent services 提供集團租賃代理 服務

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

董事認為,上表所列之本公司附屬公司乃 主要影響年度業績或構成本集團資產淨值 重大部分之附屬公司。董事認為,提供其 他附屬公司之詳情會導致篇幅過於冗長。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

## 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention. These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand ("HK\$"000") except when otherwise indicated.

#### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2023. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights results in control. When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

### 2.1 編製基準

此綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會 (「香港會計師公會」)所頒佈之香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(包括所 有香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則(「香 港會計準則」)及詮釋)、香港公認會計原 則以及香港公司條例予以編製。財務報表 別按歷史成本法編製。此綜合財務報表均 以港元(「港元」)呈列,而除另有説明者 外,全部價值均調整至最接近千元(「千港 元」)。

### 合併基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司 (統稱「本集團」)於截至2023年3月31日 止年度之綜合財務報表。附屬公司為本公司直接或間接控制之一個實體(包括結構 性實體)。倘本集團透過參與被投資方業務 而享有或有權取得被投資方之可變回報, 且有能力行使在被投資方權利影響有關回 報,則本集團擁有該實體之控制權(即現 時賦予本集團指令被投資方相關活動之權 利)。

一般情況下,有一個推定,即多數投票權形成控制權。倘本公司直接或間接擁有之被投資方投票權或類似權利低於過半數,則評估本公司對被投資方是否有權力時,本集團會考慮所有相關事宜及情況,包括:

- (a) 與該等被投資方其他投票持有人之合 約安排;
- (b) 從其他合約安排中產生之權利;及
- (c) 本集團投票權及潛在投票權。

附屬公司之財務報表乃按本公司相同報告 期及一致之會計政策編製。附屬公司之業 績乃自本集團取得控制權之日起予以合 併,並繼續納入合併範圍,直至不再被控 制為止。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

### 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

### **Basis of consolidation** (continued)

All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (a) the fair value of the consideration received, (b) the fair value of any investment retained and (c) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

# 2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 3

Reference to the Conceptual

Framework

Amendments to HKAS 16

Property, Plant and Equipment:
Proceeds before Intended Use

Amendments to HKAS 37

Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020

Amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 9, Illustrative Examples accompanying HKFRS 16, and HKAS 41

### 2.1 編製基準(續)

### 合併基準(續)

與本集團成員公司間交易有關之所有集團 內資產及負債、權益、收入、開支及現金 流量均於綜合賬目時悉數對銷。

倘事實及情況顯示上文所述之三項控制因素之一項或多項出現變動,本集團會重新評估其是否控制被投資公司。未失去控制權之附屬公司所有權權益變動入賬為權益交易。

倘本集團失去一間附屬公司之控制權,則 其撤銷確認(i)該附屬公司之資產(包括商 譽)及負債、(ii)任何非控股股東權益之賬面 值及(iii)於權益內記錄之累積匯兑差額;及 確認(a)所收代價之公平值、(b)所保留任何 投資之公平值及(c)損益中任何因此產生之 盈餘或虧損。先前於其他全面收益內確認 之本集團應佔部分應重新分類為損益或保 留溢利(如適用),按猶如本集團已直接出 售相關資產及負債時之基準予以確認。

### 2.2 會計政策變動及披露

本集團已於本年度綜合財務報表中首次採 納以下經修訂香港財務報告準則。

香港財務報告準則第3 概念框架的提述 號之修訂本

香港會計準則

第16號之修訂本

物業、廠房及設備: 擬定用途前的所

有償合約-履行合

約的成本

得款項

香港會計準則 第37號之修訂本

的年度改進

香港財務報告準則 2018年至2020年

香港財務報告準則 第1號、香港財

務報告準則第9號、香港財務報告準則第16號 隨附之説明性示例及香港會計準則第41號之修訂

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

# 2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

The nature and the impact of the revised HKFRSs that are applicable to the Group are described below:

- (a) Amendments to HKFRS 3 replace a reference to the previous Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements with a reference to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting (the "Conception Framework") issued in June 2018 without significantly changing its requirements. The amendments also add to HKFRS 3 an exception to its recognition principle for an entity to refer to the Conceptual Framework to determine what constitutes an asset or a liability. The exception specifies that, for liabilities and contingent liabilities that would be within the scope of HKAS 37 or HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 if they were incurred separately rather than assumed in a business combination, an entity applying HKFRS 3 should refer to HKAS 37 or HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 respectively instead of the Conceptual Framework. Furthermore, the amendments clarify that contingent assets do not qualify for recognition at the acquisition date. The Group has applied the amendments prospectively to business combinations that occurred on or after 1 April 2022. As there were no business combinations during the year, the amendments did not have any impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.
- (b) Amendments to HKAS 16 prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognises the proceeds from selling any such items, and the cost of those items as determined by HKAS 2 *Inventories*, in profit or loss. The Group has applied the amendments retrospectively to items of property, plant and equipment made available for use on or after 1 April 2021. Since there was no sale of items produced prior to the property, plant and equipment being available for use, the amendments did not have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

## 2.2 會計政策變動及披露(續)

適用於本集團之經修訂香港財務報告準則 之性質及影響載述如下:

- (a) 香港財務報告準則第3號之修訂本以 2018年6月頒佈的財務報告概念框架 的提述(「概念框架」)取代先前財務報 表編製及呈列框架的提述, 而毋須大 幅更改其規定。該等修訂本亦對香港 財務報告準則第3號有關實體參考概 念框架以釐定資產或負債之構成之確 認原則加入一項例外情況。該例外情 況規定,對於屬香港會計準則第37號 或香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)-詮釋第21號範圍內的負債及或然負債 而言,倘該等負債屬單獨產生而非於 業務合併中產生,則應用香港財務報 告準則第3號的實體應分別參考香港 會計準則第37號或香港(國際財務報 告詮釋委員會)-詮釋第21號而非概 念框架。此外,該等修訂本澄清或然 資產於收購日期不符合確認條件。本 集團已預先對2022年4月1日或之後 發生的業務合併應用該修訂本。由於 年內並無業務合併,故該等修訂本並 無對本集團的財務狀況及表現造成任 何影響。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

# 2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

- (c) Amendments to HKAS 37 clarify that for the purpose of assessing whether a contract is onerous under HKAS 37. the cost of fulfilling the contract comprises the costs that relate directly to the contract. Costs that relate directly to a contract include both the incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (e.g., direct labour and materials) and an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling that contract (e.g., an allocation of the depreciation charge for an item of property, plant and equipment used in fulfilling the contract as well as contract management and supervision costs). General and administrative costs do not relate directly to a contract and are excluded unless they are explicitly chargeable to the counterparty under the contract. The Group has applied the amendments prospectively to contracts for which it has not yet fulfilled all its obligations at 1 April 2022 and no onerous contracts were identified. Therefore, the amendments did not have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.
- (d) Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020 sets out amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 9, Illustrative Examples accompanying HKFRS 16, and HKAS 41. Details of the amendment that is applicable to the Group are as follows:
  - HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments: clarifies the fees that an entity includes when assessing whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability are substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only those paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's behalf. The Group has applied the amendment prospectively from 1 April 2022. As there was no modification or exchange of the Group's financial liabilities during the year, the amendment did not have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

# 2.2 會計政策變動及披露(續)

- (c) 香港會計準則第37號之修訂本澄清, 就根據香港會計準則第37號評估合約 是否屬有償而言,履行合約的成本包 括與合約直接相關的成本。與合約直 接相關的成本包括履行該合約的增量 成本(例如直接勞工及材料)及與履行 合約直接相關的其他成本分配(例如 分配履行合約所用物業、廠房及設備 項目的折舊費用以及合約管理及監管 成本)。一般及行政成本與合約並無 直接關連,除非根據合約明確向對手 方收取,否則不包括在內。本集團已 對於2022年4月1日尚未履行所有義 務的合約前瞻性應用該等修訂本,且 並無識別出有償合約。因此,該等修 訂本對本集團的財務狀況或表現並無 任何影響。
- (d) 香港財務報告準則2018年至2020年 之年度改進載列香港財務報告準則第 1號、香港財務報告準則第9號、香港 財務報告準則第16號隨附之説明性示 例及香港會計準則第41號之修訂。預 期將適用於本集團之該等修訂詳情如 下:
  - 香港財務報告準則第9號金融工 具:澄清實體於評估一項新訂實 經修訂金融負債之條款是否時間 上不同於原金融負債之條款是所 計入之費用。該等費用僅包 款人與貸款人之間已付或皆 費用,其中包括借款人或貸費用 代表另一方支付或收取之費用 性應用該等修訂本以 性應用該等修訂本。由於本集團的 或交換,該等修訂本對本集團的 財務狀況或表現並無任何影響。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

# 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (2011)	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture <sup>3</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 16 HKFRS 17	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback <sup>2</sup> Insurance Contracts <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts <sup>1, 5</sup>
Amendment to HKFRS 17	Initial Application of HKFRS 17 and HKFRS 9 – Comparative Information <sup>6</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as  Current or Non-current (the "2020  Amendments") <sup>2, 4</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 1	Non-current liabilities with Covenants (the "2022 Amendments") <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2	Disclosure of Accounting Policies <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction <sup>1</sup>

# 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務 報告準則

本集團並未於該等財務報表中應用以下已 頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則。

香港財務報告準則第	投資者與其聯營公司
10號及香港會計準	或合營企業之間的
則第28號(2011	資產出售或注資3
年)	
之修訂本	
香港財務報告準則第	售後租回之
16號之修訂本	租賃負債 <sup>2</sup>
香港財務報告準則第	保險合同1
17號	
香港財務報告準則第	<i>保險合同</i> 1,5
17號之修訂本	
香港財務報告準則第	香港財務報告準則第
17號之修訂本	17號及香港財務報
	告準則第9號的初
	步應用一比較資料6
香港會計準則第	負債分類為流動或非
1號之修訂本	流動(「2020年修
	訂本」)2,4
香港會計準則第	附帶契諾的非流動負
1號之修訂本	<i>債</i> (「2022年修訂
	本」)2
香港財務報告準則第	會計政策披露1
1號及香港財務報	
告準則實務報告第	
2號之修訂本	
香港財務報告準則第	會計估計之定義1
8號之修訂本	
香港會計準則第	與單一交易產生的資
12號之修訂本	產及負債有關的遞

延税項1

# 財務報表附註

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# 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024
- No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for adoption
- As a consequence of the 2022 Amendments, the effective date of the 2020 Amendments was deferred to annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024. In addition, as a consequence of the 2020 Amendments and 2022 Amendments, Hong Kong Interpretation 5 Presentation of Financial Statements Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause was revised to align the corresponding wording with no change in conclusion
- As a consequence of the amendments to HKFRS 17 issued in October 2020, HKFRS 4 was amended to extend the temporary exemption that permits insurers to apply HKAS 39 rather than HKFRS 9 for annual periods beginning before 1 January 2023
- An entity that chooses to apply the transition option relating to the classification overlay set out in this amendment shall apply it on initial application of HKFRS 17

Further information about those HKFRSs that are currently expected to be applicable to the Group is described below.

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (2011) address an inconsistency between the requirements in HKFRS 10 and in HKAS 28 (2011) in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require a full recognition of a gain or loss resulting from a downstream transaction when the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture constitutes a business. For a transaction involving assets that do not constitute a business, a gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognised in the investor's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interest in that associate or joint venture. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. The previous mandatory effective date of amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (2011) was removed by the HKICPA in January 2016 and a new mandatory effective date will be determined after the completion of a broader review of accounting for associates and joint ventures. However, the amendments are available for adoption now.

# **2.3** 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務 報告準則(續)

- 於2023年1月1日或之後開始之年度期間生效
- <sup>2</sup> 於2024年1月1日或之後開始之年度期間牛效
- 3 未釐定強制生效日期,惟仍可供採納
- 4 由於2022年修訂本,2020年修訂本之 生效日期已遞延至於2024年1月1日或 之後開始之年度期間。此外,由於2020 年修訂本及2022年修訂本,香港詮釋 第5號財務報表的呈列一借款人對包含 可隨時要求償還條款的定期貸款的分類 已予修訂,以使相應措辭一致,結論不 變
- b 由於2020年10月頒佈的香港財務報告 準則第17號之修訂本,香港財務報告準 則第4號已予修訂以延長允許保險公司 於2023年1月1日前開始的年度期間應 用香港會計準則第39號而非香港財務 報告準則第9號的暫時豁免
- 實體於首次應用香港財務報告準則第17 號時,可選擇應用該修訂本所列與分類 重疊有關之過渡選擇權

現時預期將適用於本集團之該等香港財務 報告準則之進一步資料如下。

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則 第28號(2011年)之修訂本針對香港財務 報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號 (2011年)之間有關投資者與其聯營公 司或合營企業之間之資產出售或注資兩者 規定之不一致情況。該等修訂規定,當投 資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間的資產 出售或注資構成一項業務時,須全面確認 順流交易產生的收益或虧損。當交易涉及 不構成一項業務的資產時,該交易產生的 收益或虧損於投資者的損益內確認,惟僅 以無關連投資者於該聯營公司或合營企業 的權益為限。該等修訂將按未來適用法應 用。香港會計師公會已於2016年1月剔除 香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則 第28號(2011年)之先前強制生效日期, 而新強制生效日期將於完成對聯營公司 及合營企業會計之更廣泛審閱後釐定。然 而,該等修訂現可供採納。

# 財務報表附註

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# 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 16 specify the requirements that a seller-lessee uses in measuring the lease liability arising in a sale and leaseback transaction to ensure the seller-lessee does not recognise any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use it retains. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024 and shall be applied retrospectively to sale and leaseback transactions entered into after the date of initial application of HKFRS 16 (i.e., 1 April 2019). Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements. In respect of sale and leaseback transactions with variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate, the Group will develop an accounting policy for such transactions.

Amendments to HKAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current clarify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current, in particular the determination over whether an entity has a right to defer settlement of the liabilities for at least 12 months after the reporting period. Classification of a liability is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of the liability. The amendments also clarify the situations that are considered a settlement of a liability. In 2022, the HKICPA issued the 2022 Amendments to further clarify that, among covenants of a liability arising from a loan arrangement, only those with which an entity must comply on or before the reporting date affect the classification of that liability as current or non-current. In addition, the 2022 Amendments require additional disclosures by an entity that classifies liabilities arising from loan arrangements as non-current when it has a right to defer settlement of those liabilities that are subject to the entity complying with future covenants within 12 months after the reporting period. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024 and shall be applied retrospectively. Earlier application is permitted. An entity that applies the 2020 Amendments early is required to apply simultaneously the 2022 Amendments, and vice versa. The Group is currently assessing the impact of the amendments and whether existing loan agreements may require revision. Based on a preliminary assessment, the amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

### 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務 報告進則(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號之修訂本訂明計量售後租回交易產生之租賃負債所用的賣方一承租人之規定,以確保賣方一承租人之規定,以確保賣方一承租人之規定,以確保賣方一承租人立規所保留使用權有關的任何損益金額。該修訂本於2024年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間生效,並須追溯應用戶號之的應用香港財務報告準則第16號之包納應用香港財務報告準則第16號之售後初期(即2019年4月1日)之後訂立之售後到中交易。允許提早應用。該等修訂立之售後租回交易。允許提早應用。該等修可重大影響。就具有不取決於某一指數或上率集團組賃付款之售後租回交易而言,本集團租賃付款之售後租回交易而言,本集團稅該等交易製訂會計政策。

香港會計準則第1號之修訂本負債分類為 流動或非流動澄清將負債分類為流動或非 流動之規定,尤其是釐定實體是否有權將 負債之結算延遲報告期後至少12個月。負 債的分類不受該實體行使權利延遲結算負 債的可能性所影響。該等修訂本亦澄清被 視為結算負債的情況。於2022年,香港會 計師公會頒佈2022年修訂本以進一步澄 清,在由貸款安排產生之負債之契諾中, 僅實體必須於報告日期或之前遵守的該等 契諾影響將該負債分類為流動或非流動。 此外,2022年修訂本要求,將自貸款安排 產生之負債分類為非流動的實體,當其有 權於報告期後12個月內延遲結算受限於實 體須遵守未來契諾之該等負債,則須作出 額外披露。該等修訂本於2024年1月1日 或之後開始的年度期間生效,並應追溯應 用。允許提早應用。提早應用2020年修訂 本之實體須同時應用2022年修訂本,反之 亦然。本集團現時正評估該等修訂本之影 響,以及現有貸款安排是否需要修訂。基 於初步評估,該等修訂本預期不會對本集 團之財務報表產生任何重大影響。

# 財務報表附註

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# 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 Disclosure of Accounting Policies require entities to disclose their material accounting policy information rather than their significant accounting policies. Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements. Amendments to HKFRS Practice Statement 2 provide nonmandatory guidance on how to apply the concept of materiality to accounting policy disclosures. Amendments to HKAS 1 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and earlier application is permitted. Since the guidance provided in the amendments to HKFRS Practice Statement 2 is non-mandatory, an effective date for these amendments is not necessary. The Group is currently revisiting the accounting policy disclosures to ensure consistency with the amendments.

Amendments to HKAS 8 clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies. Accounting estimates are defined as monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty. The amendments also clarify how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and apply to changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after the start of that period. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

## **2.3** 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務 報告準則(續)

香港會計準則第1號之修訂本會計政策披 露要求實體披露其重大會計政策資料,而 非其重大會計政策。倘會計政策資料連同 實體財務報表所包括之其他資料被視為可 合理預期影響一般用途財務報表主要使用 者根據該等財務報表作出之決定,則屬重 大。香港財務報告準則實務報告第2號之 修訂本就如何應用重要性概念於會計政策 披露提供非強制性指引。香港會計準則第1 號之修訂本於2023年1月1日或之後開始 之年度期間生效,並允許提早應用。由於 香港財務報告準則實務報告第2號之修訂 本所載指引為非強制性,故毋須就該等修 訂訂立生效日期。本集團目前正重新審閱 會計政策披露以確保與該等修訂本保持一 致。

# 財務報表附註

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# 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

Amendments to HKAS 12 narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception in HKAS 12 so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences, such as leases and decommissioning obligations. Therefore, entities are required to recognise a deferred tax asset (provided that sufficient taxable profit is available) and a deferred tax liability for temporary differences arising from these transactions. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and shall be applied to transactions related to leases and decommissioning obligations at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented, with any cumulative effect recognised as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained profits or other component of equity as appropriate at that date. In addition, the amendments shall be applied prospectively to transactions other than leases and decommissioning obligations. Earlier application is permitted. The Group is in the process of performing a detailed assessment of the impact of these amendments upon initial application. Subject to further assessment, the amendments currently are not expected to have a significant impact on the Group's financial statements in the period of initial application.

### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, deferred tax assets and financial assets), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, a portion of the carrying amount of a corporate asset (e.g., a headquarters building) is allocated to an individual cashgenerating unit if it can be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis or, otherwise, to the smallest group of cashgenerating units.

### 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務 報告進則(續)

香港會計準則第12號之修訂本縮小香港會 計準則第12號中初步確認例外情況之範 圍,使其不再適用於產生等額應課稅及可 扣減暫時差額之交易,例如和賃及停止運 作責任。因此,實體須就該等交易產生之 暫時差額確認遞延税項資產(倘有充足應 課税溢利)及遞延税項負債。該等修訂於 2023年1月1日或之後開始的年度報告期 間生效,並應用於所呈列最早比較期間開 始時有關租賃及停止運作責任的交易,而 任何累計影響於該日確認為保留溢利或其 他權益組成部份的期初結餘的調整(如適 用)。此外,該等修訂將按未來適用法應用 於租賃及停止運作責任以外之交易。允許 提早應用。本集團正對該等修訂本於初步 應用時之影響進行詳盡評估。於進行進一 步評估後,現時預期該等修訂本於初步應 用期間不會對本集團之財務報表產生重大 影響。

### 2.4 重大會計政策概要

#### 非金融資產減值

倘存在減值跡象,或須對資產(存貨、遞延稅項資產及金融資產除外)進行年度減值測試,則會估計資產的可收回金額為資產或現金產生單位的使用價值與公平值減出售成本的較產產生單位的,並按個別資產釐定,除非資產並無產生基本上獨立於其他資產或資產組別的現產產生單位釐定。於測試現金產生單位有否減值時,倘公司資產(例如總部別之賬面值可按合理及一致之基準分配,或按其他方式分配至最小現金產生單位組別,則有關賬面值之一部分分配至個別現金產生單位。

# 財務報表附註

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### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

### Impairment of non-financial assets (continued)

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

### **Related parties**

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

## 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

## 非金融資產減值(續)

僅當資產之賬面值超過其可收回金額時, 減值虧損方予確認。評估使用價值時估計 未來現金流量乃使用可反映當時市場對金 錢價值之評估及該項資產特有風險之除稅 前折現率折現至其現值。減值虧損於所產 生期間在損益內扣除。

於各報告期末會評定是否有現象顯示之前已確認之減值虧損不再存在或減少。倘出現該等跡象,則可收回金額會予以估計。僅當用以釐定資產之可收回金額之估計出現變動時,先前確認之資產減值虧損(商譽除外)方會撥回,惟不得超過倘過往年度並無就資產確認減損而釐定之賬面值(經扣除任何折舊)。撥回之減值虧損於所產生期間計入損益表。

#### 關聯方

以下人士於下列情況將被視為與本集團有 關連:

- (a) 倘為以下人士或其親屬而該人士
  - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
  - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響;或
  - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司之主要 管理層成員;

或

# 財務報表附註

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### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### (continued)

### **Related parties** (continued)

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
  - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
  - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
  - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
  - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
  - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
  - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
  - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

### Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 關聯方(續)

- (b) 該人士為符合下列任何條件之實體:
  - (i) 該實體與本集團為屬同一集團之 成員公司;
  - (ii) 該實體為另一實體(或另一實體 之母公司、附屬公司或同系附屬 公司)之聯營公司或合營企業;
  - (iii) 該實體與本集團為同一第三方之 合營企業;
  - (iv) 該實體為一名第三方實體之合營 企業,而另一實體為該第三方實 體之聯營公司;
  - (v) 該實體為本集團或與本集團有關 連之實體就僱員利益設立之離職 後福利計劃;
  - (vi) 該實體受由(a)項所列人士控制 或共同控制;
  - (vii) 於(a)(i)項所列人士對該實體具 有重大影響力或為該實體(或該 實體之母公司)之主要管理層成 員;及
  - (viii) 該實體或同集團之任何成員公司 向本集團或本集團母公司提供主 要管理人員服務。

## 物業、廠房及設備與折舊

物業、廠房及設備乃按成本減累積折舊及 任何減值虧損列賬。物業、廠房及設備項 目之成本包括其購買價及令該項資產達至 其運作狀況及運送至其預期使用位置之任 何直接應佔成本。

# 財務報表附註

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### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

## Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (continued)

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Leasehold improvements Furniture, fixtures and equipment

at least at each financial year end.

 $20\% - 33^{1/3}\%$ 20%

Motor vehicles

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the

Over the lease terms

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate.

#### Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

#### Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 物業、廠房及設備與折舊(續)

物業、廠房及設備項目投入運作後產生之 支出,如修理與維護費用等,一般均會於 該等支出產生期間在損益內扣除。於滿足 確認標準情況下,重大檢修支出將撥充 資本,計入資產賬面值作為重置處理。物 業、廠房及設備之重要部分須按階段重 置,本集團將有關部分確認為分別擁有特 定可使用年期之個別資產,並相應作出折

折舊乃按各物業、廠房及設備項目之估計 可使用年期以直線法撇銷其成本至剩餘價 值。就此所使用之主要年率如下:

和賃物業裝修 **傢俬、裝置及設備**  和賃期內 20% - 331/3%

汽車 20%

倘物業、廠房及設備項目各部分之可使用 年期並不相同,該項目各部分之成本將按 合理基礎在各部分之間分配,而每部分將 作個別折舊。剩餘價值、可使用年期及折 舊方法至少於各財政年度年結日予以檢 討,在適當情況下加以調整。

物業、廠房及設備項目,包括首次確認之 任何重要部分於已出售或預期其使用或出 售不再產生未來經濟利益時終止確認。於 終止確認資產年度在損益中確認之任何出 售或報廢盈虧, 乃有關資產之出售所得款 項淨額與賬面值之差額。

### 和賃

本集團於合約開始時評估合約是否為或包 含租賃。倘合約為換取代價而給予在一段 時間內控制可識別資產使用的權利,則該 合約屬於或包含租賃。

#### 本集團作為承和人

本集團對所有租賃(惟短期租賃及低價值 資產和賃除外)採取單一確認及計量方法。 本集團確認租賃負債以作出租賃付款,而 使用權資產指使用相關資產的權利。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Leases (continued)

Group as a lessee (continued)

#### (a) Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

#### (b) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

## 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

### (a) 使用權資產

使用權資產於租賃開始日期(即相關資產可供使用當日)確認。使用權資產可供使用當日)確認。使用權資產按成本計量,減去任何累計折舊與任何減值虧損,並就租賃負債的款額、已產用權資產成本及於開始日期或之產的出售數項減任何已收租賃款可減任何已收租賃數使用權資產於租期及資產估計舊。

倘租賃資產的擁有權於租期結束前轉 讓予本集團或成本反映行使購買選擇 權,則按資產估計可使用年期計算折 舊。

#### (b) 租賃負債

租賃負債於租賃開始日期以租期內作出的租賃付款現值確認。租賃付款包括定額付款(含實質定額款項)減任何應收租賃優惠款項、取決於指數或所數數價值擔保支付的金額。租賃付款以及預期根據亦包括本集團合理確定行使的購買選行的實際。不取決於指數或利率的可變租賃的,有關發付款的事件或條件的期間內確認為支出。

計算租賃付款現值時,因租賃隱含的利率難以釐定,則本集團使用租賃開始日期的增量借款利率計算。於開始日期後,租賃負債金額的增加反映。包括負債。額付款而減少。租赁付款變更(例如指數或利率變動買工,對未來租賃付款發生變化)或購買相關資產的選擇權評估的變更)則重新計量租賃負債的賬面值。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Leases (continued)

#### Group as a lessee (continued)

#### (c) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (that is those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

# Group as a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it classifies at lease inception (or when there is a lease modification) each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease.

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. When a contract contains lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on a relative stand-alone selling price basis. Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue in profit or loss due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Leases that transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee are accounted for as finance leases.

At the commencement date, the cost of the leased asset is capitalised at the present value of the lease payments and related payments (including the initial direct costs), and presented as a receivable at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease. The finance costs of such leases are charged to profit or loss so as to provide a constant periodic rate of charge over the lease terms.

## 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 租賃(續)

#### 本集團作為承租人(續)

### (c) 短期租賃及低價值資產租賃

本集團對其機器及設備短期租賃(即自開始日期起計租期為12個月或以下且並不包含購買權之租賃)應用確認短期租賃豁免。倘本集團就低價值資產訂立租賃,則本集團決定是否按個別租賃基準將租賃資本化。短期租賃的租賃付款和低價值資產的租賃在租賃期內按直線法確認為開支。

#### 本集團作為出租人

當本集團作為出租人時,其於租賃開始時 (或發生租賃變更時)將其各項租賃分類 為經營租賃或融資租賃。

本集團並未轉讓資產所有權所附帶的絕 大部分風險及回報的租賃歸類為經營租 賃。倘合約包括租賃及非租賃部分,本價 團根據相對獨立的售價基準將合約代價分配予各部分。租金收入於租期內按直線法 列賬,並因其經營性質之故於損益列作以 於磋商及安排經營租賃時產生的初始 直接成本乃計入租賃資產的賬面值,並然 租期內按相同方法確認為租金收入。或然 租金乃於所賺取的期間內確認為收入。

轉移承租人相關資產所有權附帶的絕大部分風險及回報的租賃入賬為融資租賃。

於開始日期,租賃資產的成本按租賃付款及相關付款(包括初始直接成本)的現值資本化,並按相等於租賃投資淨額的應收款項呈列。該等租賃之融資成本自損益扣除,以於租期內提供固定定期扣除率。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Leases (continued)

### Group as a lessor (continued)

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, a sublease is classified as a finance lease or operating lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease. If the head lease is a short-term lease to which the Group applies the on-balance sheet recognition exemption, the Group classifies the sublease as an operating lease.

#### Financial assets

### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets of the Group are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value, plus in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under HKFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 租賃(續)

### 本集團作為出租人(續)

本集團為中間出租人時,轉租乃參考主租 賃產生的使用權資產分類為融資租賃或經 營租賃。倘主租賃為本集團將資產負債表 確認豁免應用於其中的短期租賃,則本集 團將轉租分類為經營租賃。

#### 金融資產

#### 首次確認及計量

本集團之金融資產於首次確認時分類為其 後以攤銷成本計量。

於首次確認時對金融資產分類乃取決於金融資產之合約現金流量特徵,以及本集團管理該等金融資產之業務模式。除不包含重大融資部份或本集團已應用簡易處理方法不對重大融資部份之影響作出平度之貿易應收款項外,本集團首次按公平值計量之貿易應收款項外,本集團首次按公平值計量之金融資產而言)交易成本計量金融資產。不包產工融資部份或本集團已應用簡易度。 理方法之貿易應收款項根據下文「收入確認」所載政策,按根據香港財務報告準則第15號所釐定之交易價格計量。

為使金融資產按攤銷成本或透過其他全面收益按公平值計量進行分類及計量,需就未償還本金產生純粹支付本金及利息(「SPPI」)現金流量。現金流量並非SPPI之金融資產透過損益按公平值分類及計量,而不論業務模式。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Financial assets (continued)

### Initial recognition and measurement (continued)

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling. Financial assets which are not held within the aforementioned business models are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

# Subsequent measurement of financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

#### Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

### 首次確認及計量(續)

本集團管理金融資產之業務模式,乃指其。 管理金融資產從而產生現金流量之方法法。 務模式決定現金流量將來自收取兼金流量、出售金融資產,或兩者產於 接攤銷成本分類及計量的金融資產為目標的業務模式內類 時在收取合約現金流量,而按透過融融 時在收取合約現金流量,而按透過融及 時在收取合約現金流量的,而接透金融及 於旨在持有以收取合約現金流量 於旨在持有以收取合約現金流量 於旨在持有以收取合約現金流 對別是 的業務模式內持有。並非以上述業務平值 分類及計量。

所有常規買賣之金融資產於交易日(即本集團承諾購買或出售該資產之日)確認。一般買賣指須於市場規例或慣例一般規定之期間內交付資產之金融資產買賣。

### 其後計量以攤銷成本計量之金融資產 (債務工具)

以攤銷成本計量之金融資產其後採用實際 利息法計量,並可計提減值。當資產被終 止確認、變更或減值,則收益及虧損於損 益內確認。

### 終止確認金融資產

金融資產(或一項金融資產之一部分或一 組類似金融資產之一部分(如適用))在下 列情況將終止確認(即自本集團綜合財務 狀況表中剔除):

- 收取該項資產所得現金流量之權利經 已屆滿;或
- 本集團已轉讓其收取該項資產所得現金流量之權利,或已承擔一項責任,在未有嚴重拖延之情況下,根據一項「轉付」安排向第三方全數支付已收取之現金流量;及(a)本集團已轉讓該項資產之絕大部分風險及回報;或(b)本集團並無轉讓或保留該項資產經大部分風險及回報,但已轉讓該項資產之控制權。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

### **Derecognition of financial assets** (continued)

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

### Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

#### General approach

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 終止確認金融資產(續)

倘本集團已轉讓其收取資產所得現金流量 之權利,或已訂立轉付安排,則會評估其 是否保留該項資產擁有權之風險及回報 以及保留之程度。倘本集團並無轉讓亦無 保留該項資產之絕大部分風險及回報,亦 無轉讓該項資產之控制權,其只要有持續 參與便會繼續確認被轉讓資產。在此情況 下,本集團亦確認相關負債。被轉讓資產 及相關負債按反映本集團所保留權利及責 任之基準計量。

就透過向被轉讓資產提供擔保之方式持續 參與而言,有關被轉讓資產按資產原賬面 值與本集團可能須支付之最高代價金額之 較低者計量。

#### 金融資產減值

本集團就所有並非按透過損益按公平值持有之債務工具確認預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)撥備。預期信貸虧損按根據合約到期之合約現金流量與本集團預期收取之所有現金流量(按原實際利率之約數貼現)之間的差額。預期現金流量將包括出售屬於合約條款整體部份之已持有抵押品或其他加強信貸安排帶來之現金流量。

### 一般方法

預期信貸虧損分兩個階段確認。對於自首次確認以來信貸風險並無大幅增加之信貸風險承擔而言,預期信貸虧損乃就由於未來12個月內可能發生之違約事件而產生信貸虧損而計提撥備(12個月預期信貸虧損)。對於自首次確認以來信貸風險已大幅增加之信貸風險承擔而言,則須就預期於風險承擔之餘下年期內產生之信貸虧損作出虧損撥備,而不論違約之時間(全期預期信貸虧損)。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

### **Impairment of financial assets** (continued)

### General approach (continued)

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information. The Group considers that there has been a significant increase in credit risk when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for trade receivables which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

- Stage 1- Financial instruments for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs
- Stage 2 Financial instruments for which credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition but that are not credit-impaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs
- Stage 3 Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 金融資產減值(續)

### 一般方法(續)

於各報告日期,本集團評估金融工具之信貸風險有否自首次確認以來大幅增加。在作出評估時,本集團將金融工具於報告日期已產生之違約風險與金融工具於首次確認日期已產生之違約風險比較,並考慮在毋須付出不必要成本或努力下可得之合理及有根據的資料,包括過往及前瞻性資料。本集團認為,當合約付款逾期超過30日,則信貸風險大幅增加。

當合約付款逾期90日,本集團便會視金融資產遭違約。然而,在某些情況下,當有內部或外部資料顯示本集團不大可能於考慮本集團所持有之任何加強信貸安排前全數收取未支付合約金額時,本集團亦可視金融資產為遭違約。當無法合約預期可收回合約現金流量時,便撇銷金融資產。

以攤銷成本計量之金融資產須根據一般方 法計提減值,並在以下計量預期信貸虧損 之階段內分類,惟下文詳述應用簡易方法 之貿易應收款項除外。

- 第一階段一 自首次確認以來信貸風險並 無大幅增加以及虧損撥備按 相等於12個月預期信貸虧損 之數額計量之金融工具
- 第二階段一 自首次確認以來信貸風險大 幅增加但並非信貸減值金融 資產以及虧損撥備按相等於 全期預期信貸虧損之數額計 量之金融工具
- 第三階段一 於報告日期為信貸減值(但並 非已購買或已產生之信貸減 值)以及虧損撥備按相等於全 期預期信貸虧損之數額計量 之金融資產

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

### **Impairment of financial assets** (continued)

## Simplified approach

For trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or when the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

#### **Financial liabilities**

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities of the Group are classified, at initial recognition, as loans and borrowings, or payables, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

# Subsequent measurement of financial liabilities at amortised cost (loans and borrowings)

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in profit or loss.

### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

### 金融資產減值(續)

#### 簡化方法

就不包含重大融資部份之貿易應收款項而言,或當本集團應用簡易實務處理方法不對重大融資部份之影響作出調整時,本集團在計算預期信貸虧損時會應用簡化方法。在簡化方法下,本集團並不追蹤信貸風險之變動,但會根據於各報告日期之全期預期信貸虧損確認虧損撥備。本集團已建立一個撥備矩陣,乃建基於其過往信貸虧損經驗,並已就債務人特定及經濟環境之前瞻性因素作出調整。

### 金融負債

### 首次確認及計量

本集團之金融負債於首次確認時適當地分 類為貸款及借款或應付賬款。

所有金融負債於首次確認時按公平值計量,如屬貸款及借款及應付賬款,則扣除 直接應佔交易成本。

### 其後計量以攤銷成本計量之金融負債 (貸款及借款)

於首次確認後,計息貸款及借款其後以實際利率法按攤銷成本計量,除非折現之影響甚微,在此情況下,則按成本列賬。有關收益及虧損於負債終止確認時透過實際利率攤銷過程在損益確認。

攤銷成本經計及收購之任何折讓或溢價以 及屬於實際利率組成部分之費用或成本後 計算。實際利率攤銷計入損益中。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

### **Derecognition of financial liabilities**

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

### Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average basis. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred in the process of disposal.

### Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

### 終止確認金融負債

金融負債於該負債項下之責任解除或撤銷 或屆滿時終止確認。

倘現有金融負債被另一項來自同一貸款人 以條款截然不同之金融負債所取代,或現 有負債之條款被大幅修訂,該等交換或修 訂以終止確認原負債及確認新負債處理, 相關賬面值之間之差額於損益內確認。

### 抵銷金融工具

倘現時有可執行之合法權利抵銷已確認金額,並且擬以淨額基準進行結算或同時將 資產變現及清償負債,方可將金融資產及 金融負債抵銷,而淨額於財務狀況表呈報。

#### 存貨

存貨以成本與可變現淨值兩者之較低者入 賬。成本乃按加權平均基準釐定。可變現 淨值乃根據估計售價減去任何將在出售過 程產生之估計成本計算。

#### 現金及現金等價物

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金及活期存款,以及可即時兑換為已知金額現金、所涉價值變動風險不高而一般自取得起計三個月內到期之短期高流動性投資,減須按要求償還之銀行透支,並構成本集團現金管理組成部分。

就綜合財務狀況表而言,現金及現金等價物包括手頭及銀行現金,包括定期存款及 用途不受限制且性質與現金相似之資產。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### (continued)

### **Provisions**

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in profit or loss.

A provision for reinstatement costs is recognised when a contractual obligation under the terms of an operating lease has arisen to reinstate a leased property at the end of the lease. Reinstatement costs are provided at the value of the expected costs to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period using estimated cash flows and an equivalent asset is recognised and depreciated over the term of the operating lease. The estimated future costs of reinstatement are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

#### Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries/jurisdictions in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 撥備

倘因過往事件須承擔現時責任(法定或推定責任)而履行責任很可能導致未來資源外流,則撥備予以確認,惟責任數額必須能可靠估計。

倘折現影響重大,則確認撥備之數額為預 期履行責任所需之未來開支於報告期末之 現值。隨時間流逝使折現現值增加之款項 計入損益。

按經營租賃條款因須在租賃期期末修復租賃之物業而產生合約責任時,予以確認修復成本撥備。於報告期末使用估計現金流量以預期清償責任之成本價值作出修復成本撥備,而等值資產會予以確認並按經營租賃期折舊。估計未來修復成本至少於每個財政年度末檢討及調整(如適用)。

### 所得稅

所得税包括即期及遞延税項。與損益以外 確認之項目相關之所得稅於損益以外,在 其他全面收益或直接於權益確認。

即期税項資產及負債乃按預期自稅務機構 起回或付予稅務機構之金額根據截至報告 期末已實施或實質上已實施之稅率(及稅法)計算,並考慮本集團經營所在國家/司法權區之現行詮釋及慣例。

遞延税項使用負債法按報告期末之資產及 負債税基與其作財務申報之賬面值之間之 所有暫時性差額作出撥備。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

#### **Income tax** (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

## 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 所得稅(續)

所有應課税暫時性差額,均被確認為遞延 税項負債,惟下述情況除外:

- 因初次確認商譽或一項交易(非業務 合併)中之資產或負債所產生之遞延 税項負債,並於交易時不會影響會計 溢利或應課稅溢利或虧損;及
- 就於附屬公司之投資所產生之應課税 暫時性差額而言,暫時性差額撥回時 間可受控制,而暫時性差額於可見將 來可能不會撥回。

所有可扣減暫時性差額及未動用稅項抵 免與任何未動用稅務虧損之結轉,均被確 認為遞延稅項資產。倘應課稅溢利可用於 抵銷可扣減暫時性差額,以及未動用稅項 抵免及未動稅務虧損之結轉可予動用,則 遞延稅項資產會予以確認,惟下述情況除 外:

- 因有關可扣減暫時性差額之遞延稅項 資產源自初次確認一項交易(非業務 合併)中之資產或負債,並於交易時 不會影響會計溢利或應課稅溢利或虧 損;及
- 就於附屬公司之投資所產生之可扣減 暫時性差額而言,遞延税項資產僅於 暫時性差額於可見將來可能撥回且應 課稅溢利將用以抵銷暫時性差額時, 方會予以確認。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (continued)

#### **Income tax** (continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of the reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

#### **Government grants**

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 所得稅(續)

遞延稅項資產之賬面值於報告期末檢討, 並扣減至不再可能有足夠應課稅溢利用於 扣減所有或部分將予動用之遞延稅項資產 為止。未確認遞延稅項資產於報告期末重 估,並確認至可能有足夠應課稅溢利將用 於扣減所有或部分將予收回之遞延稅項資 產。

遞延稅項資產及負債以預期適用於資產變 現或負債清還期間之稅率計量,並基於報 告期末已頒佈或實質上頒佈之稅率(及稅 法)計算。

倘(及僅於)本集團具有可依法強制執行的權利,可使用即期稅項資產抵銷即期稅項負債,且遞延稅項資產與遞延稅項負債是關於同一稅務機關就同一應課稅實體所徵收的所得稅或就計劃於各段未來期間(而預期在有關期間內將結清或收回大額的遞延稅項負債或資產)以淨額基準結算即期稅項負債與資產或同時變現資產及結清負債之不同應課稅實體所徵收的所得稅時,則遞延所得稅資產及遞延所得稅負債可相互抵銷。

#### 政府補助金

政府補助金於可合理確定將收取並會遵守 其所附之一切條件時按公平值確認。倘補 助金與開支項目有關,則會按有系統的基 準在預計支銷所補償的成本之期間內確認 為收入。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

### Revenue recognition

#### Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

When the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, the amount of consideration is estimated to which the Group will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods or services to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

When the contract contains a financing component which provides the customer with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer for more than one year, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. When the contract contains a financing component which provides the Group with a significant financial benefit for more than one year, revenue recognised under the contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. For a contract where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised goods or services is one year or less, the transaction price is not adjusted for the effects of a significant financing component, using the practical expedient in HKFRS 15.

### Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, generally upon delivery of the goods.

### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

### 收入確認

### 客戶合約收入

客戶合約收入於商品或服務的控制權轉移 至客戶時確認,有關金額反映本集團預期 就交換該等貨品或服務有權獲得的代價。

當合約中的代價包括可變金額時,估計代價金額將為本集團有權以換取將貨品或服務轉移至客戶的金額。可變代價在合約開始時估計並受到限制,直至與可變代價相關的不確定性其後得以解決時,很有可能所確認累計收入金額中不會出現重大收入轉撥。

### • 銷售貨品

銷售貨品的收入於資產的控制權轉讓 予客戶的時間點確認,有關時點通常 為交付貨品時。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

### Revenue recognition (continued)

#### Other income

Other service income is recognised over time, using an output method to measure the Group's progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant services.

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

#### **Contract liabilities**

A contract liability is recognised when a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Group transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

#### **Employee benefits**

#### Retirement benefit schemes

The Group operates an occupational retirement scheme registered under the Hong Kong Occupational Retirement Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the scheme. This scheme has been granted exemption under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. When an employee leaves the scheme before his/her interest in the Group's employer contributions vesting fully, the ongoing contributions payable by the Group are reduced by the relevant amount of the forfeited employer's contributions.

The Group also operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

### 收入確認(續)

### 其他收入

其他服務收入隨著時間的推移採用輸出法確認,以按完全滿意相關服務計量本集團的服務進度。

利息收入按應計基準及以實際利率法,透過採用將金融工具在預期可使用年期(或較短期間)(倘適用)的估計未來現金收入準確貼現至金融資產的賬面淨值的比率予以確認。

### 合約負債

合約負債於本集團將相關貨品或服務轉讓 前向客戶收取付款或付款到期時(以較早 者為準)確認。合約負債於本集團根據合約 履行時(即轉讓相關貨品或服務之控制權 予客戶時)確認為收益。

#### 僱員福利

### 退休福利計劃

本集團根據香港職業退休計劃條例,為所有合資格參與該計劃之僱員設有職業退休計劃。根據香港強制性公積金計劃條例,該退休計劃已獲豁免。當僱員於可全數享有本集團所作之僱主供款之前退出該計劃,本集團應付之持續供款於沒收僱主供款之相關金額中扣除。

本集團亦根據香港強制性公積金計劃條例 設有一項定額供款強制性公積金退休福利 計劃(「強積金計劃」),以供該等合資格參 加強積金計劃之僱員參與。本集團所作之 僱主供款於向強積金計劃作出供款時全數 歸僱員所有。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

### 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

## **Employee benefits** (continued)

#### Retirement benefit schemes (continued)

Contributions to these schemes are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the schemes. The assets of these schemes are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds.

#### Dividends

Final dividends are recognised as a liability when they are approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. Proposed final dividends are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

### Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

In determining the exchange rate on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to an advance consideration, the date of initial transaction is the date on which the Group initially recognises the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the Group determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of the advance consideration.

### 2.4 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 僱員福利(續)

### 退休福利計劃(續)

該等計劃所作出之供款乃按僱員基本薪金 之百分比計算,並於依照強積金計劃之規 則繳納供款時在損益中扣除。該等計劃之 資產乃與本集團之資產分開,由獨立管理 基金持有。

#### 股息

末期股息於股東大會上獲股東批准時確認 為負債。擬派末期股息於綜合財務報表附 註內披露。

#### 外幣

財務報表以港元呈列,港元即本公司之功能貨幣。本集團內之各實體決定其功能貨幣且各實體之財務報表項目均使用功能貨幣計量。本集團各實體所記錄之外幣交易初步使用交易日期之現行功能貨幣之匯率換算入賬。以外幣計值之貨幣資產及負債,按有關功能貨幣於報告期末之匯率換算。因結算或換算貨幣項目而導致之匯兑差額於損益確認。

以外幣計值按歷史成本計量之非貨幣項目 乃使用於初步交易日期之匯率換算。

於釐定初步確認相關資產、開支或收入及 終止確認與預付代價有關的非貨幣資產或 非貨幣負債所用的匯率時,初始交易日期 為本集團初步確認預付代價產生的非貨幣 資產或非貨幣負債當日。倘若涉及多筆預 付款項或預收款項,則本集團須釐定每次 支付或收取預付代價的交易日期。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

### **Estimation uncertainty**

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

### Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets (including the right-ofuse assets) at the end of the reporting period. Non-financial assets with finite useful lives are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The calculation of the fair value less costs of disposal is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

#### Provisions for reinstatement costs

The Group makes provisions for reinstatement costs associated with certain leased properties under operating leases attributable to the Group based on the estimates of the expected costs to be incurred to settle the relevant contractual obligations under the terms of the leases at the end of the reporting period, which are subject to uncertainties and might differ from the actual costs to be incurred. Significant judgements and estimates are required, including, inter alia, making various assumptions with reference to past experience and available information to determine the expected costs to be incurred. Further details are included in note 20 to the consolidated financial statements.

## 3. 重大會計判斷及估計

編製本集團綜合財務報表時,管理層需要 作出會影響收入、開支、資產及負債呈報 金額及其相關披露以及或然負債披露之判 斷、估計及假設。該等假設及估計之不確 定性可能導致日後須就受影響之資產或負 債賬面值作出重大調整。

### 估計不確定性

下文所討論有關於報告期末就估計不確定 性之未來及其他主要來源之主要假設存在 可導致資產與負債賬面值於下一財務年度 需要作出重大調整之重大風險,茲描述如 下。

#### 非金融資產減值

#### 修復成本撥備

本集團於報告期末按清償租賃條款下之相關合約責任所產生之預期成本之估計對經營租賃下之若干租賃物業有關之本集團應佔復原成本作出撥備,當中存在不確定因素並可能與予產生之實際成本有差異。於釐定將產生之預期成本時須作出重大判斷及估計,當中包括參考過往經驗及可用資料作出多種假設。其進一步詳情載於綜合財務報表附註20。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

### **Estimation uncertainty** (continued)

#### Net realisable value of inventories

The Group periodically reviews the net realisable value of inventories to determine whether any write-down of inventories to net reliable value is required. In estimating the net realisable value of inventories, the Group considers, inter alia, the nature, ageing and condition of inventories, current market condition and other relevant factors. Based on such assessment, write-down of inventories will be made when the carrying amount of inventories declines below their estimated net realisable value. Due to changes in market and economic environment and customers' preference, actual saleability of inventories and actual selling prices that could be realised might be different from the original estimation and profit or loss could be affected by differences in these estimations.

#### Provision for expected credit losses on trade receivables

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade receivables. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments that have similar loss patterns.

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults, the historical default rates are adjusted. At each reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

The assessment of the correlation among historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of a customer's actual default in the future.

## 3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

### 估計不確定性(續)

#### 存貨之可變現淨值

本集團定期評估存貨之可變現淨值以釐定是否須將任何存貨撇減至可變現淨值。於估計存貨之可變現淨值時,本集團會考慮(其中包括)存貨之性質、庫齡及狀態、現行市況及其他有關因素。根據有關評估,倘存貨賬面值跌至低於其估計可變現實情及顧客偏好不斷變化,貨品實際適銷性及可變現實際售價或會與初始估計有所不同,而此估計之差額可能對損益造成影響。

### 有關貿易應收款項之預期信貸虧損撥 備

本集團使用撥備矩陣計算有關貿易應收款 項的預期信貸虧損。撥備率乃按多個具有 類似損失模式的客戶分部分組的逾期日數 得出。

撥備矩陣初步按本集團的歷史可觀察違約率得出。本集團將就前瞻性資料校正矩陣以調整歷史信貸虧損經驗。例如,倘預測經濟狀況預期將下一年度轉差,而可導致違約數目增加,則會調整歷史違約率。於各報告日期,歷史可觀察違約率獲更新,且分析前瞻性估計的變動。

評估歷史可觀察違約率、預測經濟狀況及 預期信貸虧損之間的關係屬重大估計。預 期信貸虧損的金額對情況及預測經濟狀況 的變動屬敏感。本集團的歷史信貸虧損經 驗及經濟狀況預測亦未必代表一位客戶於 日後的實際違約情況。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

**Estimation uncertainty** (continued)

#### Leases – Estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in a lease, and therefore, it uses an incremental borrowing rate ("IBR") to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. The IBR therefore reflects what the Group "would have to pay", which requires estimation when no observable rates are available (such as for subsidiaries that do not enter into financing transactions) or when it needs to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease (for example, when leases are not in the subsidiary's functional currency). The Group estimates the IBR using observable inputs (such as market interest rates) when available and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates (such as the subsidiary's stand-alone credit rating).

#### 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group principally focuses on the retail and wholesale of imported furniture, and special projects. Information reported to the Group's chief operating decision maker, for the purpose of resource allocation and performance assessment, focuses on the operating results of the Group as a whole as the Group's resources are integrated and no discrete operating segment information is available. Accordingly, no operating segment information is presented.

#### **Geographical** information

#### (a) Revenue from external customers

Substantially all of the Group's revenues from external customers during the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 were attributed to Hong Kong based on the location of the customers or the location of certain key processes/resources from which the Group derived the revenues.

## 3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

### 估計不確定性(續)

#### 租賃-估算增量借款利率

本集團無法輕易釐定租賃內所隱含的利 率,因此,使用增量借款利率(「增量借款 利率」)計量和賃負債。增量借款利率為 本集團於類似經濟環境中為取得與使用權 資產價值相近之資產,而以類似抵押品於 類似期間借入所需資金應支付之利率。因 此,增量借款利率反映了本集團「應支付」 的利率,當無可觀察利率時(如就並無訂立 融資交易之附屬公司而言)或當須對利率 進行調整以反映租賃之條款及條件時(如 當租賃並非以附屬公司之功能貨幣訂立 時),則須作出利率估計。當可觀察輸入數 據(如市場利率)可用時,本集團使用可觀 察輸入數據估算增量借款利率並須作出若 干實體特定的估計(如附屬公司單獨的信 貸評級)。

## 4. 經營分部資料

本集團主要經營進口傢俬零售與批發及工程項目。就資源分配及表現評估而言,向本集團主要經營決策者匯報之資料,側重於本集團之整體經營業績,因為本集團之資源已整合且並無分散經營分部資料可提供。因此,並無呈列經營分部資料。

### 地區資料

### (a) 來自外部客戶之收入

於截至2023年及2022年3月31日止年度,本集團來自外部客戶之收入按客戶所在地或按本集團獲得收入之若干重要流程/資源之所在地絕大部分來自香港。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

### 4. **OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

### **Geographical information** (continued)

#### (b) Non-current assets

All of the Group's non-current assets as at the end of the reporting period were located in Hong Kong based on the location of the assets.

#### Information about major customers

No revenues from transactions with a single external customer for the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 amounted to 10% or more of the total revenue of the Group.

## 5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

An analysis of revenue is as follows:

### 4. 經營分部資料(續)

地區資料(續)

### (b) 非流動資產

本集團於報告期末之非流動資產按資 產所處位置全部均位於香港。

## 有關主要客戶之資料

截至2023年及2022年3月31日止年度, 概無來自單一外部客戶交易之收入佔本集 團總收入10%或以上。

# 5. 收入、其他收入及收益

收入分析如下:

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Revenue from contracts with customers 客戶合約收入		
Retail of furniture 傢俬零售	195,018	212,166
Wholesale of furniture 傢俬批發	12,987	8,081
Special projects - project sales 工程項目-項目銷售	8,143	5,210
	216,148	225,457

#### Revenue from contracts with customers

### (i) Disaggregated revenue information

For the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022

#### 客戶合約收入

#### (i) 細分收入資料

截至2023年及2022年3月31日止年 度

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Types of goods 貨品類別		
Sale of furniture 傢俬銷售	216,148	225,457
Timing of revenue recognition 收入確認時間		
At a point in time 於某一時點	216,148	225,457

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

# 5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

### (i) Disaggregated revenue information (continued)

The following table shows the amounts of revenue recognised in the current reporting period that were included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the reporting period and recognised from performance obligations satisfied in previous periods:

# 5. 收入、其他收入及收益(續) 客戶合約收入(續)

### (i) 細分收入資料(續)

下表顯示本報告期間確認之收益金額,其計入報告期初合約負債並於過往期間履行履約責任確認:

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Revenue recognised that was included in contract liabilities at the beginning of the reporting period: 計入報告期初合約負債之已確認收入:		
Sale of goods 銷售貨品	19,955	22,898
Sale of gift vouchers 禮券銷售	697	587
	20,652	23,485

### (ii) Performance obligations

Information about the Group's performance obligations is summarised below:

### Sale of goods

The performance obligation is generally satisfied upon delivery of goods. For retail sale of furniture, payment in advance and/or upon delivery by customers is normally required. For wholesale of furniture, payment is generally due within 30 to 60 days from the date of billing. For project sales, payment is generally due based on terms agreed by relevant parties as set out in the respective agreements.

### (ii) 履約責任

有關本集團履約責任之資料概述如 下:

#### 銷售貨品

履約責任通常於貨品交付後達成。就 傢俬零售而言,客戶通常須提前及/ 或於交付後付款。就傢俬批發而言, 付款一般於結算之日起30至60日內 到期。就項目銷售而言,付款一般按 相關方根據各協議所載協定的條款到 期。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

# 5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS (continued)

### Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

The Group generated revenues from certain projects for the supply of custom-made furniture and other related products and services ("project sales"). The Group entered into several contractual agreements with certain third parties for the supply of custom-made furniture and related services, pursuant to which the Group directly/indirectly delivered such goods and services to certain members of the Emperor Group and, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, these are special project arrangements involving certain members of the Emperor Group. During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Group recognised project sales revenues of approximately HK\$9,000 under such arrangements.

# 5. 收入、其他收入及收益(續) 客戶合約收入(續)

本集團從若干供應定制家具及其他相關產品及服務的項目產生收入(「項目銷售」)。本集團與若干第三方就供應客戶訂製傢租及相關服務訂立多份合約安排,據此,本集團直接/間接交付該等商品及服務予若干英皇集團成員公司,而本公司董事認為,該等安排乃涉及英皇集團成員公司之工程項目安排。於截至2022年3月31日止年度,本集團根據該等安排確認項目銷售收入約9,000港元。

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Other income and gains 其他收入及收益		
Other service income 其他服務收入	1,445	1,465
Government subsidies* 政府補貼*	3,283	177
Bank interest income 銀行利息收入	1,245	275
Gain on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment 出售物業、廠房及設備項目之收益	15	-
Others 其他	761	848
	6,749	2,765

- \* The government subsidies for the current year mainly represented subsidies received under the Employment Support Scheme and the Phasing Out Euro IV Diesel Commercial Vehicles Ex-gratia Payment Scheme of the Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. The government subsidies for the prior year mainly represented subsidies received under the Phasing Out Euro IV Diesel Commercial Vehicles Ex-gratia Payment Scheme of the Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. There were no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to the subsidies.
- \* 於本年度,政府補助主要指根據香港特別行政區政府就業支援計劃及淘汰歐盟四期柴油商業車輛一特惠資助計劃收到的補助。上一年度的政府補助主要指根據香港特別行政區政府淘汰歐盟四期柴油商業車輛一特惠資助計劃收到的補助。並無與補助有關之未達成條件或或然事項。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

## 6. FINANCE COSTS

# 6. 財務成本

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Interest on lease liabilities 租賃負債利息	2,527	1,535

# 7. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX

# The Group's profit/(loss) before tax is arrived at after charging/ (crediting):

# 7. 除稅前溢利/(虧損)

本集團除稅前溢利/(虧損)已扣除/(抵免)下列各項:

		2023	2022
	Notes 附註	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Cost of inventories sold 已出售存貨成本		81,419	81,264
Write-down of inventories to net realisable value 撇減存貨至可變現淨值		1,545	1,556
Total amount recognised as cost of sales 已確認為銷售成本之總額		82,964	82,820
Auditor's remuneration 核數師酬金		826	875
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment物業、廠房及設備之折舊	13	5,909	7,037
Depreciation of right-of-use assets 使用權資產之折舊	14	42,511	39,733
Lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities 未計入租賃負債計量之租賃付款	14(c)	4,665	5,909
Employee benefit expense (excluding directors' and chief executive's remuneration (note 8)):  [[[]]] [[]] [[]] [[]] [[]] [[]] [[]]			
Wages, salaries, bonuses and allowances 工資、薪金、花紅及津貼		39,985	40,055
Pension scheme contributions (defined contribution schemes)* 退休金計劃供款(定額供款計劃)*		1,843	1,801
		41,828	41,856
Impairment/(reversal of impairment) of trade receivables, net 貿易應收款項減值/(撥回減值),淨額	16	(6)	166
Gain on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment 出售物業、廠房及設備項目之收益	5	(15)	_
Impairment of property, plant and equipment^ 物業、廠房及設備之減值 ^	13	2,255	_
Impairment of right-of-use assets^ 使用權資產之減值 ^	14(a)	13,336	_
Foreign exchange differences, net 匯兑差異, 淨額		(402)	(317)

# 財務報表附註

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## 7. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX (continued)

- ^ Included in "Other expenses" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.
- \* There are no forfeited contributions that may be used by the Group as the employer to reduce the existing level of contributions.

# 8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION

Directors' and chief executive's remuneration of the Group for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange, section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Hong Kong Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

## 7. 除稅前溢利 / (虧損) (續)

- ^ 計入綜合損益及其他全面收益表內「其 他開支」。
- \* 本集團並無可用作僱主以減低現有供款 水平之沒收供款。

# 8. 董事及主要行政人員酬金

根據聯交所證券上市規則、香港公司條例 第383(1)(a)、(b)、(c)及(f)條以及香港公 司(披露董事利益資料)規例第2部所披露 於年內本集團董事及主要行政人員酬金如 下:

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Fees 袍金	1,078	1,028
Other emoluments: 其他酬金:		
Salaries and allowances 薪金及津貼	2,805	1,828
Discretionary bonuses 酌情花紅	117	105
Pension scheme contributions (defined contribution schemes) 退休金計劃供款(定額供款計劃)	120	75
	3,042	2,008
	4,120	3,036

### (a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

### (a) 獨立非執行董事

年內,已付獨立非執行董事之袍金如 下:

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Chan Yee Man 陳綺雯	180	180
Chiu Kin Fai 招健暉	180	180
Ng Hoi Yue 伍海于	180	180
	540	540

## 財務報表附註

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# 8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (continued)

#### (a) Independent non-executive directors (continued)

There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during the year (2022: Nil).

### (b) Executive directors and the chief executive

### 8. 董事及主要行政人員酬金(續)

#### (a) 獨立非執行董事(續)

年內並無應付獨立非執行董事之其 他薪酬(2022年:無)。

#### (b) 執行董事及主要行政人員

			. ,		
	Fees 袍金	Salaries and allowances 薪金及津貼	Discretionary bonuses 酌情花紅	Pension scheme contributions 退休金 計劃供款	Total remuneration 酬金總額
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
2023					
Executive director and the managing director: 執行董事及董事總經理:					
Chan Chuen Yin^ 陳傳賢 ^	88	1,489	62	60	1,699
Executive director and the general director: 執行董事及總經理:					
Mok Fung Lin, Ivy 莫鳳蓮	150	1,316	55	60	1,581
Executive directors: 執行董事:					
Wong Chi Fai 黃志輝	150	-	-	-	150
Fan Man Seung, Vanessa 范敏嫦	150	-	-	-	150
	538	2,805	117	120	3,580
2022					
Executive director and the chief executive: 執行董事及主要行政人員:					
Ng Koon Keung, Ricky* 吳冠強*	38	552	-	15	605
Executive directors: 執行董事:					
Wong Chi Fai 黃志輝	150	-	_	_	150
Mok Fung Lin, Ivy 莫鳳蓮	150	1,276	105	60	1,591
Fan Man Seung, Vanessa 范敏嫦	150	-	-	-	150
	488	1,828	105	75	2,496

<sup>^</sup> Appointed as executive director and managing director on 1 September 2022

There was no arrangement under which a director or the chief executive waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

年內, 概無董事或主要行政人員根據 任何安排放棄或同意放棄任何酬金。

<sup>\*</sup> Ceased directorship on 1 July 2021

î 於2022年9月1日獲委任為執行 董事及董事總經理

<sup>\*</sup> 於2021年7月1日離任董事職務

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#### 9. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees of the Group during the year included two directors (2022: one director), details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining three (2022: four) highest paid employees who are neither a director nor chief executive of the Company are as follows:

#### 9. 五名最高薪僱員

年內,本集團五名最高薪僱員包括兩名董事(2022年:一名董事),其酬金詳情載於上文附註8。其餘三名(2022年:四名)並非本公司董事又非主要行政人員之最高薪僱員於年內之酬金詳情如下:

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Salaries and allowances 薪金及津貼	2,532	3,441
Discretionary bonuses 酌情花紅	124	228
Pension scheme contributions 退休金計劃供款	162	95
	2,818	3,764

The number of non-director and non-chief executive highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

酬金在下列範圍內之非董事及非主要行政 人員之最高薪僱員人數如下:

	Number of employees 僱員人數	
	2023	2022
Nil to HK\$1,000,000 零至1,000,000港元	2	3
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000 1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	1	1
	3	4

During the year, no emolument was paid or payable by the Group to the non-director and non-chief executive highest paid employees as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for the loss of office (2022: Nil).

年內,本集團並無向非董事及非主要行政 人員之最高薪酬僱員支付或應付任何酬 金,作為吸引加入本集團或於加入本集團 後之獎勵或離職賠償(2022年:無)。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

#### **10. INCOME TAX**

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Company did not generate any assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year ended 31 March 2023. Hong Kong profits tax had been provided at the rate of 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year ended 31 March 2022.

#### 10. 所得稅

由於本公司於截至2023年3月31日止年度並無產生任何源自香港的應課税溢利,因此並無作出香港利得税撥備。於截至2022年3月31日止年度,香港利得税乃就在香港產生之估計應課税溢利按税率16.5%作出撥備。

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Current - Hong Kong 即期-香港		
Charge for the year 年內支出	-	1,324
Overprovision in prior years 過往年度超額撥備	(410)	(234)
Deferred (note 21) 遞延(附註21)	129	586
Total tax charge/(credit) for the year 年內税項開支/(抵免)總額	(281)	1,676

A reconciliation of the tax expense/(credit) applicable to profit/ (loss) before tax at the Hong Kong statutory tax rate (statutory tax rate for the jurisdiction in which the Company and the majority of the Group's operating subsidiaries are domiciled) to the tax charge/(credit) at the Group's effective tax rate is as follows:

按香港法定税率(本公司及本集團大部分經營附屬公司所在司法權區之法定税率)計算適用於除稅前溢利/(虧損)之稅項開支/(抵免)與按本集團實際稅率計算之稅項支出/(抵免)對賬如下:

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Profit/(loss) before tax 除税前溢利/(虧損)	(21,298)	5,818
Tax charge/(credit) at the Hong Kong statutory tax rate of 16.5% 按香港法定税率16.5%計算之税項支出/(抵免)	(3,514)	960
Adjustment in respect of current tax of previous periods 過往期間即期税項調整	(410)	(234)
Income not subject to tax 無需繳税之收入	(765)	(75)
Expenses not deductible for tax 不可扣税開支	2,588	165
Tax losses not recognised 未確認之税項虧損	1,597	_
Others 其他	223	860
Tax charge/(credit) at the Group's effective tax rate 按本集團實際税率計算之税項支出/(抵免)	(281)	1,676

# 財務報表附註

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#### 11. DIVIDEND 11. 股息

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Final - Nil (2022: HK0.50 cent) per ordinary share 末期股息-每股普通股零(2022年: 0.50港仙)	-	4,000

The board of directors does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2023.

董事會並不建議派付截至2023年3月31日止年度之任何末期股息。

# 12. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT

The calculation of the basic earnings/(loss) per share amounts is based on the profit/(loss) for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 800,000,000 (2022: 800,000,000) in issue during the year.

The Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022.

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share is based on:

#### 12. 母公司普通股權益擁有人應佔每 股盈利/(虧損)

每股基本盈利/(虧損) 乃根據年內母公司普通股權益擁有人應佔溢利/(虧損) 及年內已發行普通股加權平均數800,000,000股(2022年:800,000,000股)計算。

本集團於截至2023年及2022年3月31 日止年度並無具潛在攤薄作用之已發行普 通股。

下列為用作計算每股基本及攤薄盈利/(虧損)之數據:

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Earnings/(loss) 溢利/(虧損)		
Profit/(loss) attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent used in the basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share calculation 計算每股基本及攤薄盈利/(虧損)所用母公司普通股權益擁有人應佔溢利/(虧損)	(21,017)	4,142

	Number of shares 股份數目		
	2023	2022	
Shares 股份			
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year used in the basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share calculation 計算每股基本及攤薄盈利/(虧損)所用之年內已發行普通股加權平均數	800,000,000	800,000,000	

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

### 13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

### 13. 物業、廠房及設備

		Furniture, fixtures and		
	Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修	equipment 家俬、装置 及設備	Motor vehicles 汽車	Total 總計
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
31 March 2023 2023年3月31日				
At 31 March 2022 and at 1 April 2022: 於2022年3月31日及2022年4月1日:				
Cost 成本	68,989	6,215	2,397	77,601
Accumulated depreciation 累計折舊	(60,942)	(4,905)	(2,008)	(67,855)
Net carrying amount 賬面淨值	8,047	1,310	389	9,746
At 1 April 2022, net of accumulated depreciation 於2022年4月1日,扣除累計折舊	8,047	1,310	389	9,746
Additions 添置	790	396	520	1,706
Depreciation provided during the year 年內折舊撥備	(5,061)	(649)	(199)	(5,909)
Impairment 減值	(2,044)	(211)	-	(2,255)
At 31 March 2023, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment 於2023年3月31日,扣除累計折舊及減值	1,732	846	710	3,288
At 31 March 2023: 於2023年3月31日:				
Cost 成本	66,009	6,528	2,603	75,140
Accumulated depreciation and impairment 累計折舊及減值	(64,277)	(5,682)	(1,893)	(71,852)
Net carrying amount 賬面淨值	1,732	846	710	3,288

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

#### 13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

#### 13. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

	Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修	Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢俬、裝置 及設備	Motor vehicles 汽車	Total 總計
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
31 March 2022 2022年3月31日				
At 1 April 2021: 於2021年4月1日:				
Cost 成本	62,055	5,529	2,397	69,981
Accumulated depreciation 累計折舊	(57,816)	(4,067)	(1,829)	(63,712)
Net carrying amount 賬面淨值	4,239	1,462	568	6,269
At 1 April 2021, net of accumulated depreciation 於2021年4月1日,扣除累計折舊	4,239	1,462	568	6,269
Additions 添置	10,036	478	_	10,514
Depreciation provided during the year 年內折舊撥備	(6,228)	(630)	(179)	(7,037)
At 31 March 2022, net of accumulated depreciation 於2022年3月31日,扣除累計折舊	8,047	1,310	389	9,746
At 31 March 2022: 於2022年3月31日:				
Cost 成本	68,989	6,215	2,397	77,601
Accumulated depreciation 累計折舊	(60,942)	(4,905)	(2,008)	(67,855)
Net carrying amount 賬面淨值	8,047	1,310	389	9,746

As at 31 March 2023, the Group's management identified certain retail stores which continued to underperform and estimated the corresponding recoverable amounts of their property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets. Based on these estimates, impairment losses of HK\$2,255,000 and HK\$13,336,000 were recognised to write down the carrying amounts of these items of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets to their recoverable amounts of Nil as at 31 March 2023. The estimates of the recoverable amount were based on the value-in-use.

於2023年3月31日,本集團管理層識別若干持續表現欠佳之零售店,並估計其物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產之相關可收回金額。根據該等估計,確認減值虧損2,255,000港元及13,336,000港元,以將該等物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產項目於2023年3月31日之賬面值撇減至其可收回金額零。可收回金額之估計乃根據使用價值計算。

# 財務報表附註

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#### 14. LEASES

#### The Group as a lessee

The Group has lease contracts for certain of its office properties, retail stores, warehouses and equipment used in its operations. Leases of properties and equipment generally have lease terms of 18 months to 5 years.

#### (a) Right-of-use assets

The carrying amount of the Group's right-of-use assets and the movements during the year are as follows:

#### 14. 租賃

#### 本集團作為承租人

本集團擁有用於其營運之若干辦公物業、 零售店、倉庫及設備。物業及設備之租期 通常為十八個月至五年。

#### (a) 使用權資產

年內本集團使用權資產之賬面值及 變動載列如下:

	Properties and equipment 物業及設備
	HK\$' 000 千港元
As at 1 April 2021 於 2021年4月1日	35,776
Additions 添置	61,158
Transfer to sublease 轉撥至轉租	(3,803)
Lease modification 租賃修訂	17,829
Depreciation charge 折舊支出	(39,733)
As at 31 March 2022 and 1 April 2022 於2022年3月31日及2022年4月1日	71,227
Additions 添置	8,669
Lease modification 租賃修訂	25,745
Depreciation charge 折舊支出	(42,511)
Impairment 減值	(13,336)
As at 31 March 2023 於 2023年3月31日	49,794

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

#### 14. LEASES (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

#### (b) Lease liabilities

The carrying amount of lease liabilities and the movements during the year are as follows:

#### 14. 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

#### (b) 租賃負債

年內租賃負債之賬面值及變動載列 如下:

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Carrying amount at 1 April 於4月1日賬面值	76,404	36,973
New leases 新租賃	8,106	60,476
Lease modification 租賃修訂	25,745	17,821
Accretion of interest recognised during the year 年內確認的利息增加	2,527	1,535
Payments 付款	(45,890)	(40,401)
Carrying amount at 31 March 於3月31日賬面值	66,892	76,404
Analysed into: 分析為:		
Current portion 流動部分	36,777	40,334
Non-current portion 非流動部分	30,115	36,070

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is disclosed in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements.

租賃負債之到期日分析於綜合財務報表附註29披露。

(c) The amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to leases are as follows:

(c) 於損益確認之租賃相關金額載列如下:

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Interest on lease liabilities 租賃負債利息	2,527	1,535
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets 使用權資產折舊支出	42,511	39,733
Expense relating to short-term leases (included in selling and distribution expenses) 有關短期租賃開支(包括銷售及分銷開支)	4,608	5,706
Variable lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities (included in selling and distribution expense) 未計入計量租賃負債(計入銷售及分銷開支)之可變租賃款項	57	203
Total amount recognised in profit or loss 於損益確認之總額	49,703	47,177

## 財務報表附註

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#### 14. LEASES (continued)

#### The Group as a lessee (continued)

(d) The total cash outflow for leases is disclosed in note 24(c) to the consolidated financial statements.

#### (e) Extension options

The Group has several lease contracts that include extension options. These options are negotiated by management to provide flexibility in managing the leased-asset portfolio and they are aligned with the Group's business needs. Set out below are the undiscounted potential future rental payments relating to periods following the exercise date of extension options that are not included in the lease terms:

#### 14. 租賃(續)

#### 本集團作為承租人(續)

(d) 租賃現金流出總額於綜合財務報表 附註24(c)披露。

#### (e) 續租選擇權

本集團擁有若干包含續租選擇權的 租賃合約。該等選擇權由管理層磋商 以靈活管理租賃資產組合並與本集 團的業務需求相符。下文載列與續租 選擇權行使日期後期間相關的未貼 現潛在未來租金付款(不包括在租賃 條款內):

#### 2023

	Payable within five years 五年內支付	Payable after five years 五年後支付	Total 總計
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Extension options expected not to be exercised 預期未獲行使之續租選擇權	13,143	-	13,143

#### 2022

	Payable within five years 五年內支付	Payable after five years 五年後支付	Total 總計
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Extension options expected not to be exercised 預期未獲行使之續租選擇權	16,552	-	16,552

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31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

#### 14. LEASES (continued)

#### The Group as a lessor

The Group subleases certain carparks under finance lease arrangements, with the lease negotiated for a term of three years.

At 31 March 2023, the undiscounted lease payments receivable by the Group in future periods under non-cancellable finance leases with its tenants are as follows:

#### 14. 租賃(續)

#### 本集團作為出租人

本集團根據融資經營租賃安排分租若干停 車場,商定租期為三年。

於2023年3月31日,本集團與其租戶不可撤銷融資租賃下於未來期間應收未貼現租金付款如下:

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Within one year 一年內	660	1,290
After one year but within two years 一年後但兩年內	-	660
	660	1,950

#### 15. INVENTORIES

### 15. 存貨

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Goods held for sale 待售貨品	43,639	57,833

#### **16. TRADE RECEIVABLES**

#### 16. 貿易應收款項

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Trade receivables 貿易應收款項	3,359	3,805
Impairment 減值	(274)	(280)
	3,085	3,525

### 財務報表附註

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#### 16. TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

The Group's retail sales are usually paid in cash or by major credit/debit cards, with the settlement from the corresponding banks or other financial institutions normally within 7 to 30 days. The Group's trading terms with its wholesale and project customers are mainly on credit, except for new customers, where payment in advance and/or upon delivery is normally required. The credit period for these customers is generally one to two months, extending up to six months for major project customers, or based on terms agreed by the relevant parties as set out in the respective agreements. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and overdue balances are reviewed by senior management. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade receivable balances. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

An ageing analysis of the trade receivables of the Group as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

#### 16. 貿易應收款項(續)

本集團之零售銷貨通常以現金支付或以主要信用卡/扣賬卡形式支付,往來銀行或其他金融機構通常會於7至30日內之算。本集團與其批發客戶及項目客戶之結實。本集團與其批發客戶及項目客戶之結算。該等客戶之信貸期一般為一般情況下須按預付及/或交貨人一致為主要的項目客戶最多延長三之個月,可為主要的項目客戶最多延長三之應。本集團力求嚴格控制其未清償之定應、本集團力求嚴格控制其未清償之定應、本集團力求嚴格控制其未清償之應。其關並無就其貿易應收款項結餘持有任例抵押品或其他信用提升措施。貿易應收款項為不計息。

於報告期末,本集團貿易應收款項(扣除 虧損撥備)按發票日期之賬齡分析如下:

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Within 1 month 一個月內	2,172	2,341
1 to 3 months 一至三個月	658	1,072
Over 3 months 三個月以上	255	112
	3,085	3,525

Included in the Group's trade receivables was an amount due from a member of the Emperor Group of approximately HK\$55,000 as at 31 March 2023 (2022: HK\$10,000).

於2023年3月31日,本集團貿易應收款項包括應收英皇集團成員公司款項約55,000港元(2022年:10,000港元)。

## 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

#### 16. TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

#### 16. 貿易應收款項(續)

貿易應收款項減值虧損撥備之變動載列如 下:

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
At beginning of year 年初	280	114
Impairment losses/(reversal of impairment loss), net (note 7) 減值虧損/( 撥回減值虧損 ),淨額(附註 7)	(6)	166
At end of year 年末	274	280

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments. The calculation reflects information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions, as appropriate.

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade receivables using a provision matrix: 於各報告日期均採用撥備矩陣進行減值分析,以計量預期信貸虧損。撥備率乃基於就多個客戶分部進行分組而逾期的日數計算。該計算反映於報告日期可得的有關過往事件、現況及未來經濟狀況預測(如適當)的資料。

下文載列使用撥備矩陣得出本集團貿易應 收款項面臨的信貸風險的資料:

#### As at 31 March 2023

#### 於2023年3月31日

		Past due 逾期			
	Current 即期	Less than 1 month 少於一個月	1 to 3 months 一至三個月	Over 3 months 三個月以上	Total 總計
Expected credit loss rate 預期信貸虧損率	5.46%	10.69%	16.30%	32.63%	8.16%
Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000) 總賬面值(千港元)	2,124	1,048	92	95	3,359
Expected credit losses (HK\$'000) 預期信貸虧損(千港元)	116	112	15	31	274

## 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

#### 16. TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

#### As at 31 March 2022

#### 16. 貿易應收款項(續)

於2022年3月31日

		Past due 逾期			
	Current 即期	Less than 1 month 少於一個月	1 to 3 months 一至三個月	Over 3 months 三個月以上	Total 總計
Expected credit loss rate 預期信貸虧損率	6.01%	11.24%	20.00%	_	7.36%
Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000) 總賬面值(千港元)	3,014	676	115	_	3,805
Expected credit losses (HK\$'000) 預期信貸虧損(千港元)	181	76	23	_	280

# 17. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

#### 17. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Prepayments 預付款項	1,523	594
Deposits and other receivables* 按金及其他應收款項*	27,726	24,736
	29,249	25,330
Less: Non-current portion 減:非流動部分	(9,788)	(10,454)
Current portion 流動部分	19,461	14,876

<sup>\*</sup> Included in the Group's deposits and other receivables were amounts due from certain members of the Emperor Group of approximately HK\$1,987,000 as at 31 March 2023 (2022: HK\$2,361,000) which are unsecured, non-interest-bearing and repayable on demand.

None of the financial assets included in the above balances was either past due or impaired as at 31 March 2023 and 2022. The financial assets included in the above balances related to deposits and other receivables for which there was no recent history of default and past due amounts. Their recoverability was assessed with reference to the credit status of the debtors, and the expected credit loss as at 31 March 2023 and 2022 was considered by management to be minimal.

於2023及2022年3月31日計入上述結 餘內之金融資產概無逾期亦無減值。計入 上述結餘之金融資產與近期並無拖欠還款 記錄及逾期款項的按金及其他應收款項有 關。其可收回性乃經參考債務人的信貸狀 況評估,及於2023年及2022年3月31 日的預期信貸虧損被管理層視為較小。

<sup>\*</sup> 於2023年3月31日,應收若干英皇 集團成員公司款項約1,987,000港元 (2022年:2,361,000港元)計入本集 團按金及其他應收款項,屬無抵押、免 息及須按要求償還。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

#### 18. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

# An ageing analysis of the trade and bills payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

#### 18. 貿易應付款項及應付票據

於報告期末,貿易應付款項及應付票據按 發票日期之賬齡分析如下:

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Within 1 month 一個月內	3,097	7,169
1 to 3 months 一至三個月	1,431	2,452
Over 3 months 三個月以上	671	781
	5,199	10,402

The trade and bills payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on terms of 60 to 120 days.

The Group's trade and bills payables include amounts denominated in the following foreign currencies:

貿易應付款項及應付票據為不計息且一般 須於60日至120日內結清。

本集團貿易應付款項及應付票據包括以下 列外幣計值之款項:

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
United States dollar ("US\$") 美元(「美元」)	31	726
Euro ("EUR") 歐元 (「歐元」)	3,838	8,054
	3,869	8,780

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

#### 19. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

#### 19 其他應付款項及應計費用

		2023	2022
	Notes 附註	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Other payables and accruals 其他應付款項及應計費用	(a)	10,806	16,805
Contract liabilities 合約負債	(b)	13,214	21,303
		24,020	38,108

Notes:

- (a) Included in the Group's other payables and accruals was an amount due to a member of the Emperor Group of approximately HK\$2,625,000 as at 31 March 2023 (2022: HK\$8,071,000), which is unsecured, non-interest-bearing and repayable on demand. Except for the above, other payables are non-interest-bearing and have an average term of one month.
- (b) Details of contract liabilities are as follows:

#### 附註:

- (a) 於2023年3月31日應付英皇集團成員 公司款項約2,625,000港元(2022年: 8,071,000港元)計入本集團其他應付款 項及應計費用。該等款項為無抵押、免 息及須按要求償還。除上述者外,其他 應付款項為免息,平均期限為一個月。
- (b) 合約負債之詳情載列如下:

	31 March 2023 2023年 3月31日	31 March 2022 2022年 3月31日	1 April 2021 2021年 4月1日
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Consideration received from customers in advance 預收客戶代價			
Sale of goods 銷售貨品	12,816	20,443	22,901
Sale of gift vouchers 禮券銷售	398	860	1,225
Total contract liabilities 合約負債總額	13,214	21,303	24,126

Contract liabilities include consideration received in advance of the delivery of goods and for the sale of gift vouchers. The decrease in contract liabilities as at 31 March 2023 and 2022 was mainly due to the decrease in short-term advances received from customers in relation to the sales of goods at the end of the year.

合約負債包括提前交付商品收取的代價 及銷售禮券。於2023及2022年3月31 日合約負債減少乃主要由於年末就銷售 貨品已收客戶短期墊款減少所致。

## 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

#### 20. PROVISIONS

Pursuant to the terms of the relevant tenancy agreements, the Group, as the lessee of certain properties under operating leases, has the obligations to reinstate its leased properties to their original state or to a condition as specified in the respective tenancy agreements at the cost of the Group at the end/upon the termination of the relevant lease terms.

#### 20. 撥備

根據有關租賃協議條款,本集團作為經營 租賃項下若干物業之承租人於有關租賃期 結束/終止時,有責任修復其租用物業至 原狀或至各自租賃協議所規定之狀況,費 用由本集團承擔。

	Provisions for reinstatement costs 修復成本撥備	
	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
At beginning of year 年初	10,838	9,558
Additional provisions 額外撥備	-	1,639
Amounts utilised during the year 年內已動用金額	(576)	(344)
Decrease in estimated provisions 估計撥備減少	-	(15)
At 31 March 於3月31日	10,262	10,838
Less: Non-current portion 減:非流動部分	(6,521)	(5,694)
Current portion 流動部分	3,741	5,144

The provisions for reinstatement costs were determined based on certain assumptions and estimates made by the directors of the Company with reference to past experience and available information. The assumptions and estimates are reviewed, and revised where appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

修復成本撥備乃根據本公司董事參考過往 經驗及可用資料作出之若干假設及估計而 釐定。該等假設及估計至少於每個財政年 度末檢討及修改(如適用)。

## 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

#### 21. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

#### 21. 遞延稅項資產

The movements in deferred tax assets during the year are as follows:

遞延税項資產於年內之變動如下:

		Depreciation in excess of related depreciation allowance 超過有關折舊 撥備之折舊
	Note 附註	HK\$' 000 千港元
At 1 April 2021 於 2021年4月1日		5,897
Deferred tax charged to profit or loss during the year 年內於損益扣除之遞延税項	10	(586)
At 31 March 2022 and 1 April 2022 於2022年3月31日及2022年4月1日		5,311
Deferred tax charged to profit or loss during the year 年內於損益扣除之遞延税項	10	(129)
At 31 March 2023 於2023年3月31日		5,182

As at 31 March 2023, the Group had tax loss arising in Hong Kong of HK\$9,678,000 (2022: Nil) that may be carried forward indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the company in which the loss arose. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the tax loss as it has arisen in a subsidiary that it is currently not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax loss can be utilised.

於2023年3月31日,本集團於香港產生之税項虧損9,678,000港元(2022年:無)可無限期結轉以抵銷產生虧損之本公司之未來應課稅溢利。本集團並無就稅項虧損確認遞延稅項資產,原因為其產生於一間當前認為不大可能產生應課稅溢利以抵銷可動用之稅項虧損之附屬公司。

#### 22. SHARE CAPITAL

22. 股本

Shares

股份

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Issued and fully paid Shares: 已發行及悉數繳足股份:		
800,000,000 (2022: 800,000,000) ordinary shares 800,000,000 (2022年: 800,000,000)股普通股	110,337	110,337

### 財務報表附註

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#### 23. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a share option scheme ("Share Option Scheme") on 8 January 2018.

The principal terms of the Share Option Scheme are summarised as follows:

#### (a) Purpose of the Share Option Scheme

To enable the Group to attract, retain and motivate talented eligible participants to strive for future developments and expansion of the Group.

#### (b) Eligibility

Eligible participants of the Share Option Scheme include any director, including any executive or independent non-executive director, any employee of any member of the Group, any trustee of a trust whose beneficiaries or objects include any employee or business associate of the Group, any adviser or consultant to the Group, any provider of goods and/or services to the Group, or any other person who the board of directors of the Company considers, in its sole discretion, has contributed or may contribute to the Group.

#### (c) Maximum number of shares available for issue

- (i) total number of shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme as at 8 January 2018 (i.e., the date of passing the resolution for adoption of the Share Option Scheme) and 29 June 2023 (i.e., the date of this report): 80,000,000 shares
- (ii) percentage of the issued shares of the Company that it represents as at 29 June 2023: 10%.

# (d) Maximum entitlement of each eligible participant under the Share Option Scheme

- in aggregate not to exceed 1% of the shares in issue in any 12-month period unless approved by the shareholders; and
- (ii) options granted to substantial shareholders or independent non-executive directors or their respective associates in any 12-month period exceeding 0.1% of the shares in issue and with a value in excess of HK\$5,000,000 must be approved by the shareholders.

#### 23. 購股權計劃

本公司於2018年1月8日採納一項購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」)。

購股權計劃之主要條款概述如下:

#### (a) 購股權計劃之目的

為使本集團能吸引、挽留及激勵有才 幹之合資格參與者以謀求本集團之 未來發展及擴張。

#### (b) 資格

購股權計劃之合資格參與者包括本 集團任何成員公司之任何董事(包括 任何執行或獨立非執行董事)、任何 僱員、受益人或受益對象包括本集團 任何僱員或業務聯繫人的信託人 何信託人,本集團任何顧問或治 人,本集團任何商品及/或服務之供 應商或本公司董事會全權酌情認為 對本集團有貢獻或可能會作出貢獻 之任何其他人士。

#### (c) 可予發行之股份上限數目

- (i) 於2018年1月8日(即通過採納購股權計劃之決議案日期)及2023年6月29日(即本年報日期)根據購股權計劃可供發行股份總數:80,000,000股。
- (ii) 於2023年6月29日佔本公司已 發行股份之百分比:10%。

#### (d) 根據購股權計劃下每名合資格參 與者可獲授權益上限

- (i) 除非獲股東批准,否則在任何 12個月期間內總計不得超過已 發行股份之1%;及
- (ii) 於任何12個月期間內向主要股東或獨立非執行董事或彼等各自之聯繫人授出之購股權,若超過已發行股份之0.1%及價值超過5,000,000港元須經股東批准。

### 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

#### 23. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

# (e) Period within which options may be exercised by the grantee under the scheme

At any time from the date of grant of the option to such a date determined by the Board but in any event not exceeding 10 years from the date of grant.

#### (f) Vesting period for options granted under the scheme

No vesting period unless otherwise determined by the Board.

- (g) (i) Price payable on application or acceptance of the option: HK\$1.00;
  - (ii) The period within which payments or calls must or may be made: Within 28 days from the date of grant; and
  - (iii) Period within which loans for such purposes of the payments or calls must be repaid: Not applicable.

#### (h) Basis for determining the exercise price

The exercise price is determined by the board of directors of the Company and will not be less than the higher of (a) the Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares on the date of grant; and (b) the average Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant.

#### (i) The remaining life of the Share Option Scheme

Approximately 4.5 years (expiring on 7 January 2028)

No share option has been granted under the Share Option Scheme since the adoption date of the Share Option Scheme.

#### 23. 購股權計劃(續)

#### (e) 購股權計劃項下承授人可行使購 股權之期限

自授出購股權日期起至董事會釐定 之有關日期之任何時間,惟於任何情 況下,不得超過授出日期起計10年。

#### (f) 購股權計劃項下獲授出之購股權 之歸屬期

除非董事會另行釐定,否則並無歸屬 期。

- **(g)** (i) 申請或接納購股權時所須繳付的 代價:1.00港元;
  - (ii) 必須或可能付款或催款的期間:自授出日期起計28日內; 及
  - (iii) 作付款或通知付款用途的貸款 償還期限:不適用。

#### (h) 釐定行使價之基準

行使價乃由本公司董事會釐定,惟不得低於下列較高者:(a)於授出日期本公司股份之聯交所收市價;及(b)於緊接授出日期前五個營業日本公司股份之平均聯交所收市價。

#### (i) 購股權計劃之餘下年期

約4.5年(於2028年1月7日屆滿)。

自購股權計劃獲通過之日起, 概無購股權 根據購股權計劃獲授出。

## 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

# 24. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH 24. 綜合現金流量表附註 FLOWS

#### (a) Major non-cash transactions

- (i) During the year ended 31 March 2022, additional provisions for reinstatement costs in respect of certain leased properties of the Group amounting to approximately HK\$1,639,000 were recognised and these amounts were recognised as part of the cost of related property, plant and equipment of the Group and reflected as additions to leasehold improvements of the Group during the prior year.
- (ii) During the year, the Group had non-cash additions to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of HK\$8,106,000 (2022: HK\$60,476,000) and HK\$8,106,000 (2022: HK\$60,476,000), respectively, in respect of lease arrangements for leased properties.

#### (a) 主要非現金交易

- (i) 截至2022年3月31日止年度, 就本集團若干租用物業所作出 之修復成本確認額外撥備約 1,639,000港元,有關款項確認 為本集團相關物業、廠房及設備 成本之一部分,並於上一年度呈 列為本集團之租賃物業裝修添 置。
- (ii) 於年內,本集團就租用物業之租 賃安排分別擁有使用權資產及租 賃負債之非現金添置8,106,000 港元(2022年:60,476,000港 元)及8,106,000港元(2022 年:60,476,000港元)。

#### (b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

#### (b) 融資活動產生之負債之變動

	2023
	Lease liabilities 租賃負債
	HK\$' 000 千港元
At 1 April 2022 於2022年4月1日	76,404
Changes from financing cash flows 融資現金流量之變動	(45,890)
New leases 新租賃	8,106
Lease modification 租賃修訂	25,745
Interest expense 利息開支	2,527
At 31 March 2023 於2023年3月31日	66,892

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

# 24. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH 24. 綜合現金流量表附註(續) FLOWS (continued)

(b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities (continued)

(b) 融資活動產生之負債之變動(續)

	2022
	Lease liabilities 租賃負債
	HK\$' 000 千港元
At 1 April 2021 於2021年4月1日	36,973
Changes from financing cash flows 融資現金流量之變動	(40,401)
New leases 新租賃	60,476
Lease modification 租賃修訂	17,821
Interest expense 利息開支	1,535
At 31 March 2022 於2022年3月31日	76,404

#### (c) Total cash outflow for leases

The total cash outflow for leases included in the statement of cash flows is as follows:

#### (c) 租賃之現金流出總額

計入現金流量表之租賃之現金流出總額載列如下:

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Within operating activities 經營活動內	4,665	5,909
Within financing activities 融資活動內	45,890	40,401
	50,555	46,310

### 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

#### 25. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

#### (a) In addition to the transactions, arrangements and balances detailed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with certain members of the Emperor Group during the year:

#### 25. 關聯方交易

(a) 除該等綜合財務報表其他地方所詳 述之交易、安排及結餘外,本集團於 年內與若干英皇集團成員公司有以 下交易:

		2023	2022
	Notes 附註	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Sales of goods 商品銷售	(i)	5,073	2,548
Interest expense on lease liabilities 租賃負債之利息開支	(ii)	144	184
Lease payments 租賃付款	(ii)	7,308	7,276
Reimbursement of administrative expenses 行政開支之償付	(iii)	2,286	2,063
Financial advisory fees 財務顧問費	(iv)	360	360
Company secretarial fees 公司秘書費	(v)	278	170
Promotion fees 促銷費	(vi)	400	_

The underlying related party transactions as set out in notes (i) and (ii) below mainly constitute continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Notes:

- (i) The sales of goods were on terms agreed by the relevant parties as set out in the respective agreements.
- (ii) During the year, the Group had certain lease arrangements ranging from three months to three years with certain members of the Emperor Group in connection with the leasing of certain office properties and retail stores. The right-of-use assets and lease liabilities as at 31 March 2023 were HK\$2,755,000 (2022: HK\$9,717,000) and HK\$2,783,000 (2022: HK\$9,948,000), respectively.
- (iii) The reimbursement of administrative expenses was charged with reference to the costs incurred by the relevant party.
- (iv) The financial advisory fees were charged based on terms as set out in the respective agreement.
- (v) The company secretarial fees were charged based on terms as set out in the respective agreement.
- (vi) The promotion fees were charged based on terms as set out in the respective agreement.

下文附註(i)及(ii)載列之相關關聯方交易主要構成上市規則第14A章所界定之持續關連交易。

#### 附註:

- (i) 商品銷售乃基於由相關方按相關協 議所載協定之條款進行。
- (ii) 於本年度,本集團就租賃若干辦公室物業及零售店鋪與若干英皇集團成員公司訂立為期三個月至三年之若干租賃安排。於2023年3月31日,使用權資產及租賃負債分別為2,755,000港元(2022年:9,717,000港元)及2,783,000港元(2022年:9,948,000港元)。
- (iii) 收取之行政開支乃參考該相關方產 生之成本償付。
- (iv) 財務顧問費乃根據各協議所載之條 款之條款收取。
- (v) 公司秘書費乃根據各協議所載之條 款收取。
- (vi) 促銷費乃根據各協議所載之條款收 取。

## 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

#### 25. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

- (b) The amount due from the immediate holding company included in the Company's current assets is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.
- (c) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group:

#### 25. 關聯方交易(續)

- (b) 計入本公司流動資產之應收直接控股公司之款項為無抵押、免息及須按要求償還。
- (c) 本集團主要管理人員薪酬:

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Fees 袍金	1,078	1,028
Short-term employee benefits 短期僱員福利	5,578	5,603
Post-employment benefits 離職福利	282	170
	5,860	5,773
Total compensation paid to key management personnel 付予主要管理人員之薪酬總額	6,938	6,801

Further details of directors' and the chief executive's emoluments are included in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

董事及主要行政人員酬金之其他詳 情載於綜合財務報表附註8。

#### **26. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

At 31 March 2023, contingent liabilities not provided for by the Group in the consolidated financial statements were as follows:

#### 26. 或然負債

於2023年3月31日,本集團並未於綜合 財務報表作出撥備之或然負債如下:

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
In connection with bank guarantees given to a landlord in lieu of a rental deposit required under certain tenancy agreements 有關向一名業主作出之銀行擔保,以代替若干租賃協議規定之租金按金	2,187	2,187
In connection with a bank guarantee given to a customer in lieu of a surety bond required under a certain project sales agreement 有關向一名顧客作出之銀行擔保,以代替若干項目銷售協議規定之履約保證	171	171
	2,358	2,358

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

#### 27. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

## 27. 按類別劃分之金融工具

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

各類別金融工具於報告期末之賬面值如 下:

Financial assets 金融資產

	Financial assets at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產	
	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Trade receivables 貿易應收款項	3,085	3,525
Financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables 計入預付款項、按金及其他應收款項的金融資產	27,726	24,736
Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物	62,059	76,804
	92,870	105,065

Financial liabilities 金融負債

	Financial liabilities at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量之金融負債		
	2023 20		
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	
Trade and bills payables 貿易應付款項及應付票據	5,199	10,402	
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals 計入其他應付款項及應計費用的金融負債	8,951	14,630	
Lease liabilities 租賃負債	66,892	76,404	
	81,042	101,436	

## 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

# 28. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

At the end of the reporting period, the carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities reasonably approximated to their fair values.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumption were used to estimate the fair values:

The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables, trade and bills payables, financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities/repayable on demand of these instruments or the effect of discounting is not material.

The fair values of the non-current portion of financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables had been calculated and assessed mainly by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities, as appropriate. The changes in fair value as a result of the Group's own non-performance risk as at 31 March 2023 and 2022 were assessed to be insignificant.

# 29. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise cash and cash equivalents. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade receivables, financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables, trade and bills payables and financial liabilities included in other payables, accruals and other financial liabilities, which mainly arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

#### 28. 金融工具之公平值及公平值等級

於報告期末,本集團之金融資產及金融負債之賬面值合理地與其公平值相若。

金融資產及負債之公平值按工具於自願雙方之間之現時交易(強迫或因清盤出售除外)中所交換之金額入賬。以下方法及假設乃用於估計公平值:

現金及現金等價物、貿易應收款項、計入 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項的金融資 產、貿易應付款項及應付票據、計入其他 應付款項及應計費用的金融負債的公平值 與其賬面值相若,主要由於該等工具的短 期到期日/應要求償還或貼現影響並不重 大。

計入預付款項、按金及其他應收款項的金融資產的非流動部分的公平值已計算及評估,主要採用條款、信貸風險及剩餘期限(如適用)相若的工具的現行利率貼現預期未來現金流量。於2023年及2022年3月31日,本集團本身的不履約風險導致的公平值變動被評估為並不重大。

#### 29. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括現金及現金等價物。此等金融工具之主要目的是為本集團之經營業務籌集資金。本集團擁有多項其他金融資產及負債,如貿易應收款項內之金融資產、貿易應付款項及應付票據以及計入其他應付款項、應計費用及其他金融負債內之金融負債,均主要直接來自經營業務。

本集團金融工具產生之主要風險為外匯風險、信貸風險及流動資金風險。董事會檢討及批核管理各種有關風險之政策,有關風險概述如下。

### 財務報表附註

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#### 29. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND **POLICIES** (continued)

#### Foreign currency risk

The Group has transactional currency exposures. Such exposures primarily arise from purchases by the Group's operating units and certain monetary liabilities of the Group denominated in EUR and US\$, being currencies other than the units' functional currency. For the year ended 31 March 2023, certain purchases of the Group were denominated in EUR, which is different from the functional currencies of the respective operating units. The directors of the Company do not expect any significant movements in the US\$/HK\$ exchange rate as the HK\$ is pegged to the US\$ within a narrow band.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity at the end of the reporting period to a reasonably possible change in the EUR exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's loss before tax (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities).

#### 29. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 外匯風險

本集團須承受交易貨幣風險。該等風險主 要來自本集團營運單位作出之採購及本集 團以歐元及美元計值之若干貨幣負債(即 該等單位功能貨幣以外之貨幣)。於截至 2023年3月31日止年度,本集團進行之 若干採購乃以歐元計值,與有關經營單位 之功能貨幣有別。本公司董事預期美元兑 港元匯率將不會有任何重大波動,因為港 元與美元掛鈎,只會於小幅度範圍內上 莈。

下表顯示於報告期末在所有其他變量保持 不變之情況下,本集團除稅前虧損對歐元 匯率可能出現之合理波動(因貨幣資產及 負債之公平值變動)之敏感度。

	Increase/ (decrease) in EUR exchange rate 歐元匯率 增加/(減少)	Increase/ (decrease) in loss before tax 除稅前虧損 增加/(減少)
	%	HK\$' 000 千港元
2023		
If HK\$ weakens against EUR 倘港元兑歐元貶值	5	192
If HK\$ strengthens against EUR 倘港元兑歐元升值	(5)	(192)

	Increase/ (decrease) in EUR exchange rate 歐元匯率 增加/(減少)	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax 除稅前溢利 增加/(減少)
2022	%	HK\$' 000 千港元

If HK\$ weakens against EUR 倘港元兑歐元貶值

5

If HK\$ strengthens against EUR 倘港元兑歐元升值

403 (5)

(403)

The directors of the Company consider that the Group's exposure on foreign currency risk as at 31 March 2023 was not significant.

本公司董事認為,本集團於2023年3月 31日之外幣風險並不重大。

## 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

# 29. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

#### Credit risk

The Group trades on credit terms primarily with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's general policy that customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

#### Maximum exposure and year-end staging

The tables below show the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's credit policy, which is mainly based on past due information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and yearend staging classification as at 31 March. The amounts presented are gross carrying amounts for financial assets.

#### As at 31 March 2023

### 29. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險

本集團僅與獲認可且信譽良好之第三方進行信貸買賣。本集團之政策為,所有有意進行信貸買賣之客戶均須通過信貸核實程序。此外,應收款項結餘乃按持續經營基準進行監控,而本集團面對之壞賬風險不大。

#### 最大風險及年末階段

下表載列於3月31日根據本集團信貸政策的信貸質素及所承受的最大信貸風險 (除非無需付出不必要成本或努力而可獲得其他資料,否則主要基於已逾期資料) 及年末階段分類。所呈列金額為金融資產的總賬面值。

#### 於2023年3月31日

	12-month ECLs 十二個月 預期信貸 虧損		ifetime ECL: 期預期信貸虧		
	Stage 1 第一階段	Stage 2 第二階段	Stage 3 第三階段	Simplified approach 簡化方法	Total 總計
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Trade receivables* 貿易應收款項*	-	-	-	3,359	3,359
Financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables 計入預付款項、按金及其他應收款項的金融資產					
– Normal** −正常**	27,726	-	-	-	27,726
Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物					
- Not yet past due 一尚未逾期	62,059	-	-	-	62,059
	89,785	-	-	3,359	93,144

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

# 29. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging (continued)

As at 31 March 2022

#### 29. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

最大風險及年末階段(續)

於2022年3月31日

	12-month ECLs 十二個月 預期信貸 虧損	Lifetime ECLs 全期預期信貸虧損			
	Stage 1 第一階段	Stage 2 第二階段	Stage 3 第三階段	Simplified approach 簡化方法	Total 總計
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Trade receivables* 貿易應收款項*	_	-	_	3,805	3,805
Financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables 計入預付款項、按金及其他應收款項的金融資產					
– Normal** −正常**	24,736	-	_	_	24,736
Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物					
- Not yet past due 一尚未逾期	76,804	_	_	_	76,804
	101,540	-	_	3,805	105,345

- \* For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach for impairment, further detailed information is disclosed in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.
- \*\* The credit quality of the financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables is considered to be "normal" when they are not past due and there is no information indicating that the financial assets had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.

#### Liquidity risk

The Group's objective is to maintain adequate funds to meet commitments associated with its financial liabilities. Cash flows of the Group are closely monitored by senior management on an on-going basis, considering the maturity of the Group's financial liabilities and financial assets, and projected cash flows from operations.

- \* 本集團就貿易應收款項應用簡化減值 方法,進一步詳情於綜合財務報表附註 16披露。
- \*\* 計入預付款項、按金及其他應收款的 金融資產的信貸質量在未逾期時被視 為「正常」,並且概無資料顯示金融資 產自最初確認以來信貸風險顯著增加。

#### 流動資金風險

本集團旨在保持充足之資金以滿足與其金融負債有關之承擔。高級管理層考慮本集團金融負債與金融資產之到期情況及經營業務之預測現金流量,按持續經營基準密切監控本集團現金流量。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

# 29. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

#### Liquidity risk (continued)

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

#### 29. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 流動資金風險(續)

本集團於報告期末之金融負債基於已訂約 未折現付款之到期情況如下:

	On demand 按要求	Less than 1 year 少於一年	1 to 5 years 一至五年	Total 總計
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
31 March 2023 2023年3月31日				
Trade and bills payables 貿易應付款項及應付票據	-	5,199	-	5,199
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals 計入其他應付款項及應計費用的金融負債	2,625	6,326	-	8,951
Lease liabilities 租賃負債	-	39,047	30,995	70,042
	2,625	50,572	30,995	84,192

	On demand 按要求	Less than 1 year 少於一年	1 to 5 years 一至五年	Total 總計
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
31 March 2022 2022年3月31日				
Trade and bills payables 貿易應付款項及應付票據	-	10,402	_	10,402
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals 計入其他應付款項及應計費用的金融負債	8,071	6,559	-	14,630
Lease liabilities 租賃負債	-	41,744	36,682	78,426
	8,071	58,705	36,682	103,458

## 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

# 29. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

#### Liquidity risk (continued)

As at 31 March 2023, the Group had aggregate banking facilities amounting to approximately HK\$97,000,000, of which HK\$7,455,000 was utilised as at 31 March 2023. As at 31 March 2022, the Group had aggregate banking facilities amounting to approximately HK\$97,000,000, of which HK\$13,941,000 was utilised as at 31 March 2022.

#### **Capital management**

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022.

#### 29. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 流動資金風險(續)

於2023年3月31日,本集團之銀行融資總額約為97,000,000港元,其中於2023年3月31日已動用7,455,000港元。於2022年3月31日,本集團之銀行融資總額約為97,000,000港元,其中於2022年3月31日已動用13,941,000港元。

#### 資本管理

本集團資本管理之主要目標為確保本集團 有能力繼續按持續經營方式營運,並維持 穩健之資本比率,以支持其業務及盡量提 高股東價值。

本集團根據經濟狀況之變化及相關資產之 風險特點管理資本架構並作出調整。為維 持或調整資本架構,本集團可能退還資本 予股東或發行新股份。於截至2023年及 2022年3月31日止年度,本集團管理資 本之目標、政策或程序並無出現變動。

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

# 30. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

#### 30. 本公司之財務狀況表

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

於報告期末有關本公司財務狀況表之資料 如下:

	2023	2022
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS 非流動資產		
Investments in subsidiaries 於附屬公司之投資	6,065	6,065
CURRENT ASSETS 流動資產		
Due from subsidiaries 應收附屬公司款項	62,812	50,331
Due from the immediate holding company 應收直接控股公司款項	3	3
Prepayments and other receivables 預付款項及其他應收款項	151	56
Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物	45,416	60,030
Total current assets 流動資產總值	108,382	110,420
CURRENT LIABILITIES 流動負債		
Other payables and accruals 其他應付款項及應計費用	606	78
NET CURRENT ASSETS 流動資產淨值	107,776	110,342
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES 總資產減流動負債	113,841	116,407
Net assets 資產淨值	113,841	116,407
EQUITY 權益		
Share capital 股本	110,337	110,337
Retained profits (note) 保留溢利(附註)	3,504	6,070
Total equity 權益總額	113,841	116,407

Wong Chi Fai 黃志輝 Director 董事 Chan Chuen Yin 陳傳賢 Director 董事

# 財務報表附註

31 March 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

# 30. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (continued)

### 30. 本公司之財務狀況表(續)

附註:

Note:

A summary of the movements in the Company's retained profits/ (accumulated losses) is as follows:

本公司之保留溢利/(累計虧損)變動概述如

	Retained profits/ (accumulated losses) 保留溢利/ (累計虧損)
	HK\$' 000 千港元
At 1 April 2021 於 2021 年 4 月 1 日	(4,325)
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year 年內溢利及全面收益總額	15,435
Final 2021 dividend 2021 年末期股息	(5,040)
At 31 March 2022 and at 1 April 2022 於 2022年3月31日及2022年4月1日	6,070
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year 年內溢利及全面收益總額	1,434
Final 2022 dividend 2022 年末期股息	(4,000)
At 31 March 2023 於 2023 年 3 月 31 日	3,504

# 31. APPROVAL OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 29 June 2023.

#### 31. 批准綜合財務報表

綜合財務報表已於2023年6月29日獲董 事會批准及授權刊發。

# **FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

# 五年財務概要

The following table summarises the results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the years ended 31 March 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023:

下表概列本集團於截至2019年、2020年、2021年、2022年及2023年3月31日止年度之業績、資產及負債:

	For the year ended 31 March 截至3月31日止年度				
	2019 2020 2021 2022 二零一九年 二零二零年 二零二一年 二零二二年				2023 二零二三年
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Results 業績					
Revenue 收入	242,959	218,853	234,504	225,457	216,148
Profit/(loss) before tax 除税前溢利/(虧損)	(4,621)	(13,851)	19,652	5,818	(21,298)
Income tax credit/(expense) 所得税抵免/(開支)	643	2,223	(2,826)	(1,676)	281
Profit/(loss) attributable to owners of the parent 母公司擁有人應佔溢利/(虧損)	(3,978)	(11,628)	16,826	4,142	(21,017)

	As at 31 March 於3月31日				
	2019 二零一九年	2020 二零二零年	2021 二零二一年	2022 二零二二年	2023 二零二三年
	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元	HK\$' 000 千港元
Assets and liabilities 資產及負債					
Total assets 總資產	174,535	199,483	214,260	250,486	196,296
Total liabilities 總負債	(62,865)	(100,677)	(98,628)	(135,752)	(106,579)
Net assets 資產淨值	111,670	98,806	115,632	114,734	89,717
Equity attributable to owners of the parent 母公司擁有人應佔權益	111,670	98,806	115,632	114,734	89,717

In the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group had applied HKFRS 16. Accordingly, certain comparative information for the years ended 31 March 2019 may not be comparable to the years ended 31 March 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023 as such comparative information was prepared under HKAS 17.

於2020年3月31日止年度,本集團已應用香港財務報告準則第16號。因此,截至2019年3月31日止年度之若干比較資料不可與截至2020年、2021年、2022年及2023年3月31日止年度比較,原因為該等比較資料乃根據香港會計準則第17號編製。